

# **SELLER'S DISCLOSURE NOTICE**

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Section 5.008, Property Code requires a seller of residential property of not more than one dwelling unit to deliver a Seller's Disclosure Notice to a buyer on or before the effective date of a contract. This form complles with and contains additional disclosures which exceed the minimum disclosures required by the Code.

4428 Avenue N 1/2

CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT				Ŧ	Galveston, TX 77550									
DATE SIGNED BY SEI	LLEF	R AI	ND I	SN	OT	A S	UBSTITUTE FOR A	NY	INS	PECT	TION OF THE PROPERTY AS IONS OR WARRANTIES THE SELLER'S AGENTS, OR ANY	BL	JYEI	R
Seller is is not o	ccup	ying	the	Pro	per (ap	ty. If	unoccupied (by Sellimate date) or nev	er), l ⁄er o	now	long :	since Seller has occupied the fine Property	²rop	erty	?
Section 1. The Proper This notice does	rty h not e	as t stabl	h <b>e i</b> ish t	tem he it	s m ems	arke to be	ed below: (Mark Yes	( <b>Y</b> ),	No de	(N), c	or Unknown (U).) e which items will & will not conve	у.		
Item	Y	N	U	1	Ite	m		Y	N	U	Item	Y	N	U
Cable TV Wiring	1			1	Lie	quid	Propane Gas:		1	$\Box$	Pump: sump grinder	H	1	Ť
Carbon Monoxide Det.		V		1			ommunity (Captive)		V	$\Box$	Rain Gutters	$\vdash$		
Ceiling Fans	V			1			Property		1	$\Box$	Range/Stove	V		
Cooktop		V		1	Ho	ot Tu	ıb		1		Roof/Attic Vents	1./		
Dishwasher	V			1	Int	erco	om System		1	$\Box$	Sauna		/	
Disposal	1			1	-		vave		V	П	Smoke Detector			
Emergency Escape Ladder(s)		V			Oı	utdo	or Grill		1		Smoke Detector - Hearing Impaired			
Exhaust Fans	~			1	Pa	tio/[	Decking	1			Spa	$\vdash$		
Fences	1			1	_		ing System	1			Trash Compactor	$\vdash$	7	
Fire Detection Equip.					Po		<u> </u>		V		TV Antenna	$\vdash$		
French Drain		/		1	Po	ol E	quipment		1	П	Washer/Dryer Hookup			
Gas Fixtures	V						laint. Accessories		V	$\vdash$	Window Screens	1	$\dashv$	
Natural Gas Lines	V				-		eater		V	$\Box$	Public Sewer System-		$\neg$	
Item				Y	N	U			Α	dditic	onal Information			
Central A/C				V			✓ electric gas	nun	nber	of un	its: two(Z)			
Evaporative Coolers					1		number of units:							
Wall/Window AC Units					V		number of units:							
Attic Fan(s)					V		if yes, describe:							
Central Heat				V			✓ electric ✓ gas number of units: (2) +wo							
Other Heat					/		if yes, describe:							
Oven				~			number of ovens:			elec	etric gas vother:			
Fireplace & Chimney				/	*		wood gas log	s	mo	ck	other:		-	
Carport							attached not	atta	ched	<u> </u>				_
Garage				/			attached not attached							
Garage Door Openers				1			number of units: +	wo (	(2)		number of remotes: two	Z		
Satellite Dish & Controls					V		ownedlease	d fro	m:					
Security System owned leased from: ADT														
Solar Panels owned leased from:														
Water Heater			V			electric _/gas	ot	her:	,	number of units:	DNE	(1	)	
Water Softener				-	V		ownedleased							
Other Leased Items(s)					V		if yes, describe:							
(TXR-1406) 09-01-19		ı	nitia	led b	y: B	uyer:	, aı	nd Se	eller:	Kun	. Pa	ge 1	of 6	

### 4428 Avenue N 1/2 Galveston, TX 77550

Underground Lawn Sprinkle	r	V		auto	omatic	manual	are	as o	cove	red: PARTIAL/NON OP.		
Septic / On-Site Sewer Facility if yes, attach Information About On-Site Sewer Facility (TXR-1407)												
Water supply provided by:  Was the Property built before (If yes, complete, sign, a Roof Type:  Is there an overlay roof of covering)?  Are you (Seller) aware of all are need of repair?  yes	city e 1978 and atta	3? <u>v</u> ach 7 / <i>6ve</i> g on wn he ite	the Pro	JD c no u 6 conce operty (	o-op _ nknow erning l _ Age: /shingle	unknown ead-based 3 YEAG es or roof	pain	othe nt ha erin	r: azaro g pl	ds). (appn aced over existing shingle	oxima s or	
												_
Section 2. Are you (Seller aware and No (N) if you are	not a	e of	∍.)	ects or	malfu	nctions in	any	of	the	following? (Mark Yes (Y) if	you	are
Item	YN	1	Item				Y	N	1	Item	Y	N
Basement	V	4	Floors					V	1	Sidewalks		1
Ceilings	V	4		dation /				V	]	Walls / Fences		1
Doors	v	4		or Walls				1		Windows		1
Driveways	V			ng Fixtu				~	1	Other Structural Components		V
Electrical Systems	V	4		oing Sys	tems		~	2	in			
Exterior Walls	V		Roof					V				
Section 3. Are you (Seller you are not aware.)				he follo	wing	conditions	? (N	/lark	Ye:	s (Y) if you are aware and		
Condition		_		Y	N	Condition Y					N	
Aluminum Wiring					V	Radon Gas					6	
Asbestos Components  Diseased Trees: oak wilt				_	V	Settling					1	$\square$
Diseased Trees: oak wilt Endangered Species/Habitat	on Dr	- n - wh		_	V	Soil Movement				$\vdash$	V	
Fault Lines	on Pro	operi	у		V	Subsurface Structure or Pits				-	-	
Hazardous or Toxic Waste		_		_		Underground Storage Tanks Unplatted Easements				-	V	
Improper Drainage	45.25			-	1	Unrecord					+	1
Intermittent or Weather Sprin		-14				Urea-form					-	V
Landfill	gs				V					Due to a Flood Event	+	-
Lead-Based Paint or Lead-B	ased P	of Ha	zards	_		Wetlands					$\vdash$	V
Encroachments onto the Pro		t. 110	20103	_		Wood Ro		1 10	per	<b>y</b>	+	
Improvements encroaching of		rs' pr	operty	_				ation	of t	ermites or other wood	1	/
	••	. о р.	орону			destroyin						/
Located in Historic District				$\neg$	1					or termites or WDI	$\vdash$	
Historic Property Designation				/				_	/DI damage repaired	1	1	
Previous Foundation Repairs					Previous						1	
Previous Roof Repairs			1						age needing repair			
Previous Other Structural Repairs				1		ocka			n Drain in Pool/Hot		V	
Previous Use of Premises for of Methamphetamine	Manu	factu	ire		1						1	

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Initialed by: Buyer: \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_ and Seller: \_\_\_\_\_,

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"Flood insurance rate map" means the most recent flood hazard map published by the Fede<u>ral E</u>mergency Management Agency under the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. Section 4001 et seq.). "Floodway" means an area that is identified on the flood insurance rate map as a regulatory floodway, which includes the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved for the discharge of a base flood, also referred to as a 100-year flood, without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than a designated height. "Reservoir" means a water impoundment project operated by the United States Army Corps of Engineers that is intended to retain water or delay the runoff of water in a designated surface area of land.

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Initialed by: Buyer: \_\_\_ and Seller:

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# 4428 Avenue N 1/2

Concernin	g the Property at Galveston, TX 77550
Section 6 provider,	. Have you (Seller) ever filed a claim for flood damage to the Property with any insurance including the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP)?*   ✓ yes no If yes, explain (attach additional necessary):   ☐ # UP PIC ANE FIE G.13 · 2008
Even v	s in high risk flood zones with mortgages from federally regulated or insured lenders are required to have flood insurance when not required, the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) encourages homeowners in high risk, moderate and low risk flood zones to purchase flood insurance that covers the structure(s) and the personal property within the
Administr	Have you (Seller) ever received assistance from FEMA or the U.S. Small Business ation (SBA) for flood damage to the Property? yes // no If yes, explain (attach additional sheets as:
Section 8.	Are you (Seller) aware of any of the following? (Mark Yes (Y) if you are aware. Mark No (N) if you are
<u>Y N</u>	Room additions, structural modifications, or other alterations or repairs made without necessary permits, with unresolved permits, or not in compliance with building codes in effect at the time.
	Homeowners' associations or maintenance fees or assessments. If yes, complete the following:  Name of association:
	Name of association:  Manager's name:  Fees or assessments are: \$ per and are: mandatory voluntary  Any unpaid fees or assessment for the Property? yes (\$ ) no  If the Property is in more than one association, provide information about the other associations below or attach information to this notice.
✓	Any common area (facilities such as pools, tennis courts, walkways, or other) co-owned in undivided interest with others. If yes, complete the following:  Any optional user fees for common facilities charged? yes no If yes, describe:
	Any notices of violations of deed restrictions or governmental ordinances affecting the condition or use of the Property.
	Any lawsuits or other legal proceedings directly or indirectly affecting the Property. (Includes, but is not limited to: divorce, foreclosure, heirship, bankruptcy, and taxes.)
	Any death on the Property except for those deaths caused by: natural causes, suicide, or accident unrelated to the condition of the Property.
	Any condition on the Property which materially affects the health or safety of an individual.
_ ∠	Any repairs or treatments, other than routine maintenance, made to the Property to remediate environmental hazards such as asbestos, radon, lead-based paint, urea-formaldehyde, or mold.  If yes, attach any certificates or other documentation identifying the extent of the remediation (for example, certificate of mold remediation or other remediation).
	Any rainwater harvesting system located on the Property that is larger than 500 gallons and that uses a public water supply as an auxiliary water source.
_ ∠	The Property is located in a propane gas system service area owned by a propane distribution system retailer.
f the argue	Any portion of the Property that is located in a groundwater conservation district or a subsidence district.
	er to any of the items in Section 8 is yes, explain (attach additional sheets if necessary):

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Initialed by: Buyer: \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_ and Seller:

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Concerning the Pro	pperty at	4428 Avenue N 1/2 Galveston, TX 77550						
				,				
Section 9. Seller	has has not at	tached a survey of f	he Property.					
persons who re	n the last 4 years, gularly provide insp o perform inspections	pections and who	are either license	d as inspector	s or otherwise			
Inspection Date	Туре	Name of Inspector			No. of Pages			
FALL 2017	WINDSTORM (Resp	ON FILE						
FALL 2019	WINDS TOTEM/ WINDOW	ON FILE						
SPRING ZOZO	TERM ITE /mount	WI TORMINE	*					
Note: A buyer	should not rely on the a		s a reflection of the cu n inspectors chosen by		he Property.			
Section 11. Check	any tax exemption(s)	which you (Seller)	currently claim for the	e Property:				
✓ Homestead	agement	Senior Citizen		isabled				
Wildlife Man	agement	Agricultural	·	isabled Veteran				
	you (Seller) ever filed			nknown				
which the claim wa	as made?yesno	I in a legal proceed	ing) and not used the	proceeds to mal	ce the repairs for			
	g + regions			- 110-				
requirements of C	the Property have wo hapter 766 of the Heal neets if necessary):	th and Safety Code	?* unknown no	yes. If no or u	smoke detector unknown, explain.			
	* Andrew Special				-			
installed in acc including perfo	of the Health and Safety Co cordance with the requiren rmance, location, and pow rea, you may check unknow	nents of the building co wer source requiremen	ode in effect in the area ts. If you do not know th	in which the dwelling e building code regi	g is located,			
family who will impairment from the seller to ins	quire a seller to install smo reside in the dwelling is n a licensed physician; and stall smoke detectors for the bear the cost of installing the	hearing-impaired; (2) tl d (3) within 10 days afte he hearing-impaired an	he buyer gives the seller or the effective date, the b and specifies the locations	written evidence of uyer makes a written for installation. The	the hearing n request for			
Seller acknowledges the broker(s), has in Gignature of Seller	s that the statements in structed or influenced S	Seller to provide inacc	to the best of Seller's curate information or to mature of Seller	belief and that no omit any material	person, including information.  Date			
Printed Name: Ka	TH C. MAH	4FPEY Pri	nted Name: Suse	the Mah	affey			
TXR-1406) 09-01-19	Initialed by:	Buyer: ,	and Seller:	. AM	Page 5 of 6			

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#### ADDITIONAL NOTICES TO BUYER:

- (1) The Texas Department of Public Safety maintains a database that the public may search, at no cost, to determine if registered sex offenders are located in certain zip code areas. To search the database, visit <a href="www.txdps.state.tx.us">www.txdps.state.tx.us</a>. For information concerning past criminal activity in certain areas or neighborhoods, contact the local police department.
- (2) If the Property is located in a coastal area that is seaward of the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway or within 1,000 feet of the mean high tide bordering the Gulf of Mexico, the Property may be subject to the Open Beaches Act or the Dune Protection Act (Chapter 61 or 63, Natural Resources Code, respectively) and a beachfront construction certificate or dune protection permit may be required for repairs or improvements. Contact the local government with ordinance authority over construction adjacent to public beaches for more information.
- (3) If the Property is located in a seacoast territory of this state designated as a catastrophe area by the Commissioner of the Texas Department of Insurance, the Property may be subject to additional requirements to obtain or continue windstorm and hail insurance. A certificate of compliance may be required for repairs or improvements to the Property. For more information, please review *Information Regarding Windstorm and Hail Insurance for Certain Properties* (TXR 2518) and contact the Texas Department of Insurance or the Texas Windstorm Insurance Association.
- (4) This Property may be located near a military installation and may be affected by high noise or air installation compatible use zones or other operations. Information relating to high noise and compatible use zones is available in the most recent Air Installation Compatible Use Zone Study or Joint Land Use Study prepared for a military installation and may be accessed on the Internet website of the military installation and of the county and any municipality in which the military installation is located.
- (5) If you are basing your offers on square footage, measurements, or boundaries, you should have those items independently measured to verify any reported information.
- (6) The following providers currently provide service to the Property:

Electric: TXU	phone #: 972 . 791 . 2888
Sewer: CITY OF GALVESTON	phone #: 405. 757. 3550
Water: CITY OF GALVESTON	phone #: 409 · 747 · 3550
Cable: ComcAsT	phone #: 800 , 134 . 64 89
Trash: CITY UF GALVESTON	phone #:- 4 01 · 717 · 3550
Natural Gas: TEMS GAS	phone #: 800 · 700 · 2443
Phone Company: ComcAsT	phone #: 800 934 6489
Propane: NA	phone #:
Internet: - ComcAst	phone #: 800 · 434 · 6489

(7) This Seller's Disclosure Notice was completed by Seller as of the date signed. The brokers have relied on this notice as true and correct and have no reason to believe it to be false or inaccurate. YOU ARE ENCOURAGED TO HAVE AN INSPECTOR OF YOUR CHOICE INSPECT THE PROPERTY.

The undersigned Buyer acknowledges receipt of the foregoing notice.

And the second s		and 1 Million and the state of	
Signature of Buyer	Date	Signature of Buyer	Date
Printed Name:		Printed Name:	
(TXR-1406) 09-01-19	Initialed by: Buyer:,	and Seller , AM	Page 6 of 6
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# APPROVED BY THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION

10-10-11

## ADDENDUM FOR SELLER'S DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION ON LEAD-BASED PAINT AND LEAD-BASED PAINT HAZARDS AS REQUIRED BY FEDERAL LAW

	(Street Address and City)
	LEAD WARNING STATEMENT: "Every purchaser of any interest in residential real property on which a residential dwelling was built prior to 1978 is notified that such property may present exposure to lead from lead-based paint that may place young children at risk of developing lead poisoning. Lead poisoning in young children may produce permanent neurological damage, including learning disabilities, reduced intelligence quotient, behavioral problems, and impaired memory. Lead poisoning also poses a particular risk to pregnant women. The seller of any interest in residential real property is required to provide the buyer with any information on lead-based paint hazards from risk assessments or inspections in the seller's possession and notify the buyer of any known lead-based paint hazards. A risk assessment or inspection for possible lead-paint hazards is recommended prior to purchase."  NOTICE: Inspector must be properly certified as required by federal law.  SELLER'S DISCLOSURE:  1. PRESENCE OF LEAD-BASED PAINT AND/OR LEAD-BASED PAINT HAZARDS (check one box only):  (a) Known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards are present in the Property (explain):  (b) Seller has no actual knowledge of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the Property.
	RECORDS AND REPORTS AVAILABLE TO SELLER (check one box only):      (a) Seller has provided the purchaser with all available records and reports pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the Property (list documents):      (b) Seller has no reports or records pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the
	Property.
C.	BUYER'S RIGHTS (check one box only):  1. Buyer waives the opportunity to conduct a risk assessment or inspection of the Property for the presence of lead-based paint or lead-based paint hazards.  2. Within ten days after the effective date of this contract, Buyer may have the Property inspected by inspectors selected by Buyer. If lead-based paint or lead-based paint hazards are present, Buyer may terminate this contract by giving Seller written notice within 14 days after the effective date of this contract, and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer.
D.	BUYER'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT (check applicable boxes):  1. Buyer has received copies of all information listed above.
E.	2. Buyer has received the pamphlet Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home. BROKERS' ACKNOWLEDGMENT: Brokers have informed Seller of Seller's obligations under 42 U.S.C. 4852d to:
	(a) provide Buyer with the federally approved pamphlet on lead poisoning prevention; (b) complete this
	addendum; (c) disclose any known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the Property; (d) deliver all records and reports to Buyer pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the Property; (e)
-	provide Buyer a period of up to 10 days to have the Property inspected; and (f) retain a completed copy of this
	addendum for at least 3 years following the sale. Brokers are aware of their responsibility to ensure compliance.
F.	<b>CERTIFICATION OF ACCURACY:</b> The following persons have reviewed the information above and certify, to the best of their knowledge, that the information they have provided is true and accurate.
	Kath Charlet A 7: 12:20
Buy	
,	Keith C Mahaffey
Buy	Susette Mahaffey Harringto
	er Broker Date Listing Broker Date
Edi	e Harrington Edie Harrington
	The form of this addendum has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission for use only with similarly approved or promulgated forms of contracts. Such approval relates to this contract form only. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate licensees. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not suitable for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, 512-936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov)

(TXR 1906) 10-10-11



## **COVID-19 Addendum**

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#### TO CONTRACT CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT

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- A. Automatic Delay: Notwithstanding any other provisions of the contract, Seller and Buyer agree that in the event the closing as defined in Paragraph 9 of the contract is not able to be performed due to a voluntary or mandatory SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) virus quarantine or closure, either party may, by providing notice to the other party, extend the Closing Date for a period of thirty (30) days. If any portion of the closing is still not able to be performed upon the expiration of the extension, either party may, by providing notice to the other party, terminate the contract without any further liability to the other party, and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer.
- B. Seller and Buyer agree, notwithstanding that Buyer may have removed their financing contingency, that if Buyer is not able to fund their loan and close due to Buyer's loss of income from COVID-19 related issues, then either party may terminate the contract and earnest money will be refunded to the Buyer.
- C. The parties will exercise best efforts to utilize remote services to perform obligations under the contract that otherwise cannot be performed in person due to a voluntary or mandatory COVID-19 virus quarantine or closure.

Buyers and Sellers are advised to CONSULT AN ATTORNEY BEFORE SIGNING. Texas Real Estate Commission rules prohibit real estate license holders from giving legal advice. This addendum is not a mandatory Texas Real Estate Commission form.

NOTE: This addendum changes the obligations of the Buyer and Seller as follows: (1) possible extension of the Closing Date in Paragraph 9 of the contract; and (2) possible termination of the contract beyond terms provided in Paragraph 2 of the Third Party Financing Addendum.

·		City Chrolist	12 July 2020
Buyer	Date	Seller	Date
Buyer	Date	Seller Malley	Date 12, 2020

# Information concerning the use of COVID-19 Addendum (TXR-2520)

Note: Use of the *COVID-19 Addendum* is not mandatory and may not be appropriate in all circumstances. Depending on the goals and needs of the parties, use of an existing form may be more appropriate when dealing with COVID-19-related issues. For example:

- If the parties want to negotiate an extension to the closing date to a definite date, they may use the *Amendment* (TXR-1903) form, filling in the new date in paragraph 3.
- If the parties want to negotiate an extension to the time the buyer has to obtain buyer approval under the *Third Party Financing Addendum*, they may also use the *Amendment* (TXR-1903) form, filling in the new date in paragraph 7.
- If the parties want to terminate the contract, they may use the *Release of Earnest Money* (TXR-1904) form, which releases the parties from any and all liability under the sales contract. The parties may also agree how the earnest money will be dispersed.

The COVID-19 pandemic is causing unprecedented impact and uncertainty for Texas real estate transactions. Voluntary and mandatory quarantines and the closure of government and private offices may impede the ability of parties to successfully fund and close transactions.

To address these uncertainties, Texas REALTORS® has created the *COVID-19 Addendum* (TXR-2520). The *COVID-19 Addendum* provides for a 30-day extension of the closing date in a residential sales contract if the closing cannot occur due to a voluntary or mandatory COVID-19 quarantine or closure. If the closing cannot occur after the 30-day extension, either party may terminate the sales contract with the earnest money being returned to the buyer. The *COVID-19 Addendum* also permits either party to terminate the sales contract, with the buyer receiving the earnest money, if the buyer is unable to fund their loan beyond the time provided in the *Third Party Financing Addendum* due to loss of income from a COVID-19-related issue.

The 30-day extension under the addendum is available if the delay in closing is due to a quarantine or closure that affects the buyer, seller, or other service provider, including, but not limited to, a title company, lender, inspector, or appraiser.

The COVID-19 Addendum may be used as an addendum to a new contract or to amend a currently executed contract. The addendum may be used in conjunction with the following residential sales contracts:

- One to Four Family Residential Contract (Resale) (TXR-1601)
- New Home Contract (Incomplete Construction) (TXR-1603)
- New Home Contract (Completed Construction) (TXR 1604)
- Residential Condominium Contract (Resale) (TXR-1605)
- Unimproved Property Contract (TXR-1607)
- New Residential Condominium Contract (Completed Construction) (TXR-1608)
- New Residential Condominium Contract (Incomplete Construction) (TXR-1609)

Due to the uncertainty caused by COVID-19, buyers and sellers should be especially attentive to timelines in the contract in order to be in the best position to perform their contractual obligations or extend the deadlines as necessary.



# **INFORMATION ABOUT SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS**

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#### **CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT**

4428 Avenue N 1/2 Galveston, TX 77550

#### A. FLOOD AREAS:

- (1) The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) designates areas that have a high risk of flooding as special flood hazard areas.
- (2) A property that is in a special flood hazard area lies in a "V-Zone" or "A-Zone" as noted on flood insurance rate maps. Both V-Zone and A-Zone areas are areas with high risk of flooding.
- (3) Some properties may also lie in the "floodway" which is the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge a flood under FEMA rules. Communities must regulate development in these floodways.

#### **B. AVAILABILITY OF FLOOD INSURANCE:**

- (1) Generally, flood insurance is available regardless of whether the property is located in or out of a special flood hazard area. Contact your insurance agent to determine if any limitations or restrictions apply to the property in which you are interested.
- (2) FEMA encourages every property owner to purchase flood insurance regardless of whether the property is in a high, moderate, or low risk flood area.
- (3) A homeowner may obtain flood insurance coverage (up to certain limits) through the National Flood Insurance Program. Supplemental coverage is available through private insurance carriers.
- (4) A mortgage lender making a federally related mortgage will require the borrower to maintain flood insurance if the property is in a special flood hazard area.

#### C. GROUND FLOOR REQUIREMENTS:

- (1) Many homes in special flood hazard areas are built-up or are elevated. In elevated homes the ground floor typically lies below the base flood elevation and the first floor is elevated on piers, columns, posts, or piles. The base flood elevation is the highest level at which a flood is likely to occur as shown on flood insurance rate maps.
- (2) Federal, state, county, and city regulations:
  - (a) restrict the use and construction of any ground floor enclosures in elevated homes that are in special flood hazard areas.
  - (b) may prohibit or restrict the remodeling, rebuilding, and redevelopment of property and improvements in the floodway.
- (3) The first floor of all homes must now be built above the base flood elevation.
  - (a) Older homes may have been built in compliance with applicable regulations at the time of construction and may have first floors that lie below the base flood elevation, but flood insurance rates for such homes may be significant.

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- (b) It is possible that modifications were made to a ground floor enclosure after a home was first built. The modifications may or may not comply with applicable regulations and may or may not affect flood insurance rates.
- (c) It is important for a buyer to determine if the first floor of a home is elevated at or above the base flood elevation. It is also important for a buyer to determine if the property lies in a floodway.
- (4) Ground floor enclosures that lie below the base flood elevation may be used only for: (i) parking; (ii) storage; and (iii) building access. Plumbing, mechanical, or electrical items in ground floor enclosures that lie below the base flood elevation may be prohibited or restricted and may not be eligible for flood insurance coverage. Additionally:
  - (a) in A-Zones, the ground floor enclosures below the base flood elevation must have flow-through vents or openings that permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters;
  - (b) in V-Zones, the ground floor enclosures must have break-away walls, screening, or lattice walls; and
  - (c) in floodways, the remodeling or reconstruction of any improvements may be prohibited or otherwise restricted.

#### D. COMPLIANCE:

- (1) The above-referenced property may or may not comply with regulations affecting ground floor enclosures below the base flood elevation.
- (2) A property owner's eligibility to purchase or maintain flood insurance, as well as the cost of the flood insurance, is dependent on whether the property complies with the regulations affecting ground floor enclosures.
- (3) A purchaser or property owner may be required to remove or modify a ground floor enclosure that is not in compliance with city or county building requirements or is not entitled to an exemption from such requirements.
- (4) A flood insurance policy maintained by the current property owner does not mean that the property is in compliance with the regulations affecting ground floor enclosures or that the buyer will be able to continue to maintain flood insurance at the same rate.
- (5) Insurance carriers calculate the cost of flood insurance using a rate that is based on the elevation of the lowest floor.
  - (a) If the ground floor lies below the base flood elevation and does not meet federal, state, county, and city requirements, the ground floor will be the lowest floor for the purpose of computing the rate.
  - (b) If the property is in compliance, the first elevated floor will be the lowest floor and the insurance rate will be significantly less than the rate for a property that is not in compliance.
  - (c) If the property lies in a V-Zone the flood insurance rate will be impacted if a ground floor enclosure below the base flood elevation exceeds 299 square feet (even if constructed with break-away walls).

(TXR 1414) 01-01-14

#### **E. ELEVATION CERTIFICATE:**

The elevation certificate is an important tool in determining flood insurance rates. It is used to provide elevation information that is necessary to ensure compliance with floodplain management laws. To determine the proper insurance premium rate, insurers rely on an elevation certificate to certify building elevations at an acceptable level above flood map levels. If available in your area, it is recommended that you obtain an elevation certificate for the property as soon as possible to accurately determine future flood insurance rates.

You are encouraged to: (1) inspect the property for all purposes, including compliance with any ground floor enclosure requirement; (2) review the flood insurance policy (costs and coverage) with your insurance agent; and (3) contact the building permitting authority if you have any questions about building requirements or compliance issues.

Receipt acknowledged by:			
Signature	Date	Signature	Date
		60 Feb.	
37 <u>1886</u>		17 Marie 17	
7			



### GENERAL INFORMATION AND NOTICE TO BUYERS AND SELLERS

USE OF THIS FORM BY PERSONS WHO ARE NOT MEMBERS OF THE TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®, INC. IS NOT AUTHORIZED. ®Texas Association of REALTORS®, Inc. 2018

Be an informed seller or buyer. The following information may assist you during your real estate transaction.

ANNEXATION. If a property is outside the limits of a municipality, the buyer should be aware that the property may later be annexed by a nearby municipality. The buyer may find information on the boundaries of nearby municipalities by contacting the municipalities directly.

APPRAISAL. An appraisal is a valuation of the property. An appraiser renders an estimate of value as of a certain date under assumptions and conditions stated in the appraisal report. Typically, a buyer's lender requires an appraisal to verify that the loan is secured by property that is worth a certain amount. An appraisal is not the same as an inspection.

BROKERS. A real estate broker represents a party (buyer or seller) in a real estate transaction or may act as an intermediary between the parties. A party may work with the broker or with one of the broker's agents. Both a buyer and seller will be provided a form titled "Information About Brokerage Services" (TXR 2501) which defines agency relationships. An agent may help a seller market the property or help a buyer locate a property. The agent is obligated to negotiate the transaction and may assist in gathering information and may coordinate many details in the transaction. Brokers and agents are not inspectors. They do not possess the expertise to conduct inspections and therefore do not make any representations, warranties, or guarantees about a property's condition. Agents are not attorneys. Parties are encouraged to seek the assistance of an attorney to help in understanding any of the legal consequences and provisions of the contract or transaction.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS.**

General. Over the years the market has identified environmental conditions that buyers should know may exist. Environmental hazards include, but are not limited to, conditions such as: asbestos, lead-based paint, mold, pesticides, radon gas, toxic waste, underground storage tanks, urea formaldehyde insulation, and other pollutants. Wetlands or endangered species on the property may restrict the use of the property.

Environmental Inspections. If the buyer is concerned that environmental hazards, wetlands, or endangered species may be present on the property, the buyer should hire a qualified expert to inspect the property for such items. The parties may include a promulgated addendum (TXR 1917) in the contract that may address such matters.

Lead-Based Paint. If a property was built before 1978, federal law requires that the seller provide the buyer with: (1) the pamphlet titled "Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home" (TXR 2511); (2) the records and reports the seller has concerning lead-based paint or hazards; and (3) an opportunity to have the property inspected for lead-based paint or hazards.

Mold. It is not uncommon to find mold spores in a property. The concern about mold increases when there are large amounts of mold found in a property. The Texas Department of Insurance publishes a document titled "Protect Your Home from Mold" (TXR 2507) which discusses mold in more detail.

Oak Wilt and Diseased Trees. There are diseases such as oak wilt and other conditions that may affect trees and other plants. Oak wilt is a fungus that affects certain oak trees. If the buyer is concerned about such matters, the buyer may have the trees and other plants inspected by a professional.

Noise. Surrounding properties are used for a variety of purposes. Some of the uses cause noise (for example. airports, railways, highways, restaurants, bars, schools, arenas and construction). The buyer is --encouraged to drive to review the area around the property at various times and days.

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**EXPANSIVE SOILS.** Soil conditions vary greatly throughout Texas. Many soils will move; some more than others. This movement will, many times, affect the foundation of homes and buildings and may cause cracks to appear in walls or other parts of the building. Additionally, if a property is newly constructed, the concrete curing process may also cause the foundation of the building to move. Seasonal changes in the moisture in the soil may also cause foundations to move. The buyer should check with an inspector and other experts on preventive methods to minimize the risk of such movement.

**FIRPTA.** The Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act of 1980 (FIRPTA) may require buyers in certain transactions involving a seller who qualifies as a "foreign person" to withhold up to 15% of the amount realized by the seller (usually the sales price) for federal taxes. A "foreign person" is defined as a: (1) nonresident alien individual; (2) foreign corporation that has not made an election under section 897(i) of the Internal Revenue Code to be treated as a domestic corporation; or (3) foreign partnership, trust, or estate. The definition does not include a resident alien individual. A seller should notify the buyer whether the seller is a "foreign person" as defined by federal law. If the seller is unsure whether he or she qualifies as a "foreign person", the seller should consult a tax professional or an attorney.

**FLOOD HAZARD, FLOODWAYS, AND FLOOD INSURANCE**. Many properties are in flood hazard areas. Lenders who make loans on properties located in special flood hazard areas typically require the owner to maintain flood insurance. Additionally, some properties may lie in the floodway. The Texas Association of REALTORS® publishes a form titled, "Information about Special Flood Hazard Areas" (TXR 1414), which discusses flood hazard areas and floodways in more detail. The buyer is encouraged to buy flood insurance regardless of whether the property is in a high, moderate, or low risk flood area.

**HISTORIC OR CONSERVATION DISTRICTS.** Properties located in historic or conservation districts may have restrictions on use and architecture of the properties. Local governments may create historic or conservation districts for the preservation of certain architectural appeal. A property owner may or may not be aware if the property is located in such a district. If the buyer is concerned whether the property is located in such a district, contact the local government for specific information.

#### INSPECTION, REPAIRS, & WALK-THROUGH.

Inspections. The buyer is encouraged to have the property inspected by licensed inspectors. The buyer should have the inspections completed during any option period. The buyer should accompany the inspectors during the inspections and ask the inspectors any questions. Brokers and agents do not possess any special skills, knowledge or expertise concerning inspections or repairs. If the buyer requests names of inspectors or repair professionals from an agent, the buyer should note that the agent is not making any representation or warranty as to the ability or workmanship of the inspector or repair professionals.

Repairs. The buyer and the seller should resolve, in writing, any obligation and any timing of the sobligation to complete repairs the buyer may request before the option period expires.

Walk-Through. Before the close of the sale, the buyer should walk through the property and verify that any repairs are complete. If the condition of the property does not satisfy the contractual provisions, the buyer should notify the buyer's agent before closing.

MANDATORY OWNERS' ASSOCIATIONS. An owners' association may require a property owner to be a member. The buyer may obtain subdivision information (the restrictions applying to the subdivision, the bylaws and rules of the owners' association, and a resale certificate). The buyer may be required to pay for the subdivision information unless otherwise negotiated in the contract. If membership in an owners' association is required, the buyer will probably be obligated to pay periodic dues or assessments. Failure to pay such dues could result in a lien on and foreclosure of the property.

MINERAL INTERESTS. Determining who owns the mineral interests under a property (for example, rights to oil and gas interests) normally requires an expect to review the chain of title to the property. Many times the mineral interests may have been severed from the property and may be owned by persons other than the seller. Contract forms commonly used in Texas provide that the seller's interest, if any, in the mineral interests convey to the buyer as part of the property. However, a seller may wish to retain all or a part of the mineral interests. Texas REALTORS® publishes a form titled "Information about Mineral Clauses in Contract Forms" (TXR 2509) which discusses this issue in more detail.

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MULTIPLE LISTING SERVICE. The Multiple Listing Service (MLS) is a database and cooperative tool between brokers. Agents who use the MLS must comply with the MLS's rules. The listing agent is required to timely report the current status of a listing, including when the property is sold or leased or is no longer available, as well as the sales price. Subscribers (other brokers, agents, appraisers, and other real estate professionals) and appraisal districts have access to the information for market evaluation purposes. Much of the information in the MLS, such as square footage, assessed value, taxes, school boundaries, and year built is obtained from different sources such as the county appraisal district, an appraiser, or builder. The broker or agent who provides information from the MLS does not verify the accuracy of the information. The buyer should independently verify the information in the MLS and not rely on the information.

**PERMITS.** Permits may be required to construct, alter, repair, or improve the property. The buyer is encouraged to contact the local government to verify that all required permits have been obtained, as this may impact future plans for the property.

**POSSESSION.** Most contracts provide that the seller will deliver possession of the property to the buyer at the time the sale *closes and funds or according to a temporary residential lease or other written lease required by the parties.* There may be a short delay between closing and actual funding; especially if the buyer is obtaining funds from a lender. The buyer may need to verify with the lender if the loan will fund on the day of closing. The buyer should also take this potential delay into account when planning the move into the property. Any possession by the buyer before the sale closes and funds (or by the seller after the sale closes and funds) must be authorized by a written lease.

PROPERTY INSURANCE. Promptly after entering into a contract to buy a property and before any option period expires, the buyer should contact an insurance agent to determine the availability and affordability of insurance for the property. There are numerous variables that an insurance company will evaluate when offering insurance at certain coverage levels and at certain prices. Most lenders require that the property be insured in an amount not less than the loan amount. The failure to obtain property insurance before closing may delay the transaction or cause it to end. Texas REALTORS® publishes a document titled, "Information about Property Insurance for a Buyer or Seller" (TXR 2508), which discusses property insurance in more detail.

**RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CONTRACTS.** A residential service contract is a product under which a residential service company, for an annual fee, agrees to repair or replace certain equipment or items in a property (for example, covered appliances, air conditioning and heating systems, and plumbing systems). Co-payments typically apply to most service calls. If the buyer requests names of residential service companies from an agent, the buyer should note that the agent is not making any representation or warranty about the service company.

RESTRICTIONS ON PROPERTY NEAR AN INTERNATIONAL BORDER. Be aware that in certain counties located near an international border, Texas law may prohibit the sale of property lacking required water and sewer services. Even if a sale of such property is permitted, a buyer may face additional costs or restrictions under Texas law due to a lack of basic infrastructure (water, sewer, roads, and drainage). Texas REALTORS® publishes a form titled, "Information Regarding Property Near an International Border" (TXR 2519), which provides more information. Brokers and agents cannot guarantee that a sale of the property is permitted under Texas law or otherwise give legal advice. Consult an attorney.

SCHOOL BOUNDARIES. School boundaries may change and are, at times, difficult to determine. The school boundaries that an agent may provide or that may be provided through a Multiple Listing Service are only mapped estimates from other sources. The buyer is encouraged to verify with the school district which schools residents in the property will attend.

SEPTIC TANKS AND ON-SITE SEWER FACILITIES. Many properties have septic tanks or other on-site sewer facilities. There are several types of such systems. Special maintenance requirements may apply to certain systems. Please refer to a document titled, "Information about On-Site Sewer Facility" (TXR 1407) for

more information. The buyer should also determine if the county requires any registration or other action to begin using the septic system or on-site sewer facility.

**SEX OFFENDERS AND CRIMINAL ACTIVITY.** Neither a seller nor a seller's agent of a residential property has a duty to disclose any information about registered sex offenders. If the buyer is concerned about sex offenders who may reside in the area, access <a href="https://www.txdps.state.tx.us">www.txdps.state.tx.us</a>. Contact the local police department to obtain information about any criminal activity in the area.

**SQUARE FOOTAGE.** If the purchase price is based on the size of the property's building and structures, the buyer should have any information the buyer receives about the square footage independently verified. Square footage information comes from other sources such as appraisal districts, appraisers, and builders. Such information is only an estimate. The actual square footage may vary.

**STATUTORY TAX DISTRICTS.** The property may be located in a utility or other statutorily created district providing water, sewer, drainage, or flood control facilities and services (for example a Municipal Utility District, Water Improvement District, or a Public Improvement District). The buyer is likely to receive a prescribed notice when buying property in such a district.

**SURVEILLANCE.** Be aware that when viewing a property, a seller might record or otherwise electronically monitor a buyer without the buyer's knowledge or consent, and a buyer might photograph or otherwise record the property without the seller's knowledge or consent. The parties should consult an attorney before recording or photographing another person or property.

**SURVEY.** A survey identifies the location of boundaries, major improvements, fence lines, drives, encroachments, easements, and other items on the property. The buyer should obtain a survey early enough in the transaction to help the buyer identify any encroachments, encumbrances to title, or restrictions. The contract will typically contain a provision which identifies who is responsible for providing a survey and the right to object to encumbrances to title disclosed in the survey.

**SYNTHETIC STUCCO**. Synthetic stucco (sometimes known as EIFS) is an exterior siding product that was placed on some properties in the recent past. If the product was not properly installed, it has been known to cause damage to the structure (such as wood rot and moisture). If the property has synthetic stucco, the buyer should ask an inspector to carefully inspect the siding and answer any questions.

TAX PRORATIONS. Typically, a buyer and seller agree to prorate a property's taxes through the closing date. Property taxes are due and payable at the end of each calendar year. The escrow agent will estimate, at closing, the taxes for the current year. If the seller is qualified for tax exemptions (for example, homestead, agricultural, or over-65 exemption), such exemptions may or may not apply after closing. After closing the taxes may increase because the exemptions may no longer apply. When buying new construction, the taxes at closing may be prorated based on the land value only and will later increase when the appraisal district includes the value of the new improvements. The actual taxes due, therefore, at the end of the year and in subsequent years may be different from the estimates used at closing.

**TERMINATION OPTION.** Most contract forms contain an option clause which provides the buyer with an unrestricted right to terminate the contract. Most buyers choose to buy the termination option. The buyer will be required to pay for the termination option in advance. The option fee is negotiable. Most buyers will conduct many of their reviews, inspections, and other due diligence during the option period. The buyer must strictly comply with the time period under the option. The option period is not suspended or extended if the buyer and the seller negotiate repairs or an amendment. If the buyer wants to extend the option period, the buyer must negotiate an extension separately, obtain the extension in writing, and pay an additional fee for the extension. The buyer should not rely on any oral extensions.

TIDE WATERS. If the property adjoins any of the state's tidal waters, the seller will provide the buyer with a prescribed notice titled, "Addendum for Coastal Area Notice" (TXR 1915). Boundaries of properties along such waters may change and building restrictions will apply. If the property is located seaward of the Gulf

General Information and Notices to a Buyer and Selle	

Intracoastal Waterway, the seller will provide the buyer with a prescribed notice titled, "Addendum for Property Located Seaward of the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway" (TXR 1916).

TITLE INSURANCE OR ABSTRACT OF TITLE. The buyer should obtain a title insurance policy or have an abstract of title covering the property examined by an attorney. If the buyer obtains a title insurance policy, the buyer should have the commitment of title insurance reviewed by an attorney not later than the time required under the contract.

**UTILITIES.** The buyer should evaluate what utilities the buyer will require and check to be sure that the utilities available in the area suit the buyer's needs. Some structures may or may not have utilities and electrical facilities to support many modern appliances or equipment.

WATER LEVEL FLUCTUATIONS. State law requires the seller to notify a buyer of a property that adjoins a lake, reservoir, or other impoundment of water with a storage capacity of at least 5,000 acre-feet at its normal operating level that the water level may fluctuate. The buyer and seller can find a list of lakes and reservoirs with at least 5,000 acre-feet storage capacity by accessing <a href="http://texasalmanac.com/topics/environment/lakes-and-reservoirs">http://texasalmanac.com/topics/environment/lakes-and-reservoirs</a>.

**WATER WELLS.** If the property has a water well, the buyer should have, and the lender may require, the equipment inspected and water tested. The buyer should also determine if the county requires any registration or other action to begin using the water well.

WIRE FRAUD. Criminals are targeting real estate transactions by gaining access to electronic communications or sending emails that appear to be from a real estate agent, a title company, lender, or another trusted source. Refrain from transmitting personal information, such as bank account numbers or other financial information, via unsecured email or other electronic communication. If the buyer receives any electronic communication regarding wiring instructions, even if the communication appears to come from a legitimate source, the buyer should verify its authenticity prior to the transfer of funds in person or via phone call using a recognized phone number that is not found in the communication.

#### OTHER.

This form was provided by:		By signing below I acknowledge understand this information and I	that I received, read, and notice.
Broker's Printed Name	=	Buyer/Seller	Date
By: Broker's Associate's Signature	Date	Buyer/Seller	Date
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## NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM PROPERTY LOSS HISTORY

#### 06-372207

CURRENT COMPANY/POLICY NUMBER: WRIGHT NATIONAL FLOOD INS. CO./1150427671 CURRENT PROPERTY ADDRESS: 4428 AVENUE N 1/2 GALVESTON, TX 77550-6549

THE INFORMATION PROVIDED BELOW IS THE FLOOD INSURANCE LOSS PAYMENT HISTORY FOR CLAIMS PAID BY THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM SINCE 1978 FOR THE ABOVE PROPERTY ADDRESS. LOSSES OCCURING WITHIN 180 DAYS PRIOR TO THIS LOSS HISTORY MAY NOT BE INCLUDED IN THIS REPORT. IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS ABOUT THIS INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT THE NFIP AT 866-395-7496.

DATE OF LOSS	BUILDING	CONTENTS	TOTAL
	PAYMENTS	PAYMENTS	PAYMENTS
09/13/2008	81007.01	16378.95	97385.96

HURRICANE IKE

THE FLOOD MITIGATION ASSISTANCE (FMA) PROGRAM WAS AUTHORIZED BY THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE REFORM ACT OF 1994 AND AMENDED BY THE BIGGERT-WATERS FLOOD INSURANCE REFORM ACT OF 2012. THE FMA PROGRAM PROVIDES FUNDS ON AN ANNUAL BASIS TO STATES AND LOCAL COMMUNITIES FOR PROJECTS THAT EITHER REDUCE OR ELIMINATE THE LONG-TERM RISK OF FLOOD DAMAGE TO BUILDINGS, HOMES, AS WELL AS OTHER STRUCTURES THAT ARE INSURED UNDER THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM (NFIP). THE FMA PROGRAM PROVIDES FEDERAL GRANT FUNDS FOR ELIGIBLE MITIGATION ACTIVITIES, SUCH AS ELEVATING AN NFIP-INSURED STRUCTURE. MITIGATED PROPERTIES MAY ALSO QUALIFY FOR REDUCED FLOOD INSURANCE RATES. AS AN INDIVIDUAL, YOU MAY NOT APPLY FOR AN FMA GRANT ON YOUR OWN, BUT YOUR LOCAL COMMUNITY OR COUNTY MAY APPLY FOR A GRANT ON YOUR BEHALF. TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE FMA PROGRAM AND OTHER MITIGATION GRANT PROGRAMS, PLEASE CONTACT YOUR LOCAL FLOODPLAIN MANAGER OR STATE HAZARD MITIGATION OFFICER, OR GO TO THE FEMA HAZARD MITIGATION ASSISTANCE WEBPAGE AT WWW.fema.gov/hazard-mitigation-assistance.