

FOX INSPECTIONS  
8616 DAFFODIL ST  
HOUSTON, TX 77063

## Certificate of Mold Analysis

Prepared for: FOX INSPECTIONS  
Phone Number: (713) 723-3330  
Fax Number:  
Project Name: Gabe & Bessie Gelb  
Test Location: 93240 - 210825AD

-119 Sage Road,

Houston, TX 77056

Report Number: 1455633  
Received Date: August 26, 2021  
Report Date: August 26, 2021



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Diana Sauri, Laboratory Director or other approved signatory

Currently there are no Federal regulations for evaluating potential health effects of fungal contamination and remediation. This information is subject to change as more information regarding fungal contaminants becomes available. For more information visit <http://www.epa.gov/mold> or [www.nyc.gov/html/doh/html/epi/mold.shtml](http://www.nyc.gov/html/doh/html/epi/mold.shtml). This document was designed to follow currently known industry guidelines for the interpretation of microbial sampling, analysis, and remediation. Since interpretation of mold analysis reports is a scientific work in progress, it may as such be changed at any time without notice. The client is solely responsible for the use or interpretation. PRO-LAB/SSPTM Inc. makes no express or implied warranties as to health of a property from only the samples sent to their laboratory for analysis. The Client is hereby notified that due to the subjective nature of fungal analysis and the mold growth process, laboratory samples can and do change over time relative to the originally sampled material. PRO-LAB/SSPTM Inc. reserves the right to properly dispose of all samples after the testing of such samples are sufficiently completed or after a 7 day period, whichever is greater.



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ANALYSIS METHOD	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination
LOCATION	OUTSIDE	BETWEEN ROOMS	IN FRONT OF STAIRS	LIVING ROOM
COC / LINE #	1455633 - 1	1455633 - 2	1455633 - 3	1455633 - 4
SAMPLE TYPE & VOLUME	AIR-O-CELL - 150.00L	AIR-O-CELL - 150.00L	AIR-O-CELL - 150.00L	AIR-O-CELL - 150.00L
SERIAL NUMBER	32581234	32581243	32581250	32581256
COLLECTION DATE	Aug 25, 2021	Aug 25, 2021	Aug 25, 2021	Aug 25, 2021
ANALYSIS DATE	Aug 26, 2021	Aug 26, 2021	Aug 26, 2021	Aug 26, 2021
CONCLUSION	CONTROL	CONTROL	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED

IDENTIFICATION	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total
Bipolaris/Drechslera	4	27	<1									
Cercospora	4	27	<1									
Cladosporium	240	1,600	29									
Curvularia	8	53	1				4	27	3			
Ganoderma	8	53	1									
Nigrospora	12	80	1	4	27	3						
Other Ascospores	84	560	10									
Other Basidiospores	16	110	2									
Penicillium/Aspergillus	440	2,900	52	136	910	97	140	930	97	20	130	83
Smuts, myxomycetes	24	160	3							4	27	17

TOTAL SPORES	840	5,570	100	140	937	100	144	957	100	24	157	100
MINIMUM DETECTION LIMIT*	4	27		4	27		4	27		4	27	

BACKGROUND DEBRIS	Moderate			Moderate			Moderate			Moderate		
Cellulose Fiber							4	27		4	27	
Insect Fragments							4	27				
Plant Fragments	4	27										

OBSERVATIONS & COMMENTS	Non-biological debris present.	Non-biological debris present.	Non-biological debris present.	Non-biological debris present.
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Background debris qualitatively estimates the amount of particles that are not pollen or spores and directly affects the accuracy of the spore counts. The categories of Light, Moderate, Heavy and Too Heavy for Accurate Count, are used to indicate the amount of deposited debris. Light (None to up to 25% obstruction); Medium (26% to up to 75% obstruction); Heavy (76% to up to 90% obstruction); Too Heavy (Greater than 90% obstruction). Increasing amounts of debris will obscure small spores and can prevent spores from impacting onto the slide. The actual number of spores present in the sample is likely higher than reported if the debris estimate is 'Heavy' or 'Too Heavy for Accurate Count'. All calculations are rounded to two significant figures and therefore, the total percentage of spore numbers may not equal 100%. The effect of the results relate only to the items tested. The methods used in this analysis have been validated and is fit for the intended use. R "version" indicated after the lab ID# indicates a sample with amended data.

\* Minimum Detection Limit. Based on the volume of air sampled, this is the lowest number of spores that can be detected and is an estimate of the lowest concentration of spores that can be read in the sample. NA = Not Applicable.

Spores that were observed from the samples submitted are listed on this report. If a spore is not listed on this report it was not observed in the samples submitted.

**Interpretation Guidelines:** A determination is added to the report to help users interpret the mold analysis results. A mold report is only one aspect of an indoor air quality investigation. The most important aspect of mold growth in a living space is the availability of water. Without a source of water, mold generally will not become a problem in buildings. These determinations are in no way meant to imply any health outcomes or financial decisions based solely on this report. For questions relating to medical conditions you should consult an occupational or environmental health physician or professional.

**CONTROL** is a baseline sample showing what the spore count and diversity is at the time of sampling. The control sample(s) is usually collected outside of the structure being tested and used to determine if this sample(s) is similar in diversity and abundance to the inside sample(s).

**ELEVATED** means that the amount and/or diversity of spores, as compared to the control sample(s), and other samples in our database, are higher than expected. This can indicate that fungi have grown because of a water leak or water intrusion. Fungi that are considered to be indicators of water damage include, but are not limited to: *Chaetomium*, *Fusarium*, *Memnoniella*, *Stachybotrys*, *Scopulariopsis*, *Ulocladium*.

**NOT ELEVATED** means that the amount and/or the diversity of spores, as compared to the control sample and other samples in our database, are lower than expected and may indicate no problematic fungal growth. **UNUSUAL** means that the presence of current or former growth was observed in the analyzed sample. An abundance of spores are present, and/or growth structures including hyphae and/or fruiting bodies are present and associated with one or more of the types of mold/fungi identified in the analyzed sample.

**NORMAL** means that no presence of current or former growth was observed in the analyzed sample. If spores are recorded they are normally what is in the air and have settled on the surface(s) tested.



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ANALYSIS METHOD	6110 Air Direct Examination	INTENTIONALLY BLANK	INTENTIONALLY BLANK	INTENTIONALLY BLANK
LOCATION	KITCHEN			
COC / LINE #	1455633 - 5			
SAMPLE TYPE & VOLUME	AIR-O-CELL - 150.00L			
SERIAL NUMBER	32581237			
COLLECTION DATE	Aug 25, 2021			
ANALYSIS DATE	Aug 26, 2021			
CONCLUSION	NOT ELEVATED			

IDENTIFICATION	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total							
Bipolaris/Drechslera										
Cercospora										
Cladosporium										
Curvularia										
Ganoderma										
Nigrospora										
Other Ascospores										
Other Basidiospores										
Penicillium/Aspergillus	16	110	100							
Smuts, myxomycetes										

TOTAL SPORES	16	110	100							
MINIMUM DETECTION LIMIT*	4	27								

BACKGROUND DEBRIS	Moderate									
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Cellulose Fiber	4	27								
Insect Fragments										
Plant Fragments										

OBSERVATIONS & COMMENTS	Non-biological debris present.									
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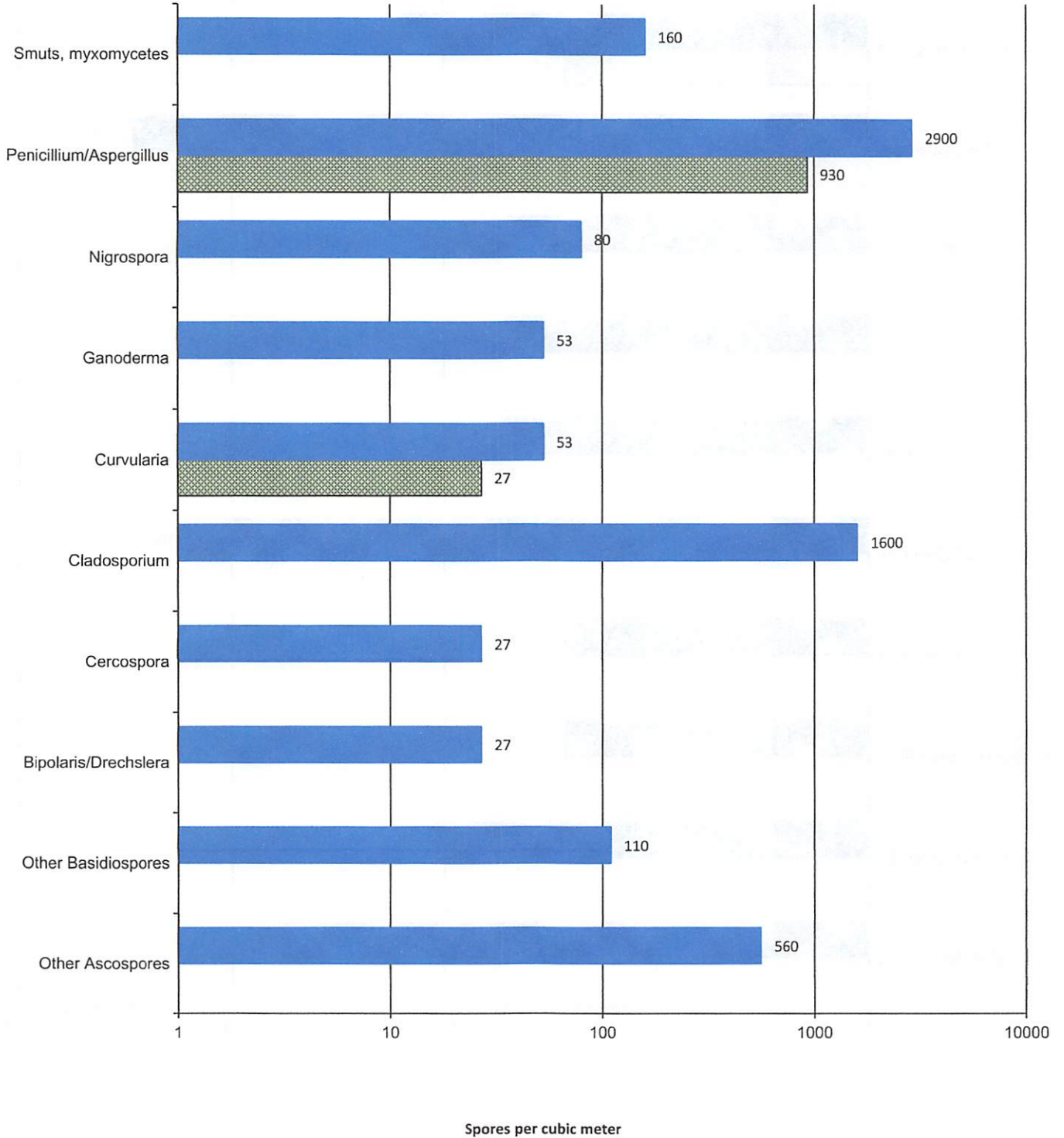
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**NOT ELEVATED** means that the amount and/or the diversity of spores, as compared to the control sample and other samples in our database, are lower than expected and may indicate no problematic fungal growth. **UNUSUAL** means that the presence of current or former growth was observed in the analyzed sample. An abundance of spores are present, and/or growth structures including hyphae and/or fruiting bodies are present and associated with one or more of the types of mold/fungi identified in the analyzed sample.

**NORMAL** means that no presence of current or former growth was observed in the analyzed sample. If spores are recorded they are normally what is in the air and have settled on the surface(s) tested.

Chain of Custody # 1455633

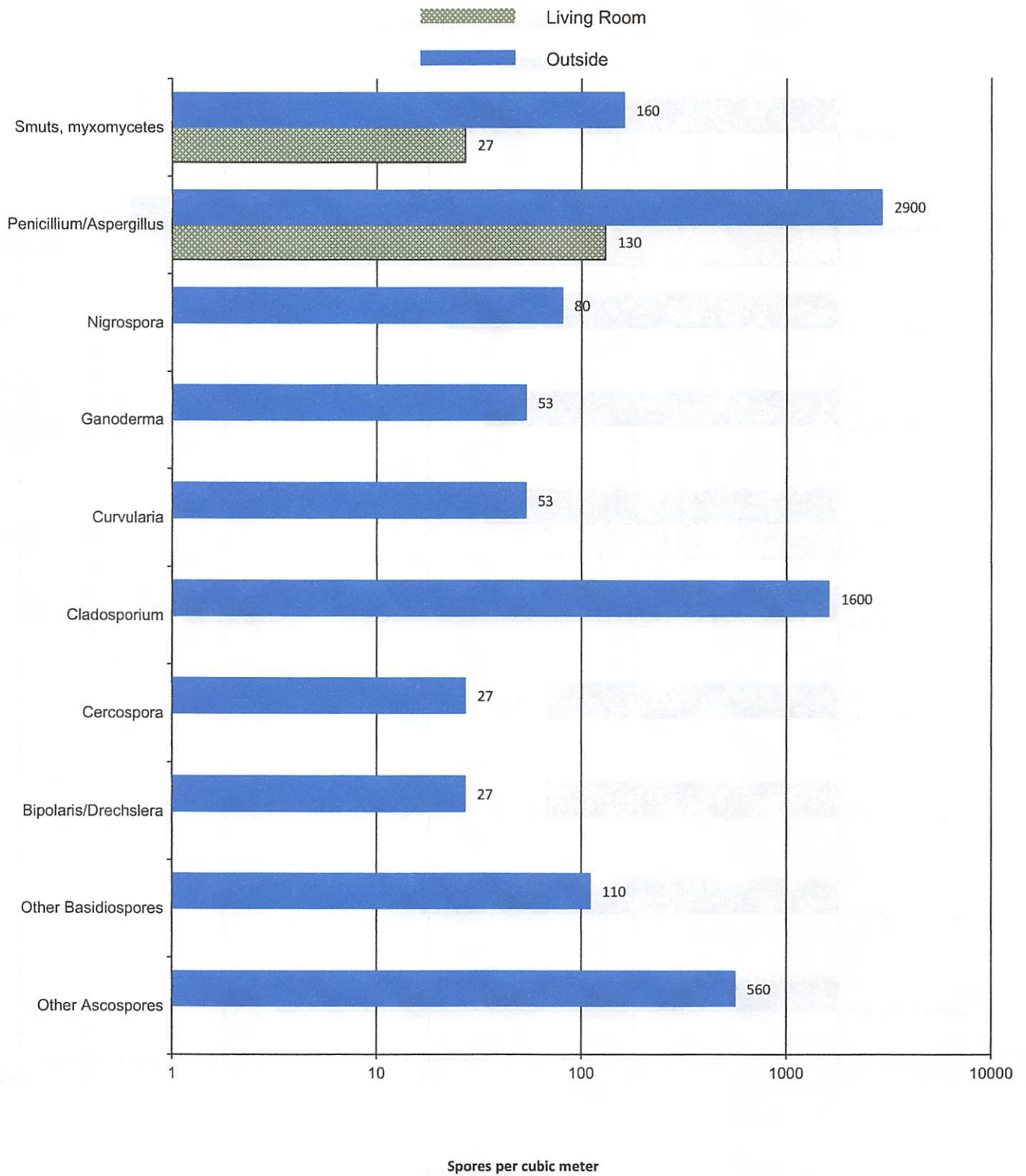
 In Front Of Stairs  
 Outside





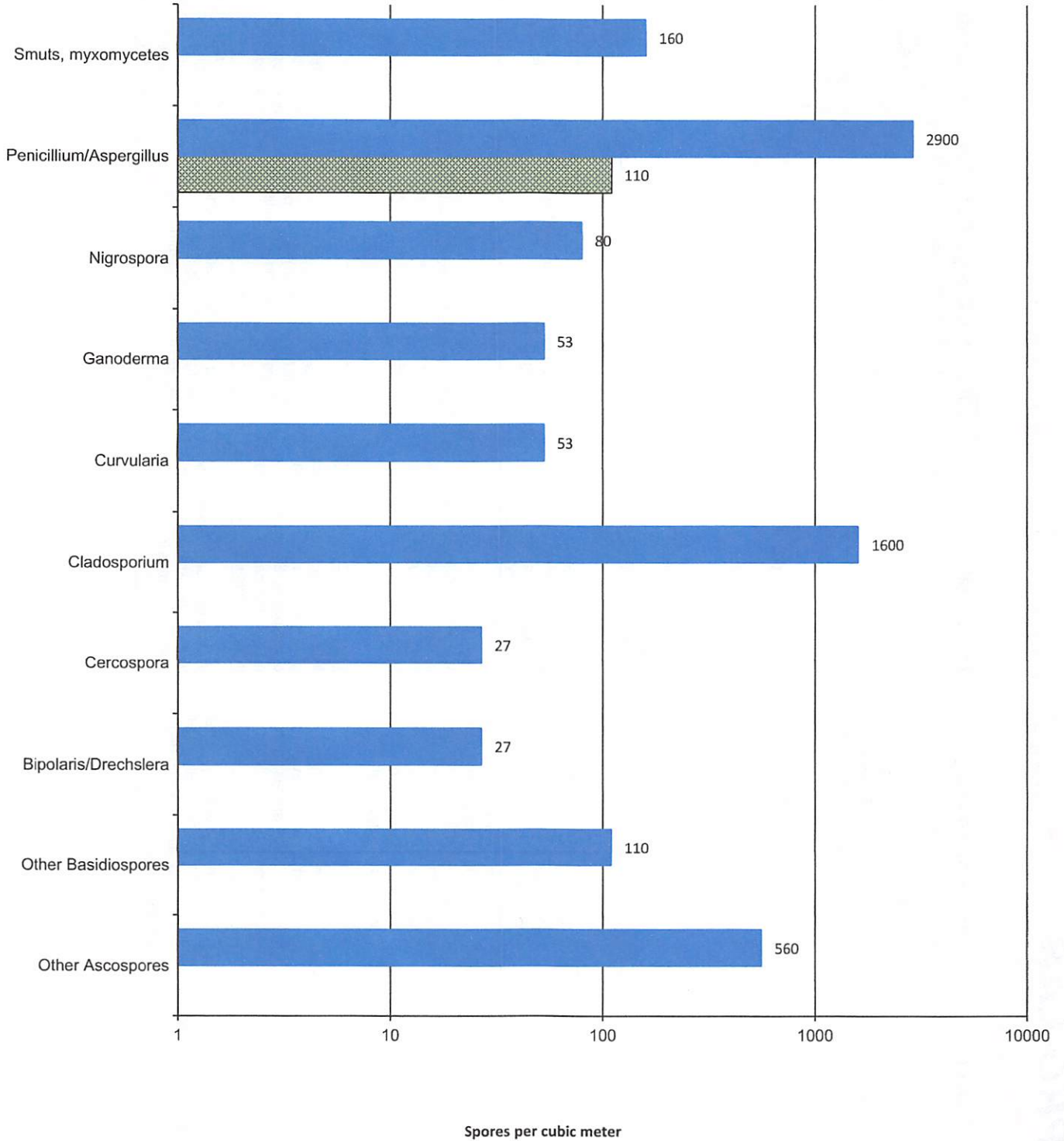


Chain of Custody # 1455633



Chain of Custody # 1455633

 Kitchen  
 Outside



Identification	Outdoor Habitat	Indoor Habitat	Possible Allergic Potential Not an opinion or interpretation	Comments
Bipolaris/Drechslera	Common everywhere. Frequently associated with grasses, but also found on plant material, decaying food, and soil.		Common Type I (hay fever and asthma), fungal sinusitis.	This is a group of like-looking spores that include Bipolaris, Drechslera, Exserohilum, and sometimes Helminosporium. They cannot be consistently separated by spore morphology and are thus grouped together. Must be cultured to consistently separate the genera.
Cercospora	Common everywhere, especially growing on leaves.	Not known to grow indoors.	None known.	
Cladosporium	The most common spore type reported in the air worldwide. Found on dead and dying plant litter, and soil.	Commonly found on wood and wallboard. Commonly grows on window sills, textiles and foods.	Type I (hay fever and asthma), Type III (hypersensitivity pneumonitis) allergies.	A very common and important allergen source both outdoors and indoors.
Curvularia	Commonly found everywhere on soil and plant debris.	Capable of growing on many cellulytic substrates like wallboard and wood.	Type I (hay fever and asthma) and common cause of allergic sinusitis.	
Ganoderma	Common everywhere growing on hardwood trees.	None known.	None known.	
Nigrospora	Commonly found everywhere. Grows on decaying plant material	Does not normally grow on building materials, but occasionally can be found growing on wallboard.	Type I (hay fever and asthma) allergies.	Very distinctive spore that is easy to identify.
Ascospores	Common everywhere. Constitutes a large part of the airspora outside. Can reach very high numbers in the air outside during the spring and summer. Can increase in numbers during and after rainfalls.	Very few of this group grow inside. The notable exception is Chaetomium, Ascotricha and Peziza.	Little known for most of this group of fungi. Dependent on the type (see Chaetomium and Ascotricha).	
Basidiospores	Commonly found everywhere, especially in the late summer and fall. These spores are from Mushrooms.	Mushrooms are not normally found growing indoors, but can grow on wet lumber, especially in crawlspaces. Sometimes mushrooms can be seen growing in flower pots indoors.	Some allergenicity reported. Type I (hay fever, asthma) and Type III (hypersensitivity pneumonitis).	Among the group of Mushrooms (Basidiomycetes) are dry rot fungi Serpula and Poria that are particularly destructive to buildings.
Penicillium/Aspergillus	Common everywhere. Normally found in the air in small amounts in outdoor air. Grows on nearly everything.	Wetted wallboard, wood, food, leather, etc. Able to grow on many substrates indoors.	Type I (hay fever and asthma) allergies and Type III (hypersensitivity pneumonitis) allergies.	This is a combination group of Penicillium and Aspergillus and is used when only the spores are seen. The spores are so similar that they cannot be reliably separated into their respective genera.

Identification	Outdoor Habitat	Indoor Habitat	Possible Allergic Potential Not an opinion or interpretation	Comments
Smuts, myxomycetes	Commonly found everywhere, especially on logs, grasses and weeds.	Smuts don't normally grow indoors, but can occasionally be found on things brought from outside and stored in the house. Myxomycetes can occasionally grow indoors, but need lots of water to be established.	Type I (hay fever and asthma) allergies.	Smuts and myxomycetes are a combined group of organisms because their spores look so similar and cannot be reliably distinguished from each other.





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Fax: (713) 723-3334  
Email: Office@foxinspectiongroup.com

Credit Card \$737.27 (#7183) on 08/23/2021

**HOME INSPECTION INVOICE**

Payor

Gabe & Bessie Gelb  
gelb@uh.edu  
(713) 444-0791

Terms

Due

On Receipt

Client / Subject Property

Gabe & Bessie Gelb  
119 Sage Road  
Houston, TX 77056

Item	Amount
AQ/Mold Inspection	\$637.00
Additional Mold Samples	\$79.00
Convenience Fee	\$21.27

Item	Amount
Fees Subtotal: \$737.27	
<b>Payments</b>	
08/23/2021 Credit / Debit Card	-\$737.27
Payments Subtotal: -\$737.27	
<b>Total: \$0.00</b>	

**Total Due: \$0.00**

Thank you for your business, if you have any questions please call us at (713) 723-3330