

Express Limited Warranty Coverage Booklet for:

One-Year Workmanship/Materials

Two-Year Delivery Portion of Systems

10-Year Major Structural Defects

- RESIDENTIAL-



StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC

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SECTION 1: OVERVIEW OF THE STRUCSURE HOME WARRANTY EXPRESS LIMITED WARRANTY

Congratulations Homebuyer(s)! Your Builder is a member of the StrucSure Home Warranty program and sold You a Home that includes Express Limited Warranty protection. StrucSure Home Warranty is the warranty Administrator.

This warranty booklet defines standards for the various components of a Home, the time period covered by this Express Limited Warranty, coverages and Exclusions, Homeowner responsibilities, and how to request warranty service and/or file a claim. Please read this warranty coverage booklet in its entirety so that You may fully understand the terms and conditions.

Please note that Your warranty will not go into effect until the signed Home Enrollment Application (HEA) and warranty payment have been received and processed by StrucSure Home Warranty. After the warranty goes into effect, StrucSure Home Warranty will mail You a Certificate of Warranty Coverage for Your records (note that this can take up to three months). If You have questions, please contact our customer service department at 1.877.806.8777.

- (1) This warranty is an insurance-backed, Express Limited Warranty provided to You by Your Builder. This warranty coverage booklet embodies the entire extent of the Express Limited Warranty.
- (2) This Express Limited Warranty is not a maintenance agreement, service contract, or an insurance policy.
- (3) In this Express Limited Warranty, reference to a person includes entities and vice versa. Use of the singular includes the plural. Use of one gender includes the other gender. Words that are capitalized are defined in the Definitions section at the back of the booklet.
- (4) Under this Express Limited Warranty, the coverage periods for residential construction are as follows:
 - (a) One (1) year for Workmanship/Materials,
 - (b) Two (2) years for Delivery Portion of Systems (plumbing, electrical, heating, and air-conditioning delivery systems),

and

(c) Ten (10) years for major structural components of the Home.

*Please reference the schematic at the back of this booklet to understand each of these different home components.

- (5) Warranted Defects and/or Deficiencies must occur within the Warranty Term or the item(s) are not covered.
- (6) The warranty cannot go into effect until the signed Home Enrollment Application (HEA) has been accepted by SHW.
- (7) Coverage is limited to those items selected on the Home Enrollment Application (HEA), if applicable.
- (8) Please note that the Warrantor changes depending on the type of Defect and/or Deficiency that occurs, the timeframe in which the Defect and/or Deficiency occurs, and if the Builder is unable to perform warranty obligations. The Warrantor is the Builder in years one (1) for Workmanship/Materials and years one (1) and two (2) for Delivery Portions of Systems. If the Builder is unable to perform one (1) and two (2) year warranty obligations, the Insurer becomes the Warrantor and performs Builder warranty obligations. For Major Structural Defects, the Warrantor is the Insurer for the complete warranty period (years one (1) through ten (10)).
- (9) Neither repairs, payments, nor any other action or inaction of the parties will extend the warranty period.
- (10) This Express Limited Warranty is separate and apart from any contracts between You and Your Builder, including any sales agreements. It cannot be altered, affected or amended in any manner by any other agreement except only through a formal written agreement signed the Builder, the Insurer, the Administrator, and You.
- (11) Any agreements, understandings, promises, negotiations, representations, or obligations implied by law, custom, practice, or other source that are not documented in this warranty, including representations about this warranty, are not covered by this warranty.
- (12) This Express Limited Warranty provides coverage only in excess of coverage provided by other warranties or insurances, whether collectible or not. This limited warranty does not take the place of the Builder's general liability insurance or Your Homeowner's insurance.
- (13) The Warrantor provides no warranties which extend beyond this document. All other warranties, express or implied, including, but not limited to, all implied warranties of fitness, merchantability, or habitability are disclaimed and excluded to the extent allowed by law. The warranties established herein supersede all implied warranties.
- (14) This warranty does not cover special, incidental, indirect, or Consequential Damages and does not reimburse parties for their attorney's fees or costs.
- (15) This Express Limited Warranty is binding on the Builder and You and Your heirs, executors, Administrators, successors and assigns. An assignment or transfer of benefits, rights or sums payable under this warranty is prohibited except as expressly allowed in this Express Limited Warranty.

- (16) If any term, condition, or provision of this warranty is found to be void or a violation of law or public policy by a court of competent jurisdiction, it shall be deemed modified to the extent necessary so that it is no longer void or in violation of law or public policy. Any binding decisions that determine a part of the warranty is void, or in violation of law or public policy, will not serve to invalidate the enforceability of any other term, condition or provision of this warranty.
- (17) If performance under this Express Limited Warranty is delayed by an event beyond a parties control, such performance will be excused until the delaying effects of the event are remedied. Such events include, but are not limited to, concealed or unknown conditions such as soil conditions, unavoidable accidents or circumstances, encountering hazardous materials, damage caused by a utility company, acts of God or nature, acts of the common enemy, fire, war, riot civil commotion or sovereign conduct, material shortages or unusual material delivery delays, abnormal adverse weather conditions not reasonably anticipated, labor disputes, acts of terrorism, government action, and/or acts or omissions by You or a person or entity not a party to this Express Limited Warranty. Such delay shall operate to extend the time period for performance, but shall not act to extend the term(s) of warranty coverage(s).
- (18) If an element or component of a Home is not described particularly in this booklet, the element or component shall be constructed in accordance with any written agreement. If there is no agreement, the element or component shall be constructed in accordance with the usual and customary residential construction practices, or practices for similar Improvements in the geographic region shall govern and the element or component shall perform for the purpose for which it is intended for the period of the applicable warranty. All construction shall comply with applicable Codes.
- (19) When an inconsistency exists between the Code, manufacturer's instructions, and specifications, the standard required by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development for Federal Housing Administration or Veterans Administration programs, and/or ANSI/ASHRAE Standard (62.2-2003), the most restrictive requirement shall apply.
- (20) Violations of local or national building codes, residential codes, standards or ordinances, or federal regulations are not the responsibility of the Insurer. The obligation of the Insurer under this limited warranty is solely to resolve Warranted Defects and/or Deficiencies.
- (21) This warranty shall be interpreted and enforced in accordance with the laws of the state in which the Home is located. Please note that individual state laws may provide additional limitations, Exclusions, and/or coverage.
- (22) This Express Limited Warranty is subject to change as required by various regulating bodies.
- (23) All Manufactured Products shall be installed by the Builder in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and specifications. The Builder shall use only new Manufactured Products and parts unless otherwise agreed in writing by the parties. If the Builder does not install a Manufactured Product in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications or use newly-manufactured parts as required, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard. The Builder will assign to the Homeowner, without recourse, the manufacturer's warranty for all Manufactured Products that are covered by a manufacturer's warranty. Any rights that inure to the Homeowner provided under a manufacturer's warranty are the obligation of the manufacturer. The Builder does not assume any of the obligations of the manufacturer resulting from a manufacturer's warranty.
- (24) This Express Limited Warranty is fully transferable along with Your rights and obligations to subsequent owners during the Warranty Term. There is no limit to the number of transfers during the Warranty Term or any cost as a result of such transfer(s).
- (25) All notices required under this Express Limited Warranty must be in writing, sent certified mail, return receipt requested.

SECTION 2: LIMIT OF LIABILITY

- (1) Subject to the provisions of this warranty, the Builder's or Insurer's (as applicable) total aggregate limit of financial liability under this warranty shall not exceed the original sales price of the Home, as shown on the Home Enrollment Application (HEA). The Builder's or Insurer's (as applicable) obligations under this warranty are limited to its obligations that are explained in this warranty booklet.
- (2) The aggregate obligation of the Builder or Insurer (as applicable) for all claims under this warranty is equal to the sales price of the Home listed on the Home Enrollment Application (HEA). This means that every time Your Builder or the Insurer (as applicable) pays for costs of determining the existence and/or extent of a covered Defect and/or Deficiency, pays for a repair, or pays a claim, those aggregate payments are deducted from the sales price of the Home listed on the HEA (the warranty limit). Once that total equals the sales price of the Home on the Home Enrollment Application (HEA), there is no further warranty coverage. If the payment is made for the repair of a Common Element of a Condominium, the payment shall be deducted pro-rata from the sales price listed on the Home Enrollment Application (HEA) for each unit in the building.
- (3) If at any time during the Warranty Term, the limit of liability has been reached, regardless of whether costs were incurred singularly or aggregately, the entire warranty is automatically and permanently terminated. Any rights You may have under this warranty are then automatically terminated.
- (4) The Insurer may, where appropriate, make payment for any claim for \$10,000 or more jointly to You and Your Mortgagee as Your interests may appear. The Mortgagee is bound by the claim resolution reached with You.

SECTION 3: MULTI-DWELLING UNIT COVERAGE

- (1) Subject to all provisions of this warranty, this coverage applies only to multi-dwelling unit buildings such as condominiums, townhouses, and duplexes. In addition to the Exclusions section of this warranty, clubhouses, recreational facilities, exterior structures, exterior walkways, decks, balconies, arches, or any non-residential structure(s) that are a part of the multi-dwelling unit building (whether attached or not) are not covered by this warranty. Equipment, items, or systems that are owned by the condominium association or designated as a condominium common area are not covered. All other provisions of this warranty apply to this coverage, except as noted below.
- (2) The Common Elements of the multi-dwelling unit buildings are only covered by this warranty if all units are enrolled in the Workmanship/Materials, Delivery Portion of Systems, and 10-year Major Structural Defects warranty program. Common element Defects and/or Deficiencies must be reported within the applicable Warranty Term. Coverage will not be provided for Common Element exterior stairways and landings, unless they are constructed entirely of metal or concrete (or in any combination of these two materials).
- (3) If Your Home is an individual residence located within a multi-dwelling unit building and You have Workmanship/Materials, Delivery Portion of Systems, and 10-year Major Structural Defect coverage, the coverage applies only to the components of the unit that You individually own. Coverage is the same as stated elsewhere within this warranty, except as noted in this coverage section.
- (4) The Insurer's liability for warranty performance shall be limited to only those units of a multi-dwelling unit building which have been warranted by StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC. The limit of liability shall be pro-rated based upon the number of warranted units under this warranty.
- (5) Should a request for warranty performance involve Common Elements of a multi-dwelling unit building, then the owners of each unit affected and in need of warranty performance shall be responsible for the processing fee of \$250.00 per unit in the building or \$5,000 per building (whichever is less). This fee is required for each Request for Warranty Performance Form and Notice of Major Structural Defect Claim Form submitted to the Administrator (StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC).
- (6) Should notification of a structural claim involve Common Elements of a condominium, then an authorized representative of the condominium association must make the request.

SECTION 4: HOMEOWNER DUTIES & RESPONSIBILITIES

You have duties and responsibilities under the law and under this warranty. This warranty is expressly conditioned on Your full performance of duties (express or implied) relating to residential construction and the warranty. These duties include, but are not limited to:

- (1) You have a duty to ensure that any plans, specifications, or other information supplied to the Builder are accurate and suitable for the construction of the project and to provide all information relating to the project that is not known or reasonably discoverable by the Builder.
- (2) You have a duty to work toward the mutual goal of achieving a successful project, to not cause any unreasonable delay in the start of the project, to not delay, hinder, or interfere with the performance of other parties, to not act arbitrarily with respect to requests for extensions of time, to perform all of the contractual obligations in good faith, and to not take any action that would prevent the Warrantor from pursing Your rights and remedies against other parties responsible for Your loss.
- (3) You have a duty to make reasonable efforts to minimize or avoid losses.
 - (a) Upon observation of a circumstance that You cannot control and may cause damage to the Home or a Home component and/or may make the house uninhabitable, You shall take immediate and reasonable action to prevent it.
 - (b) You agree that only those repairs necessary to make the house habitable or mitigate further damage shall be performed. You agree that any and all repairs performed beyond such measures will not be covered by the warranty. Any unauthorized repairs made by you or someone under your direction, other than those permitted in this paragraph, will not be reimbursed or compensated.
- (4) You are responsible for the proper maintenance of Your new Home. Regular preventative maintenance is necessary to prolong the life of the Home. Your obligation is to care for Your Home in such a way as to prevent or minimize damage to it. You should be aware that all new Homes go through a period of settlement and movement. During this period, Your Home may experience some minor material shrinkage, cracking, and other events which are normal and customary.
- (5) Maintenance of the Home and the lot on which the Home is located is essential to the proper functioning of the Home, and You are responsible for that maintenance. You are responsible for maintenance items described in this section and those maintenance items identified separately in this warranty booklet. Additionally, You are responsible for ongoing maintenance responsibilities that affect the performance of the Home but that may not be expressly stated in this booklet. Such ongoing maintenance responsibilities include, but are not limited to:
 - (a) Periodic repainting and resealing of finished surfaces as necessary,

- (b) Caulking for the life of the Home,
- (c) Regular maintenance of mechanical systems,
- (d) Regular replacement of HVAC filters
- (e) Cleaning and proper preservation of grading around the Home and drainage systems to allow for the proper drainage of water away from the Home, and
- (f) Other standard and customary maintenance repairs.
- (6) You shall properly maintain each component of the Home including proper cleaning, care, and upkeep of the Home. You shall use Home components for the purposes for which they are intended and shall not damage, misuse, or abuse Home components.
- (7) You shall use and perform periodic maintenance on all Manufactured Products according to the manufacturer's instructions and specifications. The misuse, abuse, neglect or other failure to follow manufacturer's specifications with regard to Manufactured Products may void the manufacturer's warranty.
- (8) You shall take measures to prevent landscaping materials or plants from contacting the exterior surface of the Home and from interfering with the proper drainage of water away from the foundation. You should not improperly alter the proper drainage pattern or grade of the soil within ten (10) feet of the foundation so that it negatively impacts the Home's performance or fails to comply with the Residential Code.
- (9) You shall take action to prevent Excessive moisture accumulation by properly using ventilation equipment, preventing Excessive temperature fluctuation, and taking any other action reasonably necessary to avoid Excessive moisture, dampness, humidity, or condensation in the Home that may lead to damage due to Excessive moisture or dryness.

SECTION 5: EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

An emergency is a condition that if not immediately repaired may cause damage to the Home or a Home component, may cause danger to the Home's occupants, and/or may make the house uninhabitable.

- (1) If You have a One-Year Workmanship/Materials and/or Two-Year Delivery Portion of Systems warranty coverage emergency, You must contact Your Builder and the Administrator (StrucSure Home Warranty) at 1.877.806.8777 in order to receive authorization for any emergency repairs. If You are unable to contact Your Builder and the Administrator for emergency authorization, You must make minimal repairs until authorization for more extensive repairs has been approved by Your Builder and the Administrator. You must take action in order that further damage can be mitigated, and You must report the emergency to the Builder and the Administrator on the next business day.
- (2) If You have a Ten-Year Structural Defect warranty coverage emergency, You must contact the Administrator (StrucSure Home warranty) at 1.877.806.8777 in order to receive authorization for any emergency repairs. If You are unable to contact the Administrator for emergency authorization, You must make minimal repairs until authorization for more extensive repairs has been approved by the Administrator. You must take action in order that further damage can be mitigated and You must report the emergency to the Administrator on the next business day.

SECTION 6: EXCLUSIONS

This warranty does NOT provide coverage for damage resulting from or made worse by any of the items listed in this section. This warranty also does not cover any of the following item(s), cause(s), or condition(s), regardless of whether any of them acted alone, in sequence, or in concurrence with any other item(s), cause(s), or condition(s) to create the loss or damage.

- (1) The Builder's failure to finish any or all construction of the Home including, but not limited to, walkthrough or punch list items on or before the Effective Date of Warranty, or damages arising from such failure. Failure of the Builder to complete construction, or to construct the Home in compliance with the original plans and specifications, or to perform any washing or cleaning of any kind. Note: an incomplete item is not considered a Warranted Defect; however, the Builder may be obligated to complete such items under separate agreements.
- (2) Any condition, Defect, or Deficiency You were aware of prior to the Effective Date of Warranty, whether appearing on a "walk through" or "punch" list or not.
- (3) Any request for warranty performance submitted after unreasonable delay or after the expiration of the applicable Warranty Term.
- (4) Any changes, modifications, additions, or Improvements made to the Home after the Effective Date of Warranty.
- (5) Homeowner delay in reporting a known construction Defect or Deficiency or failing to take reasonable action necessary to prevent further damage to the Home. Failure of the Homeowner to minimize or prevent loss or damage in a timely manner.

- (6) Any warranted Defects or Deficiencies You repair prior to receiving written authorization from the Builder and Administrator unless it is an emergency. Please reference the Emergency Procedures section in this warranty booklet for more information.
- (7) Any loss, damage, Deficiency, cost, or expense which is caused, in whole or in part, by any peril or occurrence which is covered by Homeowner's insurance, from another warranty or insurance policy, or for which compensation is provided by state legislation and/or public funds.
- (8) Failure of the Homeowner to comply with the Homeowner's responsibilities and perform routine maintenance on the Home as set forth under the Homeowner Responsibilities section in this warranty booklet.
- (9) Any dampness or condensation due to Your failure to maintain guttering, caulking, flashing, or adequate ventilation.
- (10) You or Your condominium, townhouse, or other association's failure to perform routine maintenance on the Home, common areas, Common Elements, or Your or the association's grounds.
- (11) While the Home is being used primarily for nonresidential purposes.
- (12) Systems or items that service commercial space even though they may also service covered residential unit(s).
- (13) Use for which the Home or the component of the Home was not designed.
- (14) Use that exceeds the normal design loads prescribed by the Code or the engineer of record.
- (15) Violations of local or national building codes, Residential Codes, standards, or ordinances.
- (16) Normal wear and tear or deterioration to any component of the Home. This includes, but is not limited to, the deterioration of concrete surfaces caused by salt, chemicals, implements, or any other any factors.
- (17) The negligence, improper maintenance, misuse, abuse, failure to follow manufacturer's recommendations, failure to take reasonable action to mitigate damage, failure to take reasonable action to maintain the residence, or other action or inaction of anyone other than the Builder or persons providing work or material at the direction of the Builder.
- (18) The negligence, abuse, misuse, improper operation or maintenance of the Home, a Home component, its systems, or a Manufactured Product.
- (19) Any modification or addition to the Home or the property under or around the Home made by You after the Effective Date of Warranty. Modification or repair to the Home performed by anyone other than Your Builder or persons providing work or materials at the direction of the Builder after the Effective Date of Warranty.
- (20) Changes to the grading or drainage surrounding the Home made by anyone other than Your Builder or persons providing work at the direction of the Builder. This includes, but is not limited to, soil erosion or runoff caused by Your failure to maintain the Builder-established grades, changes in the grading caused by erosion, or changes in the level of the underground water table, drainage structures, devices or swales, stabilized soil, sodded, seeded or landscaped areas.
- (21) Alterations to the grade of the soil that are not in compliance with the Code or applicable governmental regulations.
- (22) Sound transmission and sound proofing unless these components were part of the Home's construction.
- (23) Glass breakage unless the condition is the result of construction activities.
- (24) Unless Builder installed, wiring (to and between) communication devices from the source of power, whether connected to the Home or not. Such devices shall include, but may not be limited to, television cable, telephone systems, intercom systems, computer(s), and security systems. Sources of power shall include, but may not be limited to, service entrance conductors, switches, outlets, receptacles and junction boxes.
- (25) Swimming pools (whether located inside or outside the Home), recreational facilities, garage slabs, boundary and or retaining walls, bulkheads, landscaping, sod, seeding, shrubs, trees and plantings, subsurface drainage systems (other than footer drains), off-site Improvements including streets, sidewalks, adjacent property and the like, or any other Improvements not part of the Home itself. Driveways, fences, and lawn sprinkler systems are excluded after the first year.
- (26) Decks, balconies, patios, porches, porch roofs, porticos, and any other elements constructed separately from foundation walls or other structural elements of the Home such as, but not limited to, chimneys and concrete floors of basements and attached garages.
- (27) Patios, porches, and stoops which are not a load-bearing and structurally attached integral component of the Home. Decks and balconies not bolted to or cantilevered from the main structure of the Home.
- (28) Detached garages, carports or outbuildings (except those which contain plumbing, electrical, heating, cooling, or ventilation systems serving the Home, and then only to the extent where Deficiencies would affect these systems).
- (29) Structural slab foundation systems that may have experienced movement but are within design performance criteria.
- (30) Acts of God or nature, war, nuclear hazards, contamination accidents, explosion, riot, civil commotion, terrorism, vandalism, malicious mischief, theft, burglary, power failure or shortage, electrical surge, Excessive or inadequate voltage, artificially-

generated electrical currents, electrical wiring that is not to Code, blasting, steam or water escape, condensation, mud or mud slides, sinkholes, Extreme Weather Conditions, drought, windstorm, hail, lightning, ice, snow, blizzard, hurricane, tornado, tsunami, flood, earthquake, land shock waves or tremors occurring before, during, or after volcanic eruption or by any other external cause (whether sudden or gradual), mine subsidence, faults, fissures, crevices, falling trees or other objects, or accidents involving aircraft, vehicles, or boats.

- (31) Damage resulting directly or indirectly from Excessive or inadequate water pressure, flood, surface water, waves, tidal water, overflow of a body of water, (whether wind driven or not), wetlands, springs, or aquifers. Water which backs up from sewers or drains, water below the surface of the ground (including water which exerts pressure on, seeps, or leaks under or through a Home, building, sidewalk, driveway, foundation, swimming pool, or other structure). Change in the underground water table that exerts pressure on, seeps, or leaks under the Home, sidewalk, driveway, foundation or other structure or causes subsidence or sinkholes.
- (32) Any loss or damage caused by buried debris, underground springs, mineshafts, uncontrolled fill, or other anomalies.
- (33) Erosion or accretion of soils unless such loss or damage is a direct result of a construction Defect.
- (34) The quality and potability of water unless caused by a construction Defect.
- (35) Damage to or Deficiency in water supply systems, sewage disposal systems, septic systems, leach fields, sewer systems, and drains.
- (36) Defects, Deficiencies, or destruction caused by micro-organisms, plants, fungus, decay, wet rot, dry rot, soft rot, or any other kind of rotting, mold, mildew, termites, insects, vermin, rodents, birds, wild or domestic animals, corrosion, rust, radon, radiation, formaldehyde, asbestos, any solid, liquid, or gaseous pollutant, contaminant, toxin, irritant, or carcinogenic substance, whether organic or inorganic, or an electromagnetic field or emission This Exclusion includes any claim of health risks or inhabitability as a result of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC'S) or any of the foregoing items.
- (37) Damage to real property which is not a part of Your Home, bodily damage, personal injury, or Consequential Damages and expenses. Consequential damages is defined as all damages or costs for which a remedy is not expressly provided for in this warranty which includes, but is not limited to:
 - (a) Costs of shelter, transportation, food, moving, storage, or other incidental expenses including those related to relocation during any work performed under this warranty;
 - (b) Kenneling of animals, veterinary expenses, pet daycare;
 - (c) Loss of use, loss of wages, inconvenience, annoyance, and diminution in value of the Home;
 - (d) Any and all consequential loss or damage to personal property and damage to property which You do not own;
 - (e) Physical or mental pain and suffering and emotional distress;
 - (f) Medical or hospital expenses;
 - (g) Lost profits or wages.
- (38) Loss, damage, or injury to land, person, animals, personal property, Improvements, and structures other than items in the Home as identified in this Express Limited Warranty.
- (39) Manufactured Products which are covered by a manufacturer's warranty including, but not limited to, appliances, fixtures, and items of equipment (including attachments and appurtenances). This warranty does not cover systems Deficiencies that are caused by a failure of any Manufactured Product or failure to comply with manufacturer's warranty requirements. This includes air conditioning units, attic fans, boilers, burglar alarms, carbon monoxide detectors, ceiling fans, central vacuum systems, door bell systems, dishwashers, dryers, electronic air cleaners, exhaust fans, fire alarms, freezers, furnaces, garage door openers, garbage disposals, gas and electric meters, heat exchangers, heat pumps, humidifiers, intercoms, interior sprinkler systems, microwave ovens, oil tanks, outside lights or motion lights not attached to the Home, ranges and range hoods, refrigerators, sewage pumps, smoke detectors, solar collectors, space heaters, sump pumps, thermostats, trash compactors, washers, water pumps, water softeners, water heaters, whirlpool bathtubs, whole house fans, and similar items/appliances.
- (40) Any Exclusions set forth under any Performance Standards and/or Construction Quality Standards in this warranty booklet.
- (41) Fire, smoke, or water damage unless such loss or damage is a direct result of a construction Defect.
- (42) Diminished value of the Home.
- (43) Fraudulently enrolled Homes.
- (44) Collusion with any other party with the intention to defraud the Builder and/or Insurer.
- (45) Acts of omission by You, Your agents, employees, licensees, or invitees.

SECTION 7: WORKMANSHIP/MATERIALS & DELIVERY PORTION OF SYSTEMS COVERAGE

For one (1) year from the Effective Date of Warranty, Your Builder warrants that Your Home will be free from Deficiencies in Workmanship and Materials as defined in the Performance Standards in Section 8. For two (2) years from the Effective Date of Warranty, Your Builder warrants that Your Home will be free from Deficiencies in the Delivery Portion of Systems (electrical, plumbing, and mechanical distribution systems) to the extent stated in the Performance Standards in Section 9.

SECTION 8: PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR HOME COMPONENTS UNDER THE ONE-YEAR WORKMANSHIP/MATERIALS WARRANTY

This section describes the Performance Standards for the various Workmanship and Materials elements or components of a Home as described. The Builder or Insurer (as applicable) will repair or replace those elements or components of a Home that do not meet these standards during the applicable warranty period.

- (A) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR FOUNDATIONS AND SLABS
- (1) Performance Standards for Raised Floor Foundations or Crawl Spaces:
 - (a) A crawl space shall be graded and drained properly to prevent surface run-off from accumulating deeper than two inches in areas 36 inches or larger in diameter. Exterior drainage around the perimeter crawl space wall shall not allow water to accumulate within ten (10) feet of the foundation for more than 24 hours after a rain except in a sump that drains other areas. If the crawl space is not graded or does not drain in accordance with the performance standard, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The homeowner shall not modify improperly the existing grade or allow water from an irrigation system to cause water to accumulate excessively under the foundation. The homeowner shall not allow landscape plantings to interfere with proper drainage away from the foundation. The homeowner shall not use the crawl space for storage of any kind.
 - (b) Water shall not enter through the basement or crawl space wall or seep through the basement floor. If water enters the basement or crawl space wall or seeps through the basement floor, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance with in the standard stated in this subsection.
 - i. The homeowner shall not modify improperly the existing grade or allow water from an irrigation system to cause water to accumulate excessively near the foundation. The homeowner shall not allow landscape plantings to interfere with proper drainage away from the foundation.
- (2) Performance Standards For Concrete Slab Foundations, Excluding Finished Concrete Floors:
 - (a) Concrete floor slabs in living spaces that are not otherwise designed with a slope for drainage, such as a laundry room, shall not have excessive pits, depressions or unevenness equal to or exceeding 3/8 of an inch in any 32 inches and shall not have separations or cracks that equal or exceed 1/8 of an inch in width or 1/16 of an inch in vertical displacement. If a concrete floor slab in a living space fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within that standard.
 - (b) Concrete slabs shall not have protruding objects, such as a nail, rebar or wire mesh. If a concrete floor slab has a protruding object, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
 - (c) A separation in an expansion joint in a concrete slab shall not equal or exceed 1/4 of an inch vertically or one (1) inch horizontally from an adjoining section. If an expansion joint in a concrete slab fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(3) Performance Standards For Exterior Concrete Including Patios, Stem Walls, Driveways, Stairs Or Walkways:

- (a) Concrete corners or edges shall not be damaged excessively due to construction activities. If a concrete corner or edge is damaged excessively, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (b) A crack in exterior concrete shall not cause vertical displacement equal to or in excess of 1/4 of an inch or horizontal separation equal to or excess of 1/4 of an inch. If an exterior concrete slab is cracked, separated or displaced beyond the standard of performance stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The homeowner shall not over-water surrounding soil or allow the surrounding soil to become excessively dry. The homeowner shall not allow heavy equipment to be placed on the concrete.
- (c) The finish on exterior concrete shall not be excessively smooth, so that the surface becomes slippery. If the finish on the exterior concrete is excessively smooth so that the surface becomes slippery, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
 - i. A concrete surface that has been designed to be smooth is excepted from this Performance Standard.

- (d) Exterior concrete shall not contain a protruding object, such as a nail, rebar or wire mesh. If an exterior concrete surface has a protruding object, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (e) A separation in an expansion joint in an exterior concrete shall not equal or exceed 1/2 of an inch vertically from an adjoining section or one (1) inch horizontally, including joint material. If an expansion joint fails to perform in accordance with the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (f) A separation in a control joint shall not equal or exceed 1/4 of an inch vertically or 1/2 of an inch horizontally from an adjoining section. If a control joint fails to perform in accordance with the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (g) Concrete stair steepness and dimensions, such as tread width, riser height, landing size and stairway width shall comply with the Code. If the steepness and dimensions of concrete stairs do not comply with the Code, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard for Code compliance.
- (h) Handrails shall remain securely attached to concrete stairs. If handrails are not firmly attached to the concrete stairs, the Builder shall take such steps necessary as to attach the rails securely.
- (i) Concrete stairs or stoops shall not settle or heave in an amount equal to or exceeding 3/8 of an inch. Concrete stairs or stoops shall not separate from the home in an amount equal to or exceeding one (1) inch, including joint material. If the stairs or stoops settle or heave, or separate from the home in an amount equal to or exceeding the standard above, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (j) A driveway will not have a negative slope unless due to site conditions. If a driveway has a negative slope due to site conditions, it shall have swales or drains properly installed to prevent water from entering into the garage. If a driveway has a negative slope that allows water to enter the garage in normal weather conditions, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (k) Concrete floor slabs in detached garages, carports or porte-cocheres shall not have excessive pits, depressions, deterioration or unevenness. Separations or cracks in these slabs shall not equal or exceed 3/16 of an inch in width, except at expansion joints, or 1/8 of an inch in vertical displacement. If a concrete floor slab in a detached garage, carport or porte-cochere does not meet the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (I) Plaster over concrete shall not flake off more than one (1) square foot in one spot within 36 square inches or more than three feet over the entire surface of the home.

(B) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR FRAMING

(1) Building and Performance Standard for Walls:

- (a) Walls shall not bow or have depressions that equal or exceed 1/4 of an inch out of line within any 32-inch horizontal measurement as measured from the center of the bow or depression or 1/2 of an inch within any eight-foot vertical measurement. If a wall does not meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (b) Walls shall be level, plumb and square to all adjoining openings or other walls within 3/8 of an inch in any 32-inch measurement. If a wall does not meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) A crack in a beam or a post shall not equal or exceed 1/2 of an inch in width at any point along the length of the crack. If a crack in the beam or post fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (d) A non-structural post or beam shall not have a warp or twist equal or exceeding one (1) inch in eight (8) feet of length. Warping or twisting shall not damage the beam pocket. If a non-structural post or beam fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (e) Exterior sheathing shall not delaminate or swell. If exterior sheathing delaminates or swells, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
 - i. The homeowner shall not make penetrations in the exterior finish of a wall that allows moisture to come in contact with the exterior sheathing.
- (f) An exterior moisture barrier shall not allow an accumulation of moisture inside the barrier. If an exterior moisture barrier allows an accumulation of moisture inside the barrier, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
 - i. The homeowner shall not make penetrations through the exterior moisture barrier that permit the introduction of moisture inside the barrier.

(2) Performance Standards for Ceilings:

(a) A ceiling shall not bow or have depressions that equal or exceed 1/2 of an inch out of line within a 32-inch measurement as measured from the center of the bow or depression running parallel with a ceiling joist. If a ceiling has a bow or depression that is greater than the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(3) Performance Standards for Sub-Floors:

- (a) Under normal residential use, the floor shall not make excessive squeaking or popping sounds. If the floor makes excessive squeaking and popping sounds under normal residential use, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
 - i. Note that it is common for squeaks to occur due to temperature, framing member shrinkage, humidity changes and other factors beyond the Builder's control.
- (b) Sub-floors shall not delaminate or swell to the extent that it causes observable physical damage to the floor covering or visually affects the appearance of the floor covering. Exposed structural flooring, where the structural flooring is used as the finished flooring, is excluded from the standard stated in this subsection. If a sub-floor delaminates or swells to the extent that it affects the flooring covering as stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within this standard.
- (c) Sub-flooring shall not have excessive humps, ridges, depressions or slope within any room that equals or exceeds 3/8 of an inch in any 32-inch direction. If the sub-flooring fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(4) Performance Standards for Stairs:

- (a) Stair steepness and dimensions such as tread width, riser height, landing size and stairway width, shall comply with the Code. If stair steepness and dimensions do not comply with the Code, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (b) Under normal residential use, stairs shall not make excessive squeaking or popping sounds. If stairs make excessive squeaking and popping sounds under normal residential use, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.

(C) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR DRYWALL

(1) **Performance Standards for Drywall:**

- (a) A drywall surface shall not have a bow or depression that equals or exceeds 1/4 of an inch out of line within any 32inch horizontal measurement as measured from the center of the bow or depression or 1/2 of an inch within any eight foot vertical measurement. If a drywall surface fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (b) A ceiling made of drywall shall not have bows or depressions that equal or exceed 1/2 of an inch out of line within a 32-inch measurement as measured from the center of the bow or depression running parallel with a ceiling joist or within 1/2 of an inch deviation from the plane of the ceiling within any eight foot measurement. If a drywall ceiling fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) A drywall surface shall not have a crack such that any crack equals or exceeds 1/32 of an inch in width at any point along the length of the crack. If a drywall surface has a crack that exceeds the standard in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (d) Crowning at a drywall joint shall not equal or exceed 1/4 of an inch within a twelve-inch measurement centered over the drywall joint. If crowning at a drywall joint exceeds the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard. Crowning occurs when a drywall joint is higher than the plane of the drywall board on each side.
- (e) A drywall surface shall not have surface imperfections such as blisters, cracked corner beads, seam lines, excess joint compound or trowel marks that are visible from a distance of six (6) feet or more in normal light. If a drywall surface fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (f) A drywall surface shall not be out of level (horizontal), plumb (vertical) or square (perpendicular at a 90-degree angle) such that there are variations in those measurements to wall or surface edges at any opening, corner, sill, shelf, etc. shall not equal or exceed 3/8 of an inch in any 32-inch measurement along the wall or surface. If a drywall surface fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. This standard shall not apply to remodeling projects where existing conditions do not permit the Builder to achieve the Performance Standard. At or about the time of discovery of such a pre-existing condition, a

remodeler shall notify the homeowner, in writing, of any existing condition that prevents achievement of the standard.

(g) Nails or screws shall not be visible in a drywall surface from a distance of six (6) feet under normal lighting conditions. If nails or screws are visible, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(D) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR INSULATION

(1) Performance Standards for Insulation:

- (a) Insulation shall be installed in the walls, ceilings and floors of a home in accordance with the building plan and specifications and the Code. If the insulation in walls, ceilings, or floors is not in accordance with the building plans and specifications and the Code, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (b) Blown insulation in the attic shall not displace or settle so that it reduces the R-value below manufacturer's specifications, the building plans and the Code. If the blown insulation in the attic reduces, settles or is displaced to the extent that the R-value is below the manufacturer's specifications, the building plans and Code, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (c) A gap equal to or in excess of 1/4 of an inch between insulation batts or a gap between insulation batts and framing members is not permitted. If a gap equal to or greater than ¼ of an inch occurs between insulation batts or a gap occurs between an insulation batt and a framing member, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (d) Insulation shall not cover or block a soffit vent to the extent that it blocks the free flow of air. If the insulation covers or blocks the soffit vent, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.

(E) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR EXTERIOR SIDING AND TRIM

(1) Performance Standards for Exterior Siding:

- (a) Exterior siding shall be equally spaced and properly aligned. Horizontal siding shall not equal or exceed 1/2 of an inch off parallel with the bottom course or 1/4 of an inch off parallel with the adjacent course from corner to corner. If siding is misaligned or unevenly spaced and fails to meet the Performance Standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (b) Siding shall not gap or bow. A siding end joint shall not have a gap that leaks or that equals or exceeds 1/4 of an inch in width. Siding end joint gaps shall be caulked. A bow in siding shall not equal or exceed 3/8 of an inch out of line in a 32-inch measurement. If siding has gaps or bows that exceed the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) Nails shall not protrude from the finished surface of siding but nail heads may be visible on some products where allowed by the manufacturer's specifications. If a nail protrudes from the finished surface of siding, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (d) Siding shall not have a nail stain. If siding has a nail stain, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (e) Siding and siding knots shall not become loose or fall off. If siding or siding knots become loose or fall off, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (f) Siding shall not delaminate. If siding fails to comply with the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (g) Siding shall not cup in an amount equal to or exceeding 1/4 of an inch in a six-foot run. If siding fails to comply with the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (h) Siding shall not have cracks or splits that equal or exceed 1/8 inch in width. If siding fails to comply with the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. It is noted that rough wood sidings are excepted from this standard.

(2) Performance Standards for Exterior Trim:

(a) A joint between two trim pieces shall not have a separation that leaks or is equal to or exceeding 1/4 of an inch in width and all trim joints shall be caulked. If there is a separation at a trim joint that fails to comply with the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

- (b) Exterior trim and eave blocks shall not warp in an amount equal to or exceeding 1/2 of an inch in an eight-foot run. If exterior trim or eave block warps in excess of the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) Exterior trim and eave block shall not cup in an amount equal to or in excess of 1/4 of an inch in a six-foot run. If exterior trim or eave block cups in excess of the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (d) Exterior trim and eave block shall not have cracks or splits equal to or in excess of 1/8 of an inch in average width. If exterior trim or eave block has cracks in excess of the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (e) Trim shall not have nails that completely protrude through the finished surface of the trim but nail heads may be visible on some products. If a nail protrudes from the finished surface of the trim, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
 - i. Some products specify that the nails be flush with the trim surface. When these products are used, visible nail heads are not considered protruding nails as long as they are painted over.
- (f) Trim shall not have a nail stain. If trim has a nail stain, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.

(F) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR MASONRY INCLUDING BRICK, BLOCK AND STONE

- (1) Performance Standards for Masonry including Brick, Block and Stone:
 - (a) A masonry wall shall not bow in an amount equal to or in excess of one (1) inch when measured from the base to the top of the wall. If a masonry wall fails to meet the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The standard set forth in this subsection does not apply to natural stone products.
 - (b) A masonry unit or mortar shall not be broken or loose. If a masonry unit or mortar fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - (c) A masonry mortar crack shall not equal or exceed 1/8 of an inch in width. If a crack in masonry mortar fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - (d) A masonry unit or mortar shall not deteriorate. If a masonry unit or mortar fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - (e) Masonry shall not have dirt, stain or debris on the surface due to construction activities. If masonry fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - (f) A gap between masonry and adjacent material shall not equal or exceed 1/4 of an inch in average width and all such gaps shall be caulked. If a gap between masonry and adjacent material fails to meet the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - (g) Mortar shall not obstruct a functional opening, such as a vent, weep hole or plumbing cleanout. If the mortar obstructs a functional opening, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
 - i. The homeowner shall not put any material into weep holes. Weep holes are an integral part of the wall drainage system and must remain unobstructed.

(G) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR STUCCO

(1) Performance Standards for Stucco:

- (a) Stucco surfaces shall not be excessively bowed, uneven, or wavy. If a stucco surface fails to perform as stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. This standard shall not apply to decorative finishes.
- (b) Stucco shall not be broken or loose. If stucco is broken or loose, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) Stucco shall not have cracks that equal or exceed 1/8 of an inch in width at any point along the length of the crack. If stucco fails to perform as stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

- i. The Builder shall not be responsible for repairing cracks in stucco caused by the homeowner's actions, including the attachment of devices to the stucco surface such as, but not limited to, patio covers, plant holders, awnings and hose racks.
- (d) Stucco shall not deteriorate excessively. If the stucco deteriorates excessively, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The homeowner shall not allow water from irrigation systems to contact stucco finishes excessively.
- (e) Stucco shall not have dirt, stain or debris on surface due to construction activities. If the stucco fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (f) Stucco surfaces shall not have imperfections that are visible from a distance of six (6) feet under normal lighting conditions that disrupt the overall uniformity of the finished pattern. If the stucco fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (g) The lath shall not be exposed. If the lath is exposed, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (h) A separation between the stucco joints shall not equal or exceed 1/16 of an inch in width. If a separation between the stucco joints occurs in excess of the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (i) A separation between a stucco surface and adjacent material shall not equal or exceed 1/4 of an inch in width and all separations shall be caulked. If a separation occurs between a stucco surface and adjacent material in excess of the standard stated in this subsection or if such a separation is not caulked, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (j) Stucco shall not obstruct a functional opening, such as a vent, weep hole or plumbing cleanout. If stucco obstructs a functional opening, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (k) Stucco screed shall have a minimum clearance of at least four (4) inches above the soil or landscape surface and at least two (2) inches above any paved surface. If the stucco screed clearance does not meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (I) Exterior Installation Finish Systems (EIFS) stucco screed shall clear any paved or unpaved surface by six (6) inches. If the EIFS stucco screed clearance does not meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(H) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR ROOFS

(1) Performance Standards for Roofs:

- (a) Flashing shall prevent water penetration. If the flashing fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The Builder shall not be responsible for leaks caused by extreme weather.
- (b) The roof shall not leak. If the roof fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard
 - i. The Builder shall not be responsible for leaks caused by extreme weather.
 - ii. The homeowner shall perform periodic maintenance to prevent leaks due to build-up of debris, snow or ice. The homeowner shall take such action as is necessary to prevent downspouts and gutters from becoming clogged.
- (c) A vent, louver or other installed attic opening shall not leak. If a vent, louver, or other installed attic opening fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The Builder shall not be responsible for leaks caused by extreme weather.
- (d) A gutter or downspout shall not leak or retain standing water. After cessation of rainfall, standing water in an unobstructed gutter shall not equal or exceed 1/2 of an inch in depth. If a gutter or downspout fails to meet the standard in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The Builder shall not be responsible for leaks caused by extreme weather.
 - ii. The homeowner shall maintain and clean gutters and downspouts to prevent buildup of debris or other obstructions.
- (e) Shingles, tiles, metal or other roofing materials shall not become loose or fall off in wind speeds less than those set forth in the manufacturer's specifications. If the shingles, tiles, metal or other roofing materials fail to meet the

standard in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

- (f) A skylight shall not leak. If a skylight fails to meet the standard in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (g) Water shall drain from a built-up roof within two hours after cessation of rainfall. The standard does not require that the roof dry completely within the time period. If the built-up roof fails to meet the standard in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (h) A roof tile shall not be cracked or broken. No shingle shall be broken so that it detracts from the overall appearance of the home. If roof tiles or shingles fail to meet the standards in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (i) A pipe, vent, fireplace or other object designed to penetrate the roof shall not be located within the area of roof valley centerline without proper "cricketing" or other Code-approved water diversion methods. If a pipe, vent, fireplace or other object designed to penetrate the roof is not correctly located as provided in the Performance Standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (j) The exterior moisture barrier of the roof shall not allow moisture penetration. If the exterior moisture barrier fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The homeowner shall not make penetrations through exterior moisture barrier of the roof.

(I) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR DOORS AND WINDOWS

(1) Performance Standards for Both Doors and Windows:

- (a) When closed, a door or window shall not allow excessive infiltration of air or dust. If a door or window fails to meet the Performance Standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (b) When closed, a door or window shall not allow excessive accumulation of moisture inside the door or window. If a door or window fails to meet the Performance Standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The homeowner shall keep weep holes on windows and doors free of dirt buildup and debris, thereby allowing water to drain properly.
 - ii. Most door and window assemblies are designed to open, close and weep moisture—allow condensation or minor penetration by the elements to drain outside.
- (c) Glass in doors and windows shall not be broken due to improper installation or construction activities. If glass in a window or door is broken due to improper installation or construction activities, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (d) A screen in a door or window shall fit properly and shall not be torn or damaged due to construction activities. A screen shall not have a gap equal to or exceeding 1/4 of an inch between the screen frame and the window frame. If a screen in a door or window fails to meet the Performance Standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (e) There shall be no condensation between window and door panes in a sealed insulated glass unit. If a window or door fails to meet the Performance Standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The homeowner shall not apply a tinted window film or coating to window or door panes in sealed insulated glass units.
- (f) A door or window latch or lock shall close securely and shall not be loose or rattle. If a door, window latch, or lock fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (g) A door or window shall operate easily and smoothly and shall not require excessive pressure when opening or closing. If a door or window fails to meet the Performance Standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (h) A door or window shall be painted or stained according to the manufacturer's specifications. If a window or door fails to meet the Performance Standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(2) Performance Standards for Windows:

(a) A double hung window shall not move more than two (2) inches when put in an open position. If a window fails to meet the Performance Standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(3) Performance Standards for Doors:

- (a) A sliding door and door screen shall stay on track. If a sliding door or door screen fails to perform to the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The homeowner shall clean and lubricate sliding door or door screen hardware as necessary.
- (b) The spacing between an interior door bottom and original floor covering, except closet doors, shall not exceed 1.5 inches and shall be at least 1/2 of an inch. The spacing between an interior closet door bottom and original floor covering shall not exceed two (2) inches and shall be at least 1/2 of an inch. If the spacing between a door bottom and the original floor covering does not meet the Performance Standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) A door shall not delaminate. If a door becomes delaminated, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (d) A door panel shall not split so that light from the other side is visible. If a door panel fails to meet the Performance Standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (e) A door shall open and close without binding. If a door fails to perform in accordance with the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (f) A door shall not warp to the extent that it becomes inoperable. A warp in a door panel shall not equal or exceed 1/4 of an inch from original dimension measured vertically, horizontally or diagonally from corner to corner. If a door fails to perform in accordance with the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (g) A storm door shall open and close properly and shall fit properly. If a door fails to perform in accordance with the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (h) When a door is placed in an open position, it shall remain in the position it was placed, unless the movement is caused by airflow. If a door fails to perform in accordance with the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (i) A metal door shall not be dented or scratched due to construction activities. If a metal door fails to comply with the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(4) Performance Standards for Garage Doors:

- (a) A metal garage door shall not be dented or scratched due to construction activities. If a metal garage door fails to comply with the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (b) A garage door opener, if provided, shall operate properly in accordance with manufacturer's specifications. If a garage door opener fails to perform in accordance with the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The homeowner shall maintain tracks, rollers and chains and shall not block or bump sensors to electric garage door openers.
- (c) A garage door shall not allow excessive water to enter the garage and the gap around the garage door shall not equal or exceed 1/2 of an inch in width. If a garage door allows excessive water to enter the garage or the gap around the garage door equals or exceeds 1/2 of an inch, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (d) A garage door spring shall operate properly and shall not lose appreciable tension, break or be undersized. If a garage door spring fails to perform in accordance with the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (e) A garage door shall remain in place at any open position, operate smoothly and not be off track. If a garage door fails to perform in accordance with the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(J) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR INTERIOR FLOORING

This section includes Performance Standards for Carpet, Vinyl Flooring and Wood Flooring. Performance Standards for ceramic tile, flagstone, marble, granite, slate, quarry tile other hard surface floors, and finished concrete floors, are located in this section.

(1) Performance Standards for Carpet:

- (a) Carpet shall not wrinkle and shall remain tight, lay flat and be securely fastened. If the carpet fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (b) Carpet seams may be visible but shall be smooth without a gap or overlap. If the carpet fails to meet the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) Carpet shall not be stained or spotted due to construction activities. If the carpet fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(2) Performance Standards for Finished Concrete Floors:

- (a) A finished slab, located in a living space that is not otherwise designed for drainage, shall not have pits, depressions or unevenness that equals or exceeds 3/8 of an inch in any 32 inches. If a finished concrete slab in a living space fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. Finished concrete slabs in living spaces that are designed for drainage, such as a laundry room, are excepted from the standards stated in this subsection.
- (b) Finished concrete slabs in living spaces shall not have separations, including joints, and cracks that equal or exceed 1/8 of an inch in width or 1/16 of an inch in vertical displacement. If a finished concrete slab in a living space fails to meet the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(3) Performance Standards for Wood Flooring:

- (a) Wood flooring shall not have excessive humps, depressions or unevenness that equals or exceeds 3/8 of an inch in any 32-inch direction within any room. If wood flooring fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (b) Wood flooring shall remain securely attached to the foundation or sub-floor unless the wood flooring is designed to be installed without nails, glue, adhesives or fasteners. If wood flooring fails to meet the standards of this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) Wood flooring shall not have open joints and separations that equal or exceed 1/8 of an inch. If the wood flooring fails to meet the standards in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. These standards do not apply to non-hardwood species that contain greater moisture and may shrink after installation or structural floors that are designed to serve as the finished floor. If the floor is designed as a structural finish floor, the Builder must provide a written explanation of the characteristics of that floor to the homeowner prior to the execution of the contract or installation of the product, whichever occurs first.
- (d) Strips of floorboards shall not cup in an amount that equals or exceeds 1/16 of an inch in height in a three (3) inch distance when measured perpendicular to the length of the board. If the wood flooring fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. This standard does not apply to non-hardwood species that typically shrink after installation or structural floors that are designed to serve as the finished floor. If the floor is designed as a structural finish floor, the Builder must provide a written explanation of the characteristics of that floor to the homeowner.
- (e) Unless installed as a specialty feature, wood flooring shall not have excessive shade changes or discoloration due to the construction activities of the Builder. If the wood floor fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (f) Unless installed as a specialty feature, wood flooring shall not be stained, spotted or scratched due to construction activities of the Builder. If the wood flooring fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(K) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR VINYL FLOORING

(1) Performance Standards for Vinyl Flooring:

(a) Vinyl flooring shall be installed square to the most visible wall and shall not vary by 1/4 of an inch in any six (6) foot run. If the vinyl flooring fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

- (b) The seam alignment in vinyl flooring shall not vary such that the pattern is out of alignment in an amount that equals or exceeds 1/8 of an inch. If the vinyl flooring fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) Vinyl flooring shall remain securely attached to the foundation or sub-floor. If the vinyl flooring fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (d) A vinyl floor shall not have a depression that equals or exceeds 1/2 of an inch in any six (6) foot run. If the vinyl floor has a depression that exceeds the standard stated in this subsection and the depression is due to construction activities, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (e) A vinyl floor shall not have a ridge that equals or exceeds 1/2 of an inch when measured as provided in this subsection. The ridge measurement shall be made by measuring the gap created when a six (6) foot straight edge is placed tightly three (3) inches on each side of the defect and the gap is measured between the floor and the straight edge at the other end. If a vinyl floor has a ridge that fails to comply with the standard stated in this subsection, and the ridge is due to construction activities, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (f) Vinyl floor shall not be discolored, stained or spotted due to the construction activities of the Builder. If the vinyl floor fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (g) Vinyl flooring shall not be scratched, gouged, cut or torn due to construction activities. If the vinyl flooring fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (h) Debris, sub-floor seams, nails and/or screws shall not be detectable under the vinyl floor from a distance of three (3) feet or more in normal light. If the vinyl flooring fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (i) Sub-flooring shall not cause vinyl flooring to rupture. If the vinyl flooring fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (j) A seam in vinyl flooring shall not have a separation that equals or exceeds 1/16 of an inch in width. Where dissimilar materials abut, there shall not be a gap equal to or greater than 1/8 of an inch. If the vinyl flooring fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(L) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR HARD SURFACES, INCLUDING CERAMIC TILE, FLAGSTONE, MARBLE, GRANITE, SLATE, QUARRY TILE, FINISHED CONCRETE OR OTHER HARD SURFACES

(1) Performance Standards for Hard Surfaces Generally:

- (a) A hard surface shall not break or crack due to construction activities. If a hard surface is cracked or broken due to construction activities, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (b) A hard surface shall remain secured to the substrate. If a hard surface fails to perform in accordance with the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) A surface imperfection in floor hard surface shall not be visible from a distance of three (3) feet or more in normal light. A surface imperfection in non-floor hard surface shall not be visible from a distance of two (2) feet or more in normal light. If a hard surface fails to meet the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (d) Color variations between field hard surfaces and trim hard surfaces should not vary excessively due to construction activities. If color variations between field and trim hard surfaces are excessive and are due to construction activities, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
 - i. Natural products such as flagstone, marble, granite, slate and other quarry tile will have color variation.
- (e) Hard surface areas shall not leak. If a hard surface area fails to perform in accordance with the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (f) The surfaces of two adjacent hard surfaces shall not vary in an amount equal to or exceeding 1/16 of an inch displacement at a joint, with the exception of transition trim pieces. If a joint between two hard surfaces fails to meet the Performance Standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (g) Hard surface layout or grout line shall not be excessively irregular. If hard surface layouts or grout lines fail to meet the Performance Standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

- i. Natural products such as flagstone, marble, granite, slate, and other quarry tile will have size variations that may create irregular layouts or grout lines.
- (h) Hard surface countertops shall be level to within 1/4 of an inch in any six (6) foot measurement. If a hard surface countertop is not level to within the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (i) Hard surface floors located in a living space that is not otherwise designed for drainage, shall not have pits, depressions, or unevenness that equals or exceeds 3/8 of an inch in any 32 inches. If a finished hard surface floor located in a living space fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. Finished hard surface floors located in living spaces that are designed for drainage, such as a laundry room, are excepted from the standards stated in this subsection.

(2) Performance Standards for Grout:

- (a) Grout shall not crack or deteriorate. If grout fails to meet the Performance Standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (b) Grout shall not change shade or discolor excessively due to construction activities. If grout fails to perform to the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(3) Performance Standards for Concrete Countertops:

- (a) A concrete countertop shall not have excessive pits, depressions, or unevenness that equal or exceed 1/8 of an inch in any 32-inch measurement. If a concrete countertop fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (b) A concrete countertop shall not have separations or cracks equal to or exceeding 1/16 of an inch in width or 1/64 of an inch in vertical displacement. If a concrete countertop fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) A finished concrete countertop shall not be stained, spotted or scratched due to construction activities. If a concrete countertop fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (d) A concrete countertop shall not have a chipped edge that extends beyond 1/16 of an inch from the edge of the countertop due to construction activities. If a concrete countertop fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (e) A concrete countertop shall not change shade or discolor excessively due to construction activities. If a concrete countertop fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(M) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR PAINTING, STAIN, AND WALL COVERINGS

(1) Performance Standards for Caulking:

- (a) Interior caulking shall not deteriorate or crack excessively. If the interior calking fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. Shrinkage and corrosion is common; however, homeowner must maintain.

(2) Performance Standards for Painting and Stain:

- (a) Paint or stain shall not have excessive color, shade or sheen variation. If the paint or stain fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. This standard shall not apply to stained woodwork.
- (b) Paint shall cover all intended surfaces so that unpainted areas shall not show through paint when viewed from a distance of six (6) feet in normal light. If the painting fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) Interior paint or stain shall not deteriorate. If paint or stain fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (d) Exterior paint or stain shall not deteriorate excessively. If paint or stain fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (e) Paint over-spray shall not exist on any surface for which it was not intended. If the paint is sprayed onto a surface for which it was not intended, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.

- (f) Interior varnish, polyurethane or lacquer finish shall not deteriorate. If an interior finish fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (g) Exterior varnish, polyurethane or lacquer finishes shall not deteriorate excessively. If an exterior finish fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. Exterior varnish, polyurethane or lacquer finishes that are subject to direct sunlight are excluded from this standard.
- (h) Interior painted, varnished or finished surface shall not be scratched, dented, nicked or gouged due to construction activities. If interior painted, varnished or finished surfaces fail to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (i) A paint product shall perform as represented by the manufacturer to meet manufacturer's specifications for washability and/or scrubability. If the paint product fails to meet the standards of this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(3) Performance Standards for Wall Coverings:

- (a) A wall covering shall be properly secured to the wall surface and shall not peel or bubble. If a wall covering fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (b) Pattern repeats in wall coverings shall match. Wall coverings shall be installed square to the most visible wall. Pattern repeats shall not vary in an amount equal to or exceeding 1/4 of an inch in any six (6) foot run. If the wall covering fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) A wall covering seam shall not separate or gap. If a wall covering fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (d) Lumps or ridges in a wall covering shall not be detectable from a distance of six (6) feet or more in normal light. If the appearance of the wall covering fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (e) Wall coverings shall not be discolored, stained or spotted due to construction activities. If a wall covering fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (f) Wall coverings shall not be scratched, gouged, cut or torn due to construction activities. If a wall covering fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (g) Wall coverings shall perform as represented by the manufacturer to meet manufacturer's specifications for washability and/or scrubability. If a wall covering fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(N) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR PLUMBING

(1) Performance Standards for Plumbing Accessories:

- (a) A fixture surface shall not have a chip, crack, dent or scratch due to construction activities. If a fixture fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (b) A fixture shall not have tarnish, blemishes or stains unless installed as a specialty feature. If a fixture fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. Fixture finishes that are tarnished, blemished or stained due to high iron, manganese or other mineral content in water are excluded from this standard.
- (c) A fixture or fixture fastener shall not corrode. If a fixture or fixture fastener fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. A Builder is not responsible for corrosion caused by factors beyond the manufacturer's or the Builder's control, including the homeowner's use of corrosive chemicals or cleaners or corrosion caused by water content.
- (d) A decorative gas appliance shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's specifications and when so installed shall function in accordance with manufacturer's representations. If a decorative gas appliance fails to meet the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

- (e) Fixtures shall be secure and not loose. If a fixture fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The homeowner shall not exert excessive force on a fixture.
- (f) A fixture stopper shall operate properly and shall retain water in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. If a fixture stopper fails to meet the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (g) The toilet equipment shall not allow water to run continuously. If the toilet equipment fails to meet the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. If toilet equipment allows water to run continuously, the homeowner shall shut off the water supply or take such action as is necessary to avoid damage to the home.
- (h) A toilet shall be installed and perform in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. If the toilet fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. In the event of water spillage, the homeowner shall shut off the water supply and take such action as is necessary to avoid damage to the home.
- (i) A tub or shower pan shall not crack. If a tub or shower pan fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (j) A tub or shower pan shall not squeak excessively. If the tub or shower pan fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (k) A water heater shall be installed and secured according to the manufacturer's specifications and the Code. If a water heater fails to meet the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (I) A waste disposal unit shall be installed and operate according to the manufacturer's specifications. If a waste disposal unit fails to meet the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (m) A faucet or fixture shall not drip or leak. If a faucet or fixture fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. This standard does not include drips or leaks due to debris or minerals from the water source, unless it is due to construction activities.
- (n) A sump pump shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and shall operate properly when so installed. If a sump pump fails to meet the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(2) Performance Standards for Pipes and Vents:

- (a) A sewer gas odor originating from the plumbing system shall not be detectable inside the home under conditions of normal residential use. If a sewer gas odor is detected inside the home under conditions of normal residential use, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The homeowner shall keep plumbing traps filled with water.
- (b) A vent stack shall be free from blockage and shall allow odor to exit the home. If a vent stack fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) A water pipe shall not make excessive noise such as banging or hammering repeatedly. If a water pipe fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. A water pipe subject to expansion or contraction of the pipe as warm or cool water flows through the pipe may cause a "ticking" sound temporarily. The standard stated in this subsection does not require a Builder to remove all noise attributable to water flow and pipe expansion.

(0) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR HEATING, COOLING AND VENTILATION

(1) Performance Standards for Heating and Cooling:

- (a) A condensation line shall not be obstructed due to construction activities. If a condensation line fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The homeowner shall periodically check for the free flow of condensate (water) from the line and clear the line when necessary.

- (b) A drip pan and drain line shall be installed under a horizontal air handler as per the Code. If a drip pan and drain line fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The homeowner shall periodically check for the free flow of condensate (water) from the line and clear the line when necessary.
- (c) Insulation shall completely encase the refrigerant line according to Code. If the refrigerant line insulation fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The homeowner shall ensure that insulation on the refrigerant line is not damaged or cut due to home maintenance or landscape work.
- (d) An exterior compressor unit shall be installed on a stable pad that supports the unit and is no more than one (1) inch out of level. The bottom of the exterior compressor unit support shall not be below ground level. If an exterior compressor unit pad or support fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The homeowner shall ensure that settlement of the exterior compressor unit pad does not occur due to home maintenance, landscape work or excessive water from irrigation.

(2) Performance Standards for Venting:

- (a) An appliance shall be vented according to the manufacturer's specifications. If an appliance is not vented in accordance with the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (b) Back draft dampers shall be installed and function according to the manufacturer's specifications. If back draft dampers fail to meet the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(3) Performance Standards for Ductwork:

- (a) Ductwork shall not make excessive noise. If the ductwork fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - The flow of air, including its velocity, or the expansion of ductwork from heating and cooling may cause "ticking" or "crackling" sounds.
 - ii. The homeowner shall not place any object on the ductwork.

(P) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS AND FIXTURES

(1) Performance Standards for Electrical Systems and Fixtures:

- (a) Excessive air infiltration shall not occur around electrical system components or fixtures. If electrical system components or fixtures fail to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (b) A fixture or trim plate shall not be chipped, cracked, dented or scratched due to construction activities. If a fixture or trim plate fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) A fixture or trim plate finish shall not be tarnished, blemished or stained due to construction activities. If a fixture or trim fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (d) A fixture, electrical box or trim plate shall be installed in accordance with the Code and shall be plumb and level. If a fixture, electrical box or trim plate fails to meet the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (e) Fixtures, such as lights, fans and appliances shall operate properly when installed in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. If the fixture fails to meet the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (f) A smoke detector shall operate according to the manufacturer's specifications and shall be installed in accordance with the Code. If a smoke detector fails to meet the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (g) An exhaust fan shall operate within the manufacturer's specified noise level. If an exhaust fan fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(Q) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR INTERIOR TRIM

(1) Performance Standards for Trim:

- (a) An interior trim joint separation shall not equal or exceed 1/8 of an inch in width or shall not separate from adjacent surfaces equal to or in excess of 1/8 of an inch and all joints shall be caulked or puttied. If an interior trim joint fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (b) The interior trim shall not have surface damage, such as scratches, chips, dents, gouges, splits, cracks, warping or cupping that is visible from a distance of six (6) feet or more in normal light due to construction activities. If the interior trim fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) A hammer mark on trim shall not be visible from a distance of six (6) feet or more when viewed in normal light. If the interior trim fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (d) A nail or nail hole in interior trim shall not be visible from a distance of six (6) feet or more when viewed in normal light. If the interior trim fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(R) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR SHELVING

(1) Performance Standards for Shelving:

(a) Shelving, rods and end supports shall be installed in accordance with the measurements stated in this subsection. The length of a closet rod shall not be shorter than the actual distance between the end supports in an amount equal to or exceeding 1/4 of an inch. The length of a shelf shall not be shorter than the actual distance between the supporting walls by an amount equal to or exceeding 1/4 of an inch. End supports shall be securely mounted. If closet rods, shelving or end supports fail to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(S) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR CABINET DOORS

(1) Performance Standards for Cabinet Doors:

- (a) Cabinet doors shall open and close with reasonable ease. Cabinet doors shall be even and shall not warp more than 1/4 of an inch when measured from the face to the point of the furthermost point of the door or drawer front when closed. If a cabinet door does not meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. Some warping, cupping, bowing or twisting is normally caused by surface temperature and humidity changes.

(T) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR MIRRORS, INTERIOR GLASS AND SHOWER DOORS

(1) Performance Standards for Mirrors, Interior Glass, and Shower Doors:

- (a) A mirror, interior glass or shower door shall not be loose and shall be securely mounted or attached to the supporting surface. Fixtures such as towel bars or door handles shall be securely mounted. If a mirror, interior glass, shower door, fixture, or component fails to meet the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (b) A mirror, interior glass or shower door shall not be damaged due to construction activities. If a mirror, interior glass, or shower door fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) A shower door shall not leak. If a shower door fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (d) Imperfections in a mirror or shower door shall not be visible from a distance of two (2) feet or more when viewed in normal light. If a mirror or shower door fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (e) When opening and closing, a shower door shall operate easily and smoothly without requiring excessive pressure. If a shower door fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(U) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR HARDWARE AND IRONWORK

(1) Performance Standards for Hardware:

(a) Hardware finishes shall not be tarnished, blemished, corroded or stained due to construction activities, unless the finish is installed as a specialty feature. If the hardware finish fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

- i. The Builder is not responsible for tarnished, blemished, or stained hardware finishes that have been damaged by factors that are beyond the manufacturer's or the Builder's control such as the homeowner's use of abrasive pads or cleaners, harsh chemicals, alcohol, organic solvents or deterioration caused by exposure to outdoor elements such as salt air or humidity.
- (b) Hardware shall function properly, without catching, binding or requiring excessive force to operate. If hardware fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) Hardware shall not be scratched, chipped, cracked or dented due to construction activities. If hardware fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (d) Hardware shall be installed securely and shall not be loose. If hardware fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The homeowner shall not exert excessive force on hardware.

(2) Performance Standards for Interior Ironwork:

- (a) Interior ironwork shall not rust. If interior ironwork fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The Builder is not responsible for ironwork finishes that rust due to factors that are beyond the manufacturer's or the Builder's control such as the homeowner's use of abrasive pads or cleaners, harsh chemicals, alcohol, organic solvents or deterioration caused by exposure to humidity.

(V) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR COUNTERTOPS AND BACKSPLASHES

(1) Performance Standards for Countertops and Backsplashes Generally:

- (a) A countertop or backsplash shall be secured to substrate in accordance with manufacturer's specifications. If countertop or backsplash materials are not secured to the substrate in accordance with the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (b) For non-laminate countertops and backsplashes, the joints between countertop surfaces, between the countertop surface and the backsplash or side-splash and between adjoining backsplash panels may be visible, but shall not separate. If joints between non-laminate surfaces fail to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) Countertops shall be level to within 1/4 of an inch in any six (6) foot measurement. If a countertop surface fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (d) A countertop surface or edge shall not be damaged, broken, chipped or cracked due to construction activities. If a countertop surface or edge fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (e) A countertop shall not bow or warp in an amount equal to or exceeding 1/16 of an inch per lineal foot. If a countertop fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (f) Counter and vanity top materials should not delaminate. If a countertop fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(2) Performance Standards for Laminate Countertops and Backsplashes:

- (a) Laminate countertops and backsplashes shall not delaminate and shall remain securely attached to the substrate. Delamination is the separation of the finish surface veneer from the substrate material. If a countertop fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (b) A seam in a laminate countertop or backsplash may be visible but shall not be separated or displaced. If a laminate countertop or backsplash fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) A surface imperfection in a laminate countertop or a backsplash shall not be visible from a distance of three (3) feet or more when viewed in normal light due to construction activities. If a laminate surface fails to meet the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(W) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR FIREPLACES

(1) Performance Standards for Fireplaces:

- (a) A refractory panel shall not crack or separate. If the fireplace refractory panel fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The homeowner shall not use synthetic logs or other materials if not approved by the manufacturer.
- (b) A fireplace door shall operate properly. Fireplace doors shall meet evenly and shall not be out of alignment from one another in an amount equal to or exceeding 1/8 of an inch in any direction. If a fireplace door fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) A fireplace shall not have a gas leak. If a fireplace has a gas leak, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (d) Gas logs shall be positioned in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. If a gas log fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The homeowner shall not incorrectly reposition or relocate the logs after the original placement. The homeowner shall not place the logs in a manner that does not allow the flame to flow through the logs according to the manufacturer's specifications.
- (e) A crack in masonry hearth or facing shall not be equal to or exceed 1/4 of an inch in width. If the masonry hearth or facing of the fireplace fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (f) A fireplace or chimney shall draw properly. If a fireplace or chimney fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (g) A firebox shall not have excessive water infiltration under normal weather conditions. If the firebox fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (h) A fireplace fan shall not exceed the noise level established by the manufacturer's specifications. If a fireplace fan fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(X) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

(1) Performance Standards for Irrigation Systems:

- (a) An irrigation system shall not leak, break or clog due to construction activities. If an irrigation system fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (b) An irrigation system shall be installed such that sprinkler coverage shall be complete and water shall not spray an unintended area due to construction activities. If an irrigation system fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) The irrigation system control shall operate in accordance with manufacturer's specifications. If an irrigation system fails to operate in accordance with manufacturer's specifications, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The Builder shall provide the homeowner with instructions on the operation of the irrigation system at closing.

(Y) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR FENCING

(1) Performance Standards for Fencing:

- (a) A fence shall not fall over and shall not lean in excess of two (2) inches out of plumb due to construction activities. If the fencing fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (b) A wood fence board shall not be broken due to construction activities. Wood fence board shall not become detached from the fence due to construction activities of the Builder. If the fencing fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
- (c) A masonry unit or mortar in a fence shall not be broken or loose. A crack in a masonry unit shall not occur. A crack in the mortar shall not equal or exceed 1/8 of an inch in width. If a masonry unit or mortar in a fence fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(d) A masonry wall shall have adequate weep holes in the lowest course as required by the Code to allow seepage to pass through the wall. If a masonry retaining wall fails to meet the standards of this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(Z) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR YARD GRADING

(1) Performance Standards for Yard Grading:

- (a) Yards shall have grades and swales that provide for proper drainage away from the home in accordance with the Code or other governmental regulations. If the grades or swales fail to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. The homeowner shall maintain the drainage pattern and protect the grading contours from erosion, blockage, over-saturation or any other changes. The possibility of standing water, not immediately adjacent to the foundation but in the yard, after prolonged or an unusually heavy rainfall event should be anticipated by the homeowner.
- (b) Settling or sinking of soil shall not interfere with the drainage patterns of the lot or have a vertical depth of six (6) inches or more. If the soil fails to meet the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(AA) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR PEST CONTROL

(2) Performance Standards for Pest Control:

Please note that the homeowner is responsible for pest removal.

(a) Eave returns, truss blocks, attic vents and roof vent openings shall not allow rodents, birds, and other similar pests into home or attic space. If an eave return, truss block, attic vent or roof vent opening that allows rodents, birds, and other similar pests into home or attic space, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.

SECTION 9: PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING, AND MECHANICAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS UNDER THE TWO-YEAR DELIVERY PORTION OF SYSTEMS WARRANTY:

This section describes the Performance Standards for the various Delivery Portion of Systems in a Home as described below. The Builder or Insurer (as applicable) will repair or replace those elements or components of a Home that do not meet these standards during the applicable warranty period.

(A) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR ELECTRICAL DELIVERY SYSTEMS

(1) Performance Standards for Electrical Wiring:

- (a) Electrical wiring installed inside the home shall be installed in accordance with the Code and any other applicable electrical standards and shall function properly from the point of demarcation, as determined by the respective utility. If electrical wiring inside the home is not functioning properly or is not installed in accordance with the Code and any other applicable electrical standards, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the wiring to the standard of performance required in this subsection.
 - i. The Builder shall not be responsible for utility improvements from the meter/demarcation point to the utility poles or the transformer.
- (b) Electrical wiring shall be capable of carrying the designated load as set forth in the Code. If the electrical wiring fails to carry design load, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard set forth in this subsection
 - i. All electrical equipment shall be used for the purposes and/or capacities for which it was designed and in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.

(2) Performance Standards for the Electrical Panel, Breakers, and Fuses:

- (a) The electrical panel and breakers shall have sufficient capacity to provide electrical service to the home during normal residential usage. If the electrical panel or breakers do not have sufficient capacity to provide electrical service to the home during normal residential usage, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard set forth in this subsection.
 - i. The Builder is not responsible for electrical service interruptions caused by external conditions such as power surges, circuit overloads and electrical shorts.
- (b) The electrical panel and breakers shall have sufficient capacity to provide electrical service to the home during normal residential usage such that a circuit breaker shall not trip and fuses shall not blow repeatedly under normal residential electric usage. If a circuit breaker reported trips or fuses repeatedly blow under normal residential

electric usage, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard set forth in this subsection.

i. The Builder is not responsible for circuit breaker trips or blown fuses that have functioned as designed to protect the home from external conditions such as power surges, circuit overloads and shorts.

(3) Performance Standards for Electric Outlets with Ground Fault Interrupters:

- (a) Electrical outlets with ground fault interrupters shall be installed and operate in accordance with the Code and manufacturer's specifications. If ground fault interrupters trip repeatedly under normal residential usage, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to ensure that the electrical outlets with ground fault interrupters are installed in accordance with the Code and manufacturer's instructions and specifications and that they operate properly during normal residential electrical usage.
 - i. The homeowner shall not plug appliances that require constant electrical flow, such as refrigerators and freezers, into an outlet with a ground fault interrupter.

(4) Performance Standards for Fixtures, Outlets, Doorbells and Switches:

- (a) An outlet, doorbell or switch shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and the Code and shall operate properly when installed in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and the Code. If an outlet, doorbell or switch is not installed in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and the Code or does not operate properly when so installed, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (b) A fixture, electrical box or trim plate shall be installed in accordance with the Code and manufacturer's specifications and shall be properly secured to the supporting surface. If a fixture, electrical box or trim plate is not installed in accordance with the Code and manufacturer's specifications or is not properly secured to the supporting surface, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (c) A light shall not dim, flicker or burn out repeatedly under normal circumstances. A lighting circuit shall meet the Code. If a light or a lighting circuit fails to meet the standards stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(5) Performance Standards for Wiring or Outlets for Cable Television, Telephone, Ethernet or Other Services:

- (a) Wiring or outlets for cable television, telephone, Ethernet or other services shall be installed in accordance with the Code and any applicable manufacturer's specifications. If wiring or outlets for cable television, telephone, Ethernet, or other services are not installed in accordance with the Code or any applicable manufacturer's specifications, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard set forth in this subsection.
 - i. The Builder is not responsible for the failure of wiring or other utility service connectors or conduits that begin before the point at which the service enters the home.
- (b) Wiring or outlets for cable television, telephone, Ethernet or other services inside the home or on the home side of the meter/demarcation point shall function properly when installed in accordance with the Performance Standards in this subsection. If wiring or outlets for cable television, telephone, Ethernet or other services are not functioning, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard set forth in this subsection.
 - i. The Builder is not responsible for the failure of wiring or other utility service connectors or conduits that begin before the point at which the service enters the home.

(B) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR PLUMBING DELIVERY SYSTEMS

- (1) Performance Standards for Pipes including Water and Gas Pipes, Sewer and Drain Lines, Fittings and Valves (but not including pipes included in a Landscape Irrigation System):
 - a) Pipes shall be installed and insulated in accordance with the Code and manufacturer's specifications. If a water pipe bursts, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
 - i. The homeowner is responsible for insulating and protecting exterior pipes and hose bibs from freezing weather and for maintaining a reasonable temperature in the home during periods of extremely cold weather.
 - ii. The homeowner is responsible for maintaining a reasonable internal temperature in a home regardless of whether the home is occupied or unoccupied and for periodically checking to ensure that a reasonable internal temperature is maintained.
 - (b) A water pipe shall not leak. If a water pipe is leaking, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
 - i. The homeowner shall shut off water supply immediately if such is required to prevent further damage to the home.

- (c) A gas pipe shall not leak, including natural gas, propane, or butane gas. If a gas pipe is leaking, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
 - i. If a gas pipe is leaking, the homeowner shall shut off the source of the gas if the homeowner can do so safely.
- (d) Water pressure shall not exceed 80 pounds per square inch in any part of the water supply system located inside the home. Minimum static pressure at the building entrance for either public or private water service shall be 40 pounds per square inch in any part of the water supply system. If the water pressure is excessively high, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
 - i. This standard assumes the public or community water supply reaches the home side of the meter at 40 pounds per square inch. The Builder is not responsible for water pressure variations originating from the water supply source.
- (e) A sewer, drain, or waste pipe shall not become clogged or stopped up due to construction activities. The Builder shall take such action as is necessary to unclog a sewer, drain or waste pipe that is clogged or stopped up due to construction activities.
 - i. The homeowner shall shut off water supply immediately if such is required to prevent damage to the home.

(2) Performance Standards for Individual Wastewater Treatment Systems.

- (a) A wastewater treatment system should be capable of properly handling normal flow of household effluent in accordance with the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality requirements. The Builder shall take such action as is necessary for the wastewater treatment system to perform within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (b) The Builder is not responsible for:
 - i. System malfunctions or damage due to the addition of a fixture, equipment, appliance or other source of waste or water into the septic system by a person other than the Builder or a person working at the Builder's direction; or
 - ii. Malfunctions or limitations in the operation of the system attributed to a design restriction imposed by state, county or local governing agencies; or
 - iii. Malfunctions caused by freezing, soil saturation, soil conditions, changes in ground water table or any other acts of nature.

(C) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR HEATING, AIR CONDITIONING AND VENTILATION DELIVERY SYSTEMS

Please note that the costs of parts and/or labor may be the responsibility of the Builder depending on the Manufacturer's product agreement.

(1) Performance Standards for Air Conditioning:

- (a) A refrigerant line shall not leak. If a refrigerant line leaks, The Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
 - i. Condensation on a refrigerant line is not a leak.

(2) Performance Standards for Heating and Cooling Functions:

- (a) A heating system shall produce an inside temperature of at least 68-degrees Fahrenheit as measured two (2) feet from the outside wall of a room at a height of three (3) feet above the floor under local outdoor winter design conditions as specified in the Code. If a heating system fails to perform to the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. Temperatures may vary up to 4-degrees Fahrenheit between rooms but no less than the standard set forth above in this subsection. The homeowner's changes made to the size or configuration of the home, the heating system or the ductwork shall negate the Builder's responsibility to take measures to meet this Performance Standard.
- (b) An air-conditioner system shall produce an inside temperature of at most 78-degrees Fahrenheit as measured in the center of a room at height of five (5) feet above the floor, under local outdoor summer design conditions as specified in the Code. If the air-conditioner system fails to perform to the standard stated in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.
 - i. This standard does not apply to evaporative or other alternative cooling systems or if the homeowner makes changes to the size or configuration of the home, the air-conditioning system or the ductwork. Internal temperatures may vary up to 4-degrees Fahrenheit between rooms but no more than the standard set forth in this subsection.
- (c) A thermostat reading shall not differ by more than 4-degrees Fahrenheit from the actual room temperature taken at a height of five (5) feet above the floor in the center of the room where the thermostat is located. The stated Performance Standard is related to the accuracy of the thermostat and not to the Performance Standard of the room

temperature. If the thermostat reading differs more than 4-degrees Fahrenheit from the actual room temperature taken at a height of five (5) feet above the floor in the center of the room where the thermostat is located, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(d) Heating and cooling equipment shall be installed and secured according to the manufacturer's instructions and specifications and shall not move excessively. If the heating or cooling equipment is not installed and secured in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and specifications or moves excessively, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to properly install and secure the equipment.

(3) Performance Standards for Vents, Grills or Registers:

- (a) A vent, grill or register shall operate easily and smoothly when applying normal operating pressure. If a vent, grill or register does not operate easily and smoothly when applying normal pressure when adjusting, the Builder shall repair the vent grill or register so that it operates with ease of use when applying normal operating pressure.
- (b) A vent, grill or register shall be installed in accordance with the Code and manufacturer's instructions and specifications and shall be secured to the underlying surface. If a vent, grill or register is not installed and secured in accordance with the Performance Standard in this subsection, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard.

(4) Performance Standards for Ductwork:

- (a) Ductwork shall be insulated in unconditioned areas according to Code. If the ductwork is not insulated in unconditioned areas in accordance with the Code, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (b) Ductwork shall be secured according to the manufacturer's instructions and specifications and it shall not move excessively. If the ductwork is not secured according to the manufacturer's instructions and specifications or moves excessively, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.
- (c) Ductwork shall be sealed and shall not separate or leak in excess of the standards set by the Code. If the ductwork is not sealed, is separated or leaks in excess of the standards set by the Code, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.

SECTION 10: HOW TO REQUEST WARRANTY PEFORMANCE FOR A WORKMANSHIP/MATERIALS AND/OR DELIVERY PORTION OF SYSTEMS DEFECT OR DEFICIENCY

If You believe Your Home has a Defect and/or Deficiency covered under this warranty, You must notify the Warrantor (Builder) upon discovery of the Defect and/or Deficiency in writing as provided below. *Notice cannot be initiated with a phone call.* Your written request for warranty performance must be received before the expiration of the applicable warranty period (one (1) year for Workmanship/Materials and two (2) years for Delivery Portion of Systems (electrical, plumbing, and mechanical distribution systems)).

- (1) Notice to Warrantor (Builder) for One-Year Workmanship/Materials and/or Two-Year Delivery Portion of Systems Issue:
 - (a) If a Warranted Defect and/or Deficiency occurs, You must notify the Warrantor (Builder) in writing. Notice cannot be initiated with a phone call.
 - (b) Your request for warranty performance to the Warrantor (Builder) does not constitute notice to the Administrator (StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC) or the Insurer (Golden Insurance Company) and does not extend the Warranty Term.
 - (c) The Warrantor (Builder) will investigate and respond to Your request within thirty (30) days of receipt to determine whether the Defects and/or Deficiencies described are covered under this Express Limited Warranty. You must provide the Warrantor (Builder) a reasonable opportunity to inspect your home during normal business hours if the Warrantor (Builder) requests such an opportunity.
 - (d) The Warrantor (Builder) will advise You in writing as to whether Your Defect and/or Deficiency is covered by this Express Limited Warranty. If it is, the Warrantor (Builder) will perform repair work, replace, or make payment as described in this Express Limited Warranty. If You added Improvements which were not part of the Warrantor's (Builder's) original construction work, You are responsible for removal and/or repair of these items. Warranty repairs will be made during normal business hours.
 - (e) If the Warrantor (Builder) does not respond to Your request for warranty performance within thirty (30) days, please complete the Request for Warranty Performance Form at the back of this booklet and send it to the Administrator: StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC, Attn: Warranty Service Division, 6825 East Tennessee Avenue, Suite #410, Denver, CO 80224.
 - (f) The written notice should be sent certified mail, return receipt requested.
 - (g) Such notice must be received no later than sixty (60) days after the expiration of the applicable warranty period or the request will be rejected. Note that the first thirty (30) days is time for the Builder to respond to Your initial notification,

and the second thirty (30) days is time for You to notify the Administrator (StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC) of the Builder's lack of response.

- (h) Once Your written notice has been received, the Administrator (StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC) will process Your request for warranty performance in accordance with the provisions of this warranty. The Administrator (StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC) will investigate to determine whether the Defects described in the complaint are covered under this Express Limited Warranty and will respond to Your claim within thirty (30) days. You must provide the Administrator (StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC) and the Insurer (Golden Insurance Company) a reasonable opportunity to inspect Your Home during normal business hours.
- (i) Should the Builder default on their warranty obligation under the Workmanship/Materials warranty during year one (1) and/or Delivery Portion of Systems warranty during years one (1) and two (2), the Insurer (Golden Insurance Company) becomes the Warrantor.
- (j) There is a \$250.00 processing fee made payable by You to the Insurer (Golden Insurance Company). This fee is required for each Request for warranty Performance Form submitted to the Administrator (StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC). Note: If You are the original owner with the original FHA/VA or USDA financing still in effect, a \$250.00 fee will be collected following the acceptance of Your claim and determination of the amount of loss.
- (k) You have an obligation to cooperate with the Builder, Administrator (StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC) and the Insurer (Golden Insurance Company) concerning the arbitration, inspection, investigation, repair, and claim settlement. Your failure to cooperate may jeopardize Your warranty coverage.

SECTION 11: MAJOR STRUCTURAL DEFECT COVERAGE

Please note: If you are the original owner with the original FHA/VA financing still in effect, the following definition of a structural defect applies. If you have other financing, please reference the "Performance Standards for Foundations and Slabs and Major Structural Components of a Home other than Slab Foundations" as defined in Section 12 of this Express Limited Warranty.

This section describes coverage for the various major structural components of a Home as described. The Insurer will repair or replace those elements or components of a Home that meet the conditions defined below during the applicable warranty period.

Major Structural Defects are warranted for a Ten-Year Warranty Term from the Effective Date of Warranty.

- (1) A Major Structural Defect is defined as actual physical damage to one or more of the below-designated load-bearing elements of the Home caused by failure of such load-bearing elements which affect(s) their load-bearing function(s) to the extent that the Home becomes unsafe, unsanitary, or otherwise unlivable. This definition is identical as defined in the regulations of the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) in effect at the time of this Express Limited Warranty.
- (2) This is coverage for catastrophic failure of load-bearing elements of Your Home.
- (3) The following are the designated load-bearing elements of the Home that are covered by this warranty and qualify for Major Structural Defect Coverage:
 - (a) Load-bearing foundation systems and footings,
 - (b) Load-bearing floor framing systems,
 - (c) Load-bearing walls and partitions,
 - (d) Load-bearing roof framing systems,
 - (e) Load-bearing beams,
 - (f) Load-bearing headers,
 - (g) Load-bearing girders,
 - (h) Load-bearing lintels (other than those supporting veneers),
 - (i) Load-bearing columns (other than a column that is designed to be cosmetic), and
 - (j) Load-bearing masonry arches (other than a masonry arch that is designed to be cosmetic).
- (4) The following are some examples of non-load bearing elements of the Home, and **DO NOT** qualify for Major Structural Defect Coverage:
 - (a) Non load-bearing partitions and walls,
 - (b) Wall tile or paper, etc.,
 - (c) Plaster, laths, or drywall,
 - (d) Flooring and sub-flooring materials,

- (e) Brick, stucco, stone, or veneer,
- (f) Any type of exterior siding,
- (g) Roof shingles, tiles, sheathing, and tar paper,
- (h) Heating, cooling, ventilating, plumbing, electrical, and mechanical systems,
- (i) Appliances, fixtures, or items of equipment,
- (j) Doors, trim, cabinets, hardware, insulation, paint, and stains, and/or
- (k) Basement and other interior floating, ground-supported concrete slabs.
- (5) Subject to all provisions of this warranty, the repair of a Major Structural Defect is limited to:
 - (a) The repair of damage to the designated load-bearing element(s) which is necessary to restore its load-bearing ability.
 - (b) The repair of the non-load bearing portions, items, or systems of the Home, damaged by the Major Structural Defect, which make the Home unsafe, unsanitary, or otherwise unlivable.
 - (c) The repair, removal, and replacement of only those surfaces, finishes, and coverings, (original with the Home) damaged by the Major Structural Defect.
 - (d) Repair or replacement is NOT intended to restore the Home to a like-new condition.
- (6) All decisions concerning the repair of a Major Structural Defect, including, but not limited to, development and choice of a repair design (or "plan"), method of repair, execution of repairs, replacement of covered Defective items, as well as all matters pertaining to the repair or replacement of all covered damage, belong to the sole discretion of the Insurer.

SECTION 12: CONSTRUCTION QUALITY STANDARDS FOR MAJOR STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS UNDER THE 10-YEAR STRUCTURAL DEFECT WARRANTY

This section describes the Performance Standards for the various major structural components of a home as described. The Insurer will repair or replace those elements or components of a home that do not meet these standards during the applicable warranty period.

Please note: If you are the original owner with the original FHA/VA financing still in effect, please reference Section 11 for the definition of a Major Structural Defect and components that are covered.

(A) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR SLAB FOUNDATIONS

- (1) Slab foundations should not move differentially after they are constructed, such that a tilt or deflection in the slab in excess of the standards defined below arises from post-construction movement. The protocol and standards for evaluating slab foundations shall follow the version of the publication entitled "Guidelines for the Evaluation and Repair of Residential Foundations" as published by the Texas Section of the American Society of Civil Engineers (2009), hereinafter referred to as the "ASCE Guidelines" with the following modifications:
 - (a) Overall deflection from the Original Construction Elevations shall be no greater than the overall length over which the deflection occurs divided by 360 (L/360) and must not have more than one associated symptom of distress, as described in Section 5 of the ASCE Guidelines, that results in actual observable physical damage to the home.
 - (b) The slab shall not tilt after construction in excess of one (1) percent from the Original Construction Elevations or cause structural component(s) or masonry veneer to rotate into structurally unstable positions such that the weight vector of the component part falls outside the middle third of its bearing area.
- (2) If measurements and associated symptoms of distress show that a slab foundation does not meet the deflection or tilt standards stated in this subsection, a third-party inspector's recommendation shall be based on the appropriate remedial measures as described in Section 7 of the ASCE Guidelines.

(B) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR MAJOR STRUCTUAL COMPONENTS OF A HOME OTHER THAN SLAB FOUNDATIONS

(1) Floor over pier and beam foundations:

- (a) A floor over a pier and beam foundation shall not deflect more than L/360 from its Original Construction Elevations and have that movement create actual observable physical damage to the components of the home identifiable in Section 5.3 of the ASCE Guidelines.
- (b) If a floor over pier and beam foundation deflects more than L/360 from its Original Construction Elevation and the movement has created actual observable physical damage to the components of a home identifiable in Section 5.3 of the ASCE Guidelines, a third-party inspector's recommendation shall be based on applicable remedial measures as described in Section 7 of the ASCE Guidelines.

(2) Structural components:

(a) A defined structural component shall not crack, bow, become distorted or deteriorate, such that it compromises the structural integrity of a home or the performance of a structural system of the home resulting in actual observable physical damage to a component of the home. If a structural component of a home cracks, bows, is distorted or deteriorates such that it results in actual observable physical damage to a component of the ball take such action as is necessary to repair, reinforce or replace such structural component to restore the structural integrity of the home or the performance of the affected structural system.

(3) Deflected structural components:

(a) A structural component shall not deflect more than the ratios allowed by the Code. If a structural component of the home is deflected more than the ratios allowed by the Code, the Builder shall repair, reinforce or replace such structural component to restore the structural integrity of the home or the performance of the affected structural system.

(4) Damaged structural components:

(a) A structural component shall not be so damaged that it compromises the structural integrity or performance of the affected structural system. If a structural component is so damaged that it compromises the structural integrity or performance of a structural system of the home, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to repair, reinforce or replace such structural component to restore the structural integrity of the home or the performance of the affected structural system.

(5) Separated structural components:

(a) A structural component shall not separate from a supporting member more than 3/4 of an inch or such that it compromises the structural integrity or performance of the system. If a structural component is separated from a supporting member more than 3/4 of an inch or separated such that it compromises the structural integrity or performance of a structural system of the home, the Builder shall take such action as necessary to repair, reinforce or replace such structural component to re-establish the connection between the structural component and the supporting member, to restore the structural integrity of the home and the performance of the affected structural system.

(6) Non-performing structural components:

(a) A structural component shall function as required by the Code. If a structural component does not function as required by the Code, the Builder shall take such action as is necessary to bring the variance within the standard stated in this subsection.

SECTION 13: HOW TO REPORT A MAJOR STRUCTURAL DEFECT CLAIM

If You believe Your Home has a Major Structural Defect (MSD) covered under this warranty, You must notify the Administrator upon discovery of the Defect in writing as provided below. *Notice cannot be initiated with a phone call.* Your written request for warranty performance must be received before the expiration of the applicable warranty period (ten (10) years for Major Structural Defects).

(1) Notice to Administrator (StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC) for Major Structural Defects during Years One (1) through Ten (10).

- (a) If a Warranted Defect occurs during years one (1) through ten (10), You must notify the Administrator (StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC) in writing. Please complete the Notice of Major Structural Defect Claim Form at the back of this booklet and send it to StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC, Attn: Warranty Service Division, 6825 East Tennessee Avenue, Suite #410, Denver, CO 80224. Notice cannot be initiated with a phone call.
- (b) There is a \$250.00 processing fee made payable by You to the Insurer (Golden Insurance Company). This fee is required for each Notice of Major Structural Defect Claim Form submitted to the Administrator (StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC). Note: If You are the original owner with the original FHA/VA or USDA financing still in effect, a \$250.00 fee will be collected following the acceptance of Your claim and determination of the amount of loss.
- (c) The written notice should be sent certified mail, return receipt requested.
- (d) Such notice must be received before the expiration of the applicable warranty period.
- (e) Your request for warranty performance must describe the condition of the warranted Major Structural Defect in detail.
- (f) Once Your written notice has been received, the Administrator (StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC) will process Your request for warranty performance in accordance with the provisions of this warranty.
- (g) The Administrator (StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC) will investigate to determine whether the Defects described in the complaint are covered under this Express Limited Warranty and will respond to Your claim within thirty (30) days. You must provide the Administrator (StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC) and the Insurer (Golden Insurance Company) a reasonable opportunity to inspect Your Home during normal business hours.

(h) You have an obligation to cooperate with the Administrator (StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC) and the Insurer (Golden Insurance Company) concerning the arbitration, inspection, investigation, repair, and claim settlement. Your failure to cooperate may jeopardize Your warranty coverage.

SECTION 14: CONDITIONS OF WARRANTY PERFORMANCE

- (1) Actions taken to repair Defects and/or Deficiencies will not extend the periods of coverage provided in the Warranty Term(s).
- (2) If a request for warranty performance during years one (1) for Workmanship/Materials and years one (1) and two (2) for Delivery Portion of Systems qualifies for coverage, the Warrantor (Builder or Insurer, as applicable) has the right to choose to repair, replace, or pay the reasonable cost of repair or replacement of any items which do not meet Performance Standards and are not excluded from coverage.
- (3) If a Major Structural Defect claim qualifies for coverage in years one (1) through ten (10), the Insurer has the right to choose to repair, replace, or pay the reasonable cost of repair or replacement of any covered Major Structural Defect. If the Insurer elects to make a cash settlement for the reasonable cost of a Warranted Defect, the settlement must be in writing. The Homeowner shall have up to 45 days upon the receipt of settlement agreement to respond.
- (4) Instead of repairing, replacing, or paying the reasonable cost of repair of a Major Structural Defect, the Insurer may, at its sole option, elect to purchase Your Home should the cost of claim settlement exceed 75% of the warranty limit. If the Insurer notifies You of such an election, You must transfer title and ownership of the Home, in fee simple absolute and free of all liens, encumbrances, and mortgages, to the Insurer, or to any person or company designated by the Insurer, within ninety (90) days and simultaneously upon payment of the purchase prices. Such purchase should include all fixtures, appurtenances, and Improvements including any appliances included at the time of original purchase. The purchase price should be the lesser of the original purchase price of the Home or the amount listed on the Home Enrollment Application (HEA), less any sums paid under the Express Limited Warranty. This amount shall be paid through a licensed escrow company in accordance with customary rules and regulations. You may elect not to sell Your Home to the Insurer; however, You will forfeit Your rights in connection to any claim under this Express Limited Warranty.
- (5) Any events which cause a delay in the performance of the warranty obligations of the Builder, the Administrator, and/or the Insurer, and which are beyond the control of the Builder, the Administrator, and/or the Insurer, shall excuse the Builder, the Administrator, and/or the Insurer from performing until the effects causing the delay are remedied.
- (6) The right to repair or replace is solely that of the Builder or the Insurer (as applicable), and the decision to make payment in lieu of implementing the covered repairs is solely that of the Builder or the Insurer (as applicable). Replacement does not mean an obligation to purchase Your Home in the event of a claim nor under any other circumstance.
- (7) If the Warrantor (Builder or Insurer, as applicable) repairs, replaces, or pays You the reasonable cost to repair or replace a Warranted Item, the Warrantor (Builder or Insurer, as applicable) shall be subrogated to all Your rights of recovery against any person or entity. If requested to do so, You must sign and deliver to the Builder, Administrator, and the Insurer a full and unconditional release, in recordable form, of all legal obligations and rights to recovery (including subrogation rights) with respect to the Warranted Defects and/or Deficiencies, and any condition arising from the warranted items. This must occur prior to payment for the reasonable cost of repair or replacement, or once the repair or replacement has been made. You must execute and deliver any and all instruments and documents, and take any and all other actions necessary to secure such rights including, but not limited to, assignment of proceeds of any other insurance or other warranties to the Insurer. You shall do nothing to prejudice these rights of subrogation.
- (8) The Warrantor (Builder or Insurer, as applicable) is not responsible for exact color, texture or finish matches when replacing or repairing materials, repainting areas, or when items or materials have been discontinued. Surfaces altered incident to any repair will be finished or touched up to match the surrounding area as closely as practical. In connection with the repair of finish or surface material, such as paint, wallpaper, flooring or a hard surface, the Warrantor (Builder or Insurer, as applicable) will match the standard and grade as closely as reasonably possible. The Warrantor (Builder or Insurer, as applicable) will attempt to match the finish, but will not be responsible for discontinued patterns or materials, color variations, or shade variations. When the surface finish material must be replaced and the original material has been discontinued, the Warrantor (Builder or Insurer, as applicable) is responsible for installing replacement material substantially similar in appearance to the original material.

SECTION 15: MEDIATION AND INSPECTION

Within thirty (30) days following the Administrator's receipt of appropriate notice of request for warranty performance, the Administrator may review and mediate Your request by communicating with You, Your Builder, and/or the Insurer and any other individuals or entities who the Administrator believes possess pertinent information.

If, after thirty (30) days, the Administrator has not been able to successfully mediate Your request, or at any earlier time when the Administrator believes that You and Your Builder and/or Insurer are at an impasse, then the Administrator will notify You that Your request has become an Unresolved Warranty Issue and that You may proceed to arbitration.

At any time following the receipt of appropriate notice of Your request for warranty performance, the Administrator may schedule an inspection of the item(s). You must provide the Insurer reasonable access during normal business hours for any such inspection. The Administrator, at its discretion, may schedule a subsequent inspection to determine compliance.

When a request for warranty performance is filed and the Defect and/or Deficiency cannot be observed under normal conditions, it is Your responsibility to substantiate that the need for warranty performance exists including any costs involved.

You have an obligation to cooperate with the mediation, inspection, and investigation of Your warranty request. Your warranty file may be closed should You fail to cooperate or respond to requests within thirty (30) days.

SECTION 16: ARBITRATION

The parties to this Express Limited Warranty intend and agree that any and all claims, disputes and controversies by or between the Homeowner, the Builder, the Administrator, and/or the Insurer, or any combination of the foregoing, arising out of or related to this Express Limited Warranty, any alleged Defect and/or Deficiency in or to the subject Home or the real property on which the subject Home is situated, or the sale of the subject Home by the Builder, including, without limitation, any claim of breach of contract, negligent or intentional misrepresentation, or nondisclosure in the inducement, execution, or performance of any contract, including this arbitration agreement, or breach of any alleged duty of good faith and fair dealing, shall be settled by binding arbitration in a manner consistent with this arbitration agreement. Agreeing to arbitration means You are walving Your right to a trial by a judge and/or a jury.

You must begin the arbitration process by giving the Administrator written notice of Your request for arbitration of an Unresolved Warranty Issue. After the Administrator's receipt of Your notice of request for arbitration, any Unresolved Warranty Issue that You have with the Warrantor (Builder or Insurer, as applicable) or Administrator shall be submitted to an independent arbitration service mutually agreed upon by You, the Administrator, and the Warrantor (Builder or Insurer, as applicable). If You, the Administrator, and the Warrantor (Builder or Insurer, as applicable) cannot agree on an independent arbitration service, then both parties agree to use Construction Dispute Resolution Services (CDRS) for the arbitration. This binding arbitration is governed by the procedures of the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. 1 et seq., as amended (FAA), and any rules of the independent arbitration service employed by the parties to the arbitration. Should any conflict exist between the FAA and the rules of the independent arbitration service selected, the FAA shall control.

You understand that should You submit a request for arbitration, You will be required to pay all arbitration fees to the independent arbitration service prior to the issue being presented to the Arbitrator. You and the Warrantor (Builder or Insurer, as applicable) agree that the Arbitrator shall have the power to award the cost of any/all arbitration fees to any party or to split these fees among the parties to the arbitration.

Since this Express Limited Warranty requires mandatory binding arbitration of Unresolved Warranty Issues, if any party hereto commences litigation in violation of this Express Limited Warranty, such party shall reimburse the other parties named in the litigation for their costs and expenses, including reasonable attorney fees, incurred in responding to and/or requesting dismissal or stay of such litigation. The parties to this Express Limited Warranty intend that no party to any arbitration hereunder may make a claim for punitive damages as part of the arbitration proceeding and that the Arbitrator shall not have the authority to award punitive damages to any party hereto.

This arbitration agreement shall inure to the benefit of, and be enforceable by, the Builder's subcontractors, agents, vendors, suppliers, design professionals, Insurers, and any other person alleged to be responsible for any Defects and/or Deficiencies in or to the subject Home or the real property on which the subject Home is situated. Any party shall be entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred in enforcing this arbitration agreement. The decision of the Arbitrator shall be final and binding and may be entered as a judgment in any State or Federal court of competent jurisdiction.

This arbitration agreement shall be deemed to be a self-executing arbitration agreement. Any disputes concerning the interpretation or the enforceability of this arbitration agreement, including, without limitation, its revocability or voidability for any cause, the scope of arbitration issues, and any defense based upon waiver, estoppel or laches, shall be decided by the Arbitrator.

The initiation of or participation by any party in any judicial proceeding concerning this arbitration agreement or any matter arbitrable hereunder shall not be deemed a waiver of the right to enforce this arbitration agreement, and, notwithstanding any applicable rule of law to the contrary, shall not be asserted or accepted as a reason for delay, refusal to participate in, or refusal to enforce this arbitration agreement.

The arbitration hearing shall take place at or near the residence covered by the Express Limited Warranty unless both You and the Warrantor (Builder or Insurer, as applicable) mutually agree to hold the arbitration at a different location.

The Warrantor (Builder or Insurer, as applicable) or Administrator shall have the right, in advance of the arbitration proceeding, to re-inspect any Home which is the subject to the arbitration proceeding if the request for arbitration was made more than sixty (60) days following the last claim decision of the Warrantor (Builder or Insurer, as applicable) or Administrator concerning such Home. No arbitration proceeding shall involve more than one single-family detached dwelling or more than one multi-dwelling unit building.

The parties expressly agree that this Express Limited Warranty and this arbitration agreement touch and concern interstate commerce and are governed by the provisions of the FAA and the rules of the independent arbitration service selected by the parties to the arbitration to the Exclusion of any contrary or inconsistent state of local laws, ordinances, or judicial rules.

If any provision of this arbitration agreement shall be determined by the Arbitrator or by any court to be unenforceable or waived, the remaining provisions shall be deemed to be severable and enforceable according to their terms. The duty to arbitrate hereunder survives the termination of this Express Limited Warranty.

SECTION 17: ENFORCEMENT OF ARBITRATION AWARD

The Arbitrator will determine the amount of time all awards must be completed within. Deadlines may be extended depending on special circumstances (for example, inclement weather). In such circumstances, the Insurer will complete such repairs or replacement as soon as possible without incurring overtime or weekend expenses.

If the Homeowner disagrees with the Arbitrator's decision, s/he has the right to appeal it.

- (1) If the independent Arbitrator makes an award in favor of the Homeowner concerning a dispute under this warranty's Workmanship/Materials and/or Delivery Portion of Systems Coverage, then the arbitrating parties will receive notice of the award and the Builder and/or Insurer (as applicable) will either: a) complete the repair(s) awarded, or b) complete a full payment for the cost of the repair(s) to the Homeowner. In the event that the Builder defaults on its warranty obligations under this compliance paragraph, then the Insurer will assume this responsibility.
- (2) If the independent Arbitrator makes an award in favor of the Homeowner concerning a dispute under this warranty's Major Structural Defect Coverage, then the Insurer will receive notice of the award and either: a) complete the repair(s) awarded, or b) complete a full payment for the cost of the repair(s) to the Homeowner. The independent Arbitrator may grant an extension of time if complicated or time-consuming engineering investigation/design development is involved in order to make the structural repairs.
- (3) Under no circumstance will any independent Arbitrator be allowed to create, establish, or fix a monetary sum as an award to any arbitrating party unless this is expressly agreed to by all of the arbitrating parties and the Builder or Insurer (as applicable). The refusal of the Builder or Insurer (as applicable) to agree to a monetary award does not invalidate any provision stated.
- (4) Within twenty (20) calendar days immediately following the expiration of the applicable compliance period, the prevailing party may request a compliance inspection by contacting the Builder or Insurer (as applicable) in writing. Any cost associated with a compliance inspection must be pre-paid by the requesting party.

SECTION 18: DEFINITIONS

Administrator: StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC is the Administrator of the StrucSure Home Warranty Program, and performs certain warranty-related functions as described in this warranty coverage booklet.

Arbitrator: The person selected to determine and enforce arbitration awards in the event of an Unresolved Warranty Issue. If You and the Administrator cannot agree on an independent arbitration service, then both parties agree to use Construction Dispute Resolution Services (CDRS) for the arbitration.

Builder: The person, corporation, partnership or other entity which is a member of the StrucSure Home Warranty Program and is listed on the StrucSure Home Warranty Home Enrollment Application (HEA). The Builder is the Warrantor in years one (1) for Workmanship/Materials and years one (1) and two (2) for Delivery Portions of Systems.

Certificate of Warranty Coverage: A certificate that the Administrator sends to the Homeowner upon project completion, homeowner acceptance, and receipt of the warranty fees. The certificate includes the Home Enrollment Application (HEA) number and the Effective Date of Warranty. Warranty coverage is not in effect until the Certificate of warranty Coverage has been issued.

Common Element: Any portion of the structure in which attached enrolled units are located.

Consequential Damages: All damages or costs for which a remedy is not expressly provided for in this warranty which includes but is not limited to costs of shelter, transportation, food, moving, storage or other incidental expenses, including those related to relocation during any work performed under this warranty; kenneling of animals, veterinary expenses, pet daycare; loss of use, loss of wages, inconvenience, annoyance, or diminution in value of the Home; any and all consequential loss or damage to personal property, and damage to property which You do not own; physical or mental pain and suffering and emotional distress; medical or hospital expenses; or lost profits and/or wages.

Construction Quality Standard: The standard(s) to which a Home or an element or component of a Home constructed as a part of new Home construction or a material Improvement or interior renovation must perform. Construction Quality Standards are set forth in this warranty booklet.

Date of Homeowner Acceptance: The date indicated on the Home Enrollment Application (HEA) whereby the Homeowner agrees that the Home is complete and there are no outstanding Defects and/or Deficiencies.

Defect/Deficiency: A condition of any item warranted by this Express Limited Warranty which exceeds the allowable tolerances or does not meet the Construction Quality Standards or Performance Standards. Failure to complete construction of the Home or any portion thereof, in whole or in part, is not considered a Defect or Deficiency.

Delivery Portion of Systems: The electrical, plumbing, and mechanical distribution systems in Your Home.

Effective Date of Warranty: The date of closing, first title transfer, first date of occupancy, or the date the Certificate of Occupancy was issued. The Effective Date of Warranty will be indicated on the Certificate of Warranty Coverage.

Express Limited Warranty: The Express Limited Warranty described by the terms and provisions contained within this warranty coverage booklet.

Excessive: A quantity, amount, or degree that exceeds that which is normal, usual, or reasonable under the circumstance.

Exclusion: Items, conditions, or situations not warranted or not covered under this warranty.

Extreme Weather Condition(s): Severe or unseasonal weather or weather phenomena that are at the extremes of the historical distribution. Weather conditions in excess of or outside of the scope of the design criteria stated or assumed for the circumstance or locale in the Residential Code.

Golden Insurance Company (GIC): A Risk Retention Group which, subject to the terms contained in this warranty booklet, provides insured warranty coverage for this warranty product.

Home: The single-family dwelling as identified on the Home Enrollment Application (HEA). The Home may be a single-family detached dwelling, condominium, apartment, townhouse, duplex, manufactured Home or modular Home.

Homeowner: The person(s) listed as the homeowner(s) on the original Homeowner Enrollment Application (HEA), and who must hold legal title to the Home; or, any subsequent homeowner who holds legal title to the Home.

Homeowner Responsibility: An action required by the Homeowner for proper maintenance or care of the Home or the element or component of the Home concerned. A Homeowner's failure to substantially comply with stated Homeowner responsibility creates an Exclusion to the warranty for the Construction Quality Standard or Performance Standard.

Improvement(s): Any labor, materials, or other work supplied by the Builder or its independent contractors or suppliers in performance of the contract documents or other written agreements including but not limited to design plans or specifications.

Insurer: Golden Insurance Company, A Risk Retention Group, (GIC). If coverage is provided and the Builder is unable to perform one (1) and two (2) year warranty obligations, the Insurer becomes the Warrantor and performs Builder warranty obligations. The Insurer is the Warrantor the entire coverage term (years one (1) through ten (10)) for Major Structural Components.

Major Structural Defect (MSD): Please refer to the Major Structural Defect Coverage section in this warranty booklet for the definition of a Major Structural Defect.

Manufactured Product: A component of the Home that was manufactured away from the site of the Home and that was installed in the Home without significant modifications to the product as manufactured. Manufactured Products which are covered by a manufacturer's warranty include, but not limited to, appliances, fixtures, and items of equipment (including attachments and appurtenances). This warranty does not cover systems Deficiencies that are caused by a failure of any Manufactured Product or failure to comply with manufacturer's warranty requirements. This includes air conditioning units, attic fans, boilers, burglar alarms, carbon monoxide detectors, ceiling fans, central vacuum systems, door bell systems, dishwashers, dryers, electronic air cleaners, exhaust fans, fire alarms, freezers, furnaces, garage door openers, garbage disposals, gas and electric meters, heat exchangers, heat pumps, humidifiers, intercoms, interior sprinkler systems, microwave ovens, oil tanks, outside lights or motion lights not attached to the Home, ranges and range hoods, refrigerators, sewage pumps, smoke detectors, solar collectors, space heaters, sump pumps, thermostats, trash compactors, washers, water pumps, water softeners, water heaters, whirlpool bathtubs, whole house fans and similar items/appliances. For purposes of this booklet, a Manufactured Product includes any component of a Home for which the manufacturer provides a warranty, provided that the manufacturer permits transfer of the warranty to the Homeowner.

Original Construction Elevations: Actual elevations of the foundation taken prior to substantial completion of the residential construction project. Such actual elevations shall include elevations of porches and garages if those structures are part of a monolithic foundation. To establish Original Construction Elevations, elevations shall be taken at a rate of approximately one (1) elevation per 100 square feet showing a reference point, subject to obstructions. Each elevation shall describe the floor. If no such actual elevations are taken then the foundation for the habitable areas of the home are presumed to be level +/- 0.75 inch (three-quarters of an inch) over the length of the foundation.

Performance Standard: The standard(s) to which a Home or an element or component of a Home constructed as a part of new Home construction, a material Improvement, or interior renovation must perform. Performance Standards are set forth in this warranty booklet.

Residential Code: The requirements specified in the text of the Residential Code officially adopted by the state, city, county (or parish) in which Your Home is located.

StrucSure Home Warranty (SHW): The Administrator of this Express Limited Warranty. SHW is neither the Warrantor nor the Insurer.

Unresolved Warranty Issue: A request for performance under the warranty that has not been met by the Builder and/or his subcontractors.

Warranted Defect/Warranted Deficiencies: A condition of a warranted item that, according to the Construction Quality Standards and Performance Standards described in this Express Limited Warranty, requires action by the Warrantor (Builder or Insurer, as applicable). Failure to complete construction of the Home or any portion of the Home in whole or in part is not considered a Warranted Defect.

Warrantor: The Builder in years one (1) for Workmanship/Materials and years one (1) and two (2) for Delivery Portions of Systems. If coverage is provided and the Builder is unable to perform one (1) and two (2) year warranty obligations, the Insurer becomes the Warrantor and performs Builder warranty obligations. The Insurer (GIC) is the Warrantor the entire coverage term (years one (1) through ten (10)) for Major Structural Defects.

Warranty Term: The period during which a Warranted Defect and/or Deficiency must first occur in order to be covered, and is that period which begins on the Effective Date of Warranty as defined above and ends one (1), two (2), or ten (10) years thereafter, depending on the covered item.

Workmanship/Materials: The standard and quality of a Builder's work or the skills used in construction. Materials are the items used for construction.

You/Your: You/Your means the person(s) listed as the Homeowner(s) on the original Home Enrollment Application (HEA), and who must hold legal title to the Home; or, any subsequent Homeowner(s) who holds legal title to the Home.



WARRANTY PROGRAM OVERVIEW

StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC provides third-party, insurance- backed home warranties to builders and homeowners across the United States. Below is a description of our new home warranty programs and what they cover. If you have further questions, please call 1.877.806.8777 or visit www.strucsure.com.



▶ 1-2 & 10 YEAR WARRANTY

This multi-part warranty program includes the following:

- The one-year warranty is a builder surety and backs the builder's warranty on workmanship and materials. Covered components of a home that do not meet established Performance Standards during the first year will be repaired, replaced, or paid for under our warranty in the event the builder is unwilling or unable to do so.
- The two-year warranty is a builder surety and backs the builder's warranty for the delivery portion of systems. Covered components of a home that do not meet established Performance Standards during the first two years will be repaired, replaced, or paid for under our warranty in the event the builder is unwilling or unable to do so.
- The 10-year structural warranty is a direct warranty that begins on the day of your home's closing and lasts for 10 years. As a direct warranty, we are the responsible party for major structural defects. If a major structural defect occurs within the first 10 years, it will be repaired, replaced, or paid for under our warranty.

This warranty provides coverage on workmanship and materials for one year from the date of closing on the following; 7. finishes

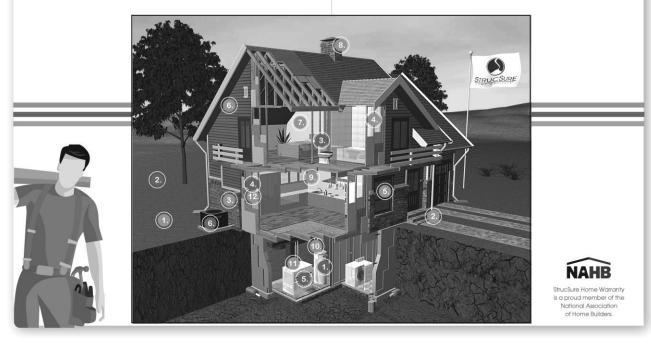
- 1. site work
- 2. concrete 3. masonry
- 8. specialties (e.g., fireplaces)
- 9. equipment (e.g., cabinets)
- 4. carpentry
- 10. mechanical systems (e.g., plumbing) 11. heating, air conditioning, & ductwork
- 5. doors & windows 6. siding & roofing
 - 12. electrical systems

TWO-YEAR DELIVERY PORTION OF SYSTEMS*

This warranty provides coverage on the delivery portion of systems (electrical, plumbing, and mechanical distribution systems) for two years from the date of closing on the following:

- 1. water supply system 4. electrical
- 2. septic tank system
- 3. plumbing
- 5. heating 6. air conditioning

*Please reference our Warranty Coverage Booklet for specific terms, conditions, and exclusions.



TEN-YEAR MAJOR STRUCTURAL DEFECTS*

This warranty provides coverage for any major structural defects that occur within the 10-year warranty term. Coverage begins on the day of your home's closing and covers the following home components:

- 1. load-bearing foundation systems, footings, and piers 6. load-bearing headers
- load-bearing floor framing systems
 load-bearing walls and partitions

4. load-bearing roof framing systems

5. load-bearing beams

- 7. load-bearing girders
- 8. load-bearing lintels (other than those supporting veneers)
- 9. load-bearing columns (other than those designed to be cosmetic)
- 10. load-bearing masonry arches (other than those designed to be cosmetic)



WHY CHOOSE STRUCSURE HOME WARRANTY?

More than just a warranty company, StrucSure Home Warranty goes the extra mile to meet the needs of our clients. For nearly 15 years, we've worked hard to provide builders with risk management products that not only protect their bottom line, but add to it by building buyer confidence and giving homebuyers peace-of-mind. We offer stellar service, competitive rates, and the best coverage available in the industry.

LEAVE THE RISK TO US!

If you are interested in learning more about who we are, why builders choose us and stay with us, and why homeowners appreciate us, we invite you to visit www.strucsure.com or call 1.877.806.8777.

COMPETITIVE PRICING I FOCUS ON CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE I WE PAY CLAIMS! I PRO-BUILDER MANAGEMENT TEAM INSURANCE-BACKED COVERAGE I FHA APPROVED & HUD ACCEPTED I EASY ONLINE MEMBERSHIP & HOME ENROLLMENT IMMEDIATE STRUCTURAL COVERAGE I TRANSFERABLE WARRANTY I MANDATORY THIRD-PARTY ARBITRATION FREE MARKETING SUPPORT & SALES TRAINING I DISCOUNTED INSURANCE PRODUCTS FOR WARRANTY CLIENTS



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6825 East Tennessee Avenue, Suite #410 | Denver, CO 80224

1.877.806.8777 (toll-free) | 303.806.8688 (office) | 303.806.9897 (fax) | <u>www.strucsure.com</u>

NOTICE OF MAJOR STRUCTURAL DEFECT CLAIM FORM

Please read the SHW Express Limited Warranty Coverage Booklet before completing this form. This form must be completed in its entirety and submitted along with a copy of the Home Enrollment Application (HEA). This form must be received by StrucSure Home Warranty prior to the expiration of the applicable warranty period. A warranty service fee may be required. Please contact a Claims Representative at 1.877.806.8777 for more details.

Name						
Claim Address Stre		Cit		Chata		7:
		City		State		Zip
Home Phone ()	Busin	ess Phone <u>()</u>		Cell Phone ()	
Email Address						
Effective Date of Warranty			_ Home Enrollment Ap	pplication No.		
Mor	nth Day	Year			SHW H	EA #
Please note that the warranty pro encouraged to review and underst						
 Have You read the defir Have You read the Excl Do You feel Your Home Do You feel Your Home Do You feel that Your H Please describe the nature of th	usions in the Express is unlivable because is unlivable because ome is unlivable for s	E Limited Warranty Cover it is unsafe? ☐ Yes it is unsanitary? ☐ Yes come other reason? ☐	age Booklet?	s 🗍 No		□ No per):
Date Defect was first observed_	Month Day		orted to Builder <u>in wri</u>	i ting Month	Day	Year
If Your Home still has the origin	al FHA financing in	effect, You are required	to provide the follow	wing information:		
FHA Case Number						
Name of Mortgage Company						
Address of Mortgage Company						
Attach copies of any relevant corre	espondence between	You and Your Builder in	volving this matter			
Homeowne	r signature			Date		
Homeowne	r signature			Date		
It is unlawful to knowingly provide attempting to defraud the company. the full extent of the law. This form i	Penalties may include	e imprisonment, fines, den	ial of coverage, and civi	I damages. Violators	will be pro	secuted to



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REQUEST FOR WARRANTY PERFORMANCE FORM (WORKMANSHIP/MATERIALS AND/OR DELIVERY PORTION OF SYSTEMS)

Please read the SHW Express Limited Warranty Coverage Booklet before completing this form. If Your previous written attempts to resolve the warranted Defect and/or Deficiency with Your Builder have failed, complete this form and send it to Your Builder and StrucSure Home Warranty, Attn: Warranty Service Division. This form must be received by Your Builder and StrucSure Home Warranty prior to the expiration of the applicable warranty period. A warranty service fee may be required. Please contact a Claims Representative at 1.877.806.8777 for more details.

Name				
Claim Address			-	
Street	Ci	ty	State	Zip
lome Phone () E	3usiness Phone ()		Cell Phone (
mail Address				
ffective Date of Warranty		Home Enrollm	nent Application No.	
Month	Day Year			SHW HEA #
Please describe the nature of the Defect and/o sheet of paper):	or Deficiency as accurately	and specifically	/ as possible (if necessar	y, attach a separa
Date Defect/Deficiency was first observed	Month Day	Year		
Date Defect/Deficiency was first reported to the	e Builder <u>in writing</u>			
		Month D	ay Year	
f Your Home still has the original FHA financir FHA Case Number		·		
Jame of Mortgage Company				
Address of Mortgage Company				
Attach copies of any relevant correspondence be has failed to perform its obligations as set forth un				
Homeowner Signature			Date	
Homeowner Signature			Date	
Homeowner Signature It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may in the full extent of the law. This form is not confirmatic	nclude imprisonment, fines, de	nial of coverage, a	rance company for the purp nd civil damages. Violators	will be prosecuted



StrucSure Home Warranty, LLC

3901 Arlington Highlands Blvd, Ste #200 | Arlington, TX 76018 6825 East Tennessee Avenue, Suite #410 | Denver, CO 80224 (Corporate Office) 1.877.806.8777 (toll-free) | 303.806.8688 (office) | 303.806.9897 (fax)

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