



APPROVED BY THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION (TREC)



SELLER'S DISCLOSURE NOTICE

CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT 15820 Malibu E  
(Street Address and City)

THIS NOTICE IS A DISCLOSURE OF SELLER'S KNOWLEDGE OF THE CONDITION OF THE PROPERTY AS OF THE DATE SIGNED BY SELLER AND IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR ANY INSPECTIONS OR WARRANTIES THE PURCHASER MAY WISH TO OBTAIN. IT IS NOT A WARRANTY OF ANY KIND BY SELLER OR SELLER'S AGENTS.

Seller  is  is not occupying the Property. If unoccupied, how long since Seller has occupied the Property? \_\_\_\_\_

1. The Property has the items checked below [Write Yes (Y), No (N), or Unknown (U)]:

- Range
- Dishwasher
- Washer/Dryer Hookups
- Security System

- Oven
- Trash Compactor
- Window Screens
- Fire Detection Equipment
- Smoke Detector
- Smoke Detector-Hearing Impaired

- Microwave
- Disposal
- Rain Gutters
- Intercom System

- TV Antenna
- Ceiling Fan(s)
- Central A/C
- Plumbing System
- Patio/Decking
- Pool
- Pool Equipment
- Fireplace(s) & Chimney (Wood burning)

- Carbon Monoxide Alarm
- Emergency Escape Ladder(s)
- Cable TV Wiring
- Attic Fan(s)
- Central Heating
- Septic System
- Outdoor Grill
- Sauna
- Pool Heater

- Satellite Dish
- Exhaust Fan(s)
- Wall/Window Air Conditioning
- Public Sewer System
- Fences
- Spa \_\_\_\_\_ Hot Tub
- Automatic Lawn Sprinkler System
- Fireplace(s) & Chimney (Mock)

- Natural Gas Lines
- Liquid Propane Gas

- LP Community (Captive)
- Not Attached
- Electronic
- Gas (1)

- Gas Fixtures
- LP on Property
- Carport
- Control(s)
- Electric
- Co-op

Garage:  Attached

Garage Door Opener(s): \_\_\_\_\_

Water Heater: \_\_\_\_\_

Water Supply: \_\_\_\_\_ City

\_\_\_\_\_ Well \_\_\_\_\_ MUD

Roof Type: composition Age: unknown (approx.)

Are you (Seller) aware of any of the above items that are not in working condition, that have known defects, or that are in need of repair?  Yes  No  Unknown. If yes, then describe. (Attach additional sheets if necessary): \_\_\_\_\_

TREC No. OP-H

2. Does the property have working smoke detectors installed in accordance with the smoke detector requirements of Chapter 766, Health and Safety Code?  Yes  No  Unknown. If the answer to this question is no or unknown, explain (Attach additional sheets if necessary):

\* Chapter 766 of the Health and Safety Code requires one-family or two-family dwellings to have working smoke detectors installed in accordance with the requirements of the building code in effect in the area in which the dwelling is located, including performance, location, and power source requirements. If you do not know the building code requirements in effect in your area, you may check unknown above or contact your local building official for more information. A buyer may require a seller to install smoke detectors for the hearing impaired if: (1) the buyer or a member of the buyer's family who will reside in the dwelling is hearing impaired; (2) the buyer gives the seller written evidence of the hearing impairment from a licensed physician; and (3) within 10 days after the effective date, the buyer makes a written request for the seller to install smoke detectors for the hearing impaired and specifies the locations for the installation. The parties may agree who will bear the cost of installing the smoke detectors and which brand of smoke detectors to install.

3. Are you (Seller) aware of any known defects/malfunctions in any of the following? Write Yes (Y) if you are aware, write No (N) if you are not aware.

Interior Walls  
 Exterior Walls  
 Roof  
 Walls/Fences  
 Plumbing/Sewers/Septics

Ceilings  
 Doors  
 Foundation/Slab(s)  
 Driveways  
 Electrical Systems

Floors  
 Windows  
 Sidewalks  
 Intercom System  
 Lighting Fixtures

Other Structural Components (Describe):

If the answer to any of the above is yes, explain. (Attach additional sheets if necessary):

4. Are you (Seller) aware of any of the following conditions? Write Yes (Y) if you are aware, write No (N) if you are not aware.

Active Termites (includes wood destroying insects)  
 Termite or Wood Rot Damage Needing Repair  
 Previous Termite Damage  
 Previous Termite Treatment  
 Improper Drainage  
 Water Damage Not Due to a Flood Event  
 Landfill, Settling, Soil Movement, Fault Lines  
 Single Blockable Main Drain in Pool/Hot Tub/Spa\*

Previous Structural or Roof Repair  
 Hazardous or Toxic Waste  
 Asbestos Components  
 Urea-formaldehyde Insulation  
 Radon Gas  
 Lead Based Paint  
 Aluminum Wiring  
 Previous Fires  
 Unplatted Easements  
 Subsurface Structure or Pits  
 Previous Use of Premises for Manufacture of Methamphetamine

If the answer to any of the above is yes, explain. (Attach additional sheets if necessary):

\*A single blockable main drain may cause a suction entrapment hazard for an individual.

5. Are you (Seller) aware of any item, equipment, or system in or on the Property that is in need of repair?  Yes (if you are aware)  No (if you are not aware). If yes, explain. (Attach additional sheets if necessary): \_\_\_\_\_

6. Are you (Seller) aware of any of the following conditions?\* Write Yes (Y) if you are aware, write No (N) if you are not aware.

- Present flood coverage
- Previous flooding due to a failure or breach of a reservoir or a controlled or emergency release of water from a reservoir
- Previous water penetration into a structure on the property due to a natural flood event

Write Yes (Y) if you are aware, and check wholly or partly as applicable, write No (N) if you are not aware.

- \_\_\_\_ Located  wholly  partly in a 100-year floodplain (Special Flood Hazard Area-Zone A, V, A99, AE, AO, AH, VE, or AR)
- \_\_\_\_ Located  wholly  partly in a 500-year floodplain (Moderate Flood Hazard Area-Zone X (shaded))
- \_\_\_\_ Located  wholly  partly in a floodway
- \_\_\_\_ Located  wholly  partly in a flood pool
- \_\_\_\_ Located  wholly  partly in a reservoir

If the answer to any of the above is yes, explain. (attach additional sheets if necessary): \_\_\_\_\_

\*For purposes of this notice:

"100-year floodplain" means any area of land that:

(A) is identified on the flood insurance rate map as a special flood hazard area, which is designated as Zone A, V, A99, AE, AO, AH, VE, or AR on the map;

(B) has a one percent annual chance of flooding, which is considered to be a high risk of flooding; and

(C) may include a regulatory floodway, flood pool, or reservoir.

"500-year floodplain" means any area of land that:

(A) is identified on the flood insurance rate map as a moderate flood hazard area, which is designated on the map as Zone X (shaded); and

(B) has a two-tenths of one percent annual chance of flooding, which is considered to be a moderate risk of flooding.

"Flood pool" means the area adjacent to a reservoir that lies above the normal maximum operating level of the reservoir and that is subject to controlled inundation under the management of the United States Army Corps of Engineers.

"Flood insurance rate map" means the most recent flood hazard map published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency under the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. Section 4001 et seq.)

"Floodway" means an area that is identified on the flood insurance rate map as a regulatory floodway, which includes the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved for the discharge of a base flood, also referred to as a 100-year flood, without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation of more than a designated height.

"Reservoir" means a water impoundment project operated by the United States Army Corps of Engineers that is intended to retain water or delay the runoff of water in a designated surface area of land.

7. Have you (Seller) ever filed a claim for flood damage to the property with any insurance provider, including the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP)?\*  Yes  No. If yes, explain (attach additional sheets as necessary): \_\_\_\_\_

\*Homes in high risk flood zones with mortgages from federally regulated or insured lenders are required to have flood insurance. Even when not required, the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) encourages homeowners in high risk, moderate risk, and low risk flood zones to purchase flood insurance that covers the structure(s) and the personal property within the structure(s).

8. Have you (Seller) ever received assistance from FEMA or the U.S. Small Business Administration (SBA) for flood damage to the property?  Yes  No. If yes, explain (attach additional sheets as necessary): \_\_\_\_\_

9. Are you (Seller) aware of any of the following? Write Yes (Y) if you are aware, write No (N) if you are not aware.

- N Room additions, structural modifications, or other alterations or repairs made without necessary permits or not in compliance with building codes in effect at that time.
- Y Homeowners' Association or maintenance fees or assessments.
- Y Any "common area" (facilities such as pools, tennis courts, walkways, or other areas) co-owned in undivided interest with others.
- N Any notices of violations of deed restrictions or governmental ordinances affecting the condition or use of the Property.
- N Any lawsuits directly or indirectly affecting the Property.
- N Any condition on the Property which materially affects the physical health or safety of an individual.
- N Any rainwater harvesting system located on the property that is larger than 500 gallons and that uses a public water supply as an auxiliary water source.
- N Any portion of the property that is located in a groundwater conservation district or a subsidence district.

If the answer to any of the above is yes, explain. (Attach additional sheets if necessary): \_\_\_\_\_

10. If the property is located in a coastal area that is seaward of the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway or within 1,000 feet of the mean high tide bordering the Gulf of Mexico, the property may be subject to the Open Beaches Act of the Dune Protection Act (Chapter 61 or 63, Natural Resources Code, respectively) and a beachfront construction certificate or dune protection permit maybe required for repairs or improvements. Contact the local government with ordinance authority over construction adjacent to public beaches for more information.

11. This property may be located near a military installation and may be affected by high noise or air installation compatible use zones or other operations. Information relating to high noise and compatible use zones is available in the most recent Air Installation Compatible Use Zone Study or Joint Land Use Study prepared for a military installation and may be accessed on the Internet website of the military installation and of the county and any municipality in which the military installation is located.

Signature of Seller \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of Seller \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

The undersigned purchaser hereby acknowledges receipt of the foregoing notice.

Signature of Purchaser \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of Purchaser \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_



This form was prepared by the Texas Real Estate Commission in accordance with Texas Property Code § 5.008(b) and is to be used in conjunction with a contract for the sale of real property entered into on or after September 1, 2019. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, 512-936-3000 (<http://www.trec.texas.gov>) TREC NO. OP-H

TREC No. OP-H



**ADDENDUM FOR PROPERTY SUBJECT TO MANDATORY MEMBERSHIP IN A PROPERTY OWNERS ASSOCIATION**



(NOT FOR USE WITH CONDOMINIUMS)  
**ADDENDUM TO CONTRACT CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT**

15820 Malibu E  
(Street Address and City)

CAPE MALIBU HOA  
(Name of Property Owners Association, (Association) and Phone Number)

**A. SUBDIVISION INFORMATION:** "Subdivision Information" means: (i) a current copy of the restrictions applying to the subdivision and bylaws and rules of the Association, and (ii) a resale certificate, all of which are described by Section 207.003 of the Texas Property Code.

(Check only one box):

- 1. Within \_\_\_\_\_ days after the effective date of the contract, Seller shall obtain, pay for, and deliver the Subdivision Information to the Buyer. If Seller delivers the Subdivision Information, Buyer may terminate the contract within 3 days after Buyer receives the Subdivision Information or prior to closing, whichever occurs first, and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer. If Buyer does not receive the Subdivision Information, Buyer, as Buyer's sole remedy, may terminate the contract at any time prior to closing and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer.
- 2. Within \_\_\_\_\_ days after the effective date of the contract, Buyer shall obtain, pay for, and deliver a copy of the Subdivision Information to the Seller. If Buyer obtains the Subdivision Information within the time required, Buyer may terminate the contract within 3 days after Buyer receives the Subdivision Information or prior to closing, whichever occurs first, and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer. If Buyer, due to factors beyond Buyer's control, is not able to obtain the Subdivision Information within the time required, Buyer may, as Buyer's sole remedy, terminate the contract within 3 days after the time required or prior to closing, whichever occurs first, and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer.
- 3. Buyer has received and approved the Subdivision Information before signing the contract. Buyer  does  does not require an updated resale certificate. If Buyer requires an updated resale certificate, Seller, at Buyer's expense, shall deliver it to Buyer within 10 days after receiving payment for the updated resale certificate from Buyer. Buyer may terminate this contract and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer if Seller fails to deliver the updated resale certificate within the time required.
- 4. Buyer does not require delivery of the Subdivision Information.

**The title company or its agent is authorized to act on behalf of the parties to obtain the Subdivision Information ONLY upon receipt of the required fee for the Subdivision Information from the party obligated to pay.**

**B. MATERIAL CHANGES.** If Seller becomes aware of any material changes in the Subdivision Information, Seller shall promptly give notice to Buyer. Buyer may terminate the contract prior to closing by giving written notice to Seller if: (i) any of the Subdivision Information provided was not true; or (ii) any material adverse change in the Subdivision Information occurs prior to closing, and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer.

**C. FEES AND DEPOSITS FOR RESERVES:** Except as provided by Paragraphs A and D, Buyer shall pay any and all Association fees, deposits, reserves, and other charges associated with the transfer of the Property not to exceed \$ 250 and Seller shall pay any excess.

**D. AUTHORIZATION:** Seller authorizes the Association to release and provide the Subdivision Information and any updated resale certificate if requested by the Buyer, the Title Company, or any broker to this sale. If Buyer does not require the Subdivision Information or an updated resale certificate, and the Title Company requires information from the Association (such as the status of dues, special assessments, violations of covenants and restrictions, and a waiver of any right of first refusal),  Buyer  Seller shall pay the Title Company the cost of obtaining the information prior to the Title Company/ordering the information.

**NOTICE TO BUYER REGARDING REPAIRS BY THE ASSOCIATION:** The Association may have the sole responsibility to make certain repairs to the Property. If you are concerned about the condition of any part of the Property which the Association is required to repair, you should not sign the contract unless you are satisfied that the Association will make the desired repairs.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Buyer

\_\_\_\_\_  
Seller

\_\_\_\_\_  
Buyer

\_\_\_\_\_  
Seller



The form of this addendum has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission for use only with similarly approved or promulgated forms of contracts. Such approval relates to this contract form only. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate licensees. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not intended for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, (512) 936-3000 (www.trec.texas.gov) TREC No. 36-9. This form replaces TREC No. 36-8.



### ADDENDUM FOR PROPERTY IN A PROPANE GAS SYSTEM SERVICE AREA

(Section 141.010, Utilities Code)

CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT 15820 Malibu E  
(Street Address and City)

#### NOTICE

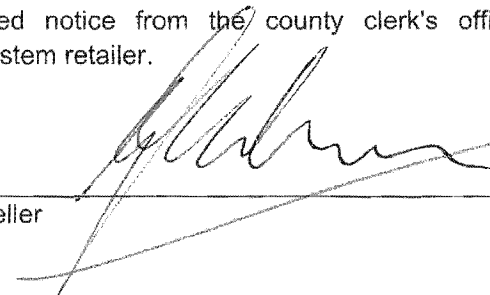
The above referenced real property that you are about to purchase may be located in a propane gas system service area, which is authorized by law to provide propane gas service to the properties in the area pursuant to Chapter 141, Utilities Code. If your property is located in a propane gas system service area, there may be special costs or charges that you will be required to pay before you can receive propane gas service. There may be a period required to construct lines or other facilities necessary to provide propane gas service to your property. You are advised to determine if the property is in a propane gas system service area and contact the distribution system retailer to determine the cost that you will be required to pay and the period, if any, that is required to provide propane gas service to your property.

Buyer hereby acknowledges receipt of this notice at or before execution of a binding contract for the purchase of the above referenced real property or at the closing of the real property.

Section 141.010(a), Utilities Code, requires this notice to include a copy of the notice the distribution system retailer is required to record in the real property records. A copy of the recorded notice is attached.

NOTE: Seller can obtain a copy of the required recorded notice from the county clerk's office where the property is located or from the distribution system retailer.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Buyer

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Seller

\_\_\_\_\_  
Buyer

\_\_\_\_\_  
Seller

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## INFORMATION ABOUT SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS

USE OF THIS FORM BY PERSONS WHO ARE NOT MEMBERS OF THE TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®, INC. IS NOT AUTHORIZED.  
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CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT

15820 Malibu E

### A. FLOOD AREAS:

- (1) The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) designates areas that have a high risk of flooding as special flood hazard areas.
- (2) A property that is in a special flood hazard area is designated on flood insurance rate maps with a zone beginning in a "V" or "A". Both V-Zone and A-Zone areas indicate a high risk of flooding.
- (3) Some properties may also lie in the "floodway" which is the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge a flood under FEMA rules. Communities must regulate development in these floodways.

### B. AVAILABILITY OF FLOOD INSURANCE:

- (1) Generally, flood insurance is available regardless of whether the property is located in or out of a special flood hazard area. Contact your insurance agent to determine if any limitations or restrictions apply to the property in which you are interested.
- (2) FEMA encourages every property owner to purchase flood insurance regardless of whether the property is in a high, moderate, or low risk flood area.
- (3) A homeowner may obtain flood insurance coverage (up to certain limits) through the National Flood Insurance Program. Supplemental coverage is available through private insurance carriers.
- (4) A mortgage lender making a federally related mortgage will require the borrower to maintain flood insurance if the property is in a special flood hazard area.

### C. GROUND FLOOR REQUIREMENTS:

- (1) Many homes in special flood hazard areas are built-up or are elevated. In elevated homes the ground floor typically lies below the base flood elevation and the first floor is elevated on piers, columns, posts, or piles. The base flood elevation is the highest level at which a flood is likely to occur as shown on flood insurance rate maps.
- (2) Federal, state, county, and city regulations:
  - (a) restrict the use and construction of any ground floor enclosures in elevated homes that are in special flood hazard areas.
  - (b) may prohibit or restrict the remodeling, rebuilding, and redevelopment of property and improvements in the floodway.
- (3) The first floor of all homes must now be built above the base flood elevation.
  - (a) Older homes may have been built in compliance with applicable regulations at the time of construction and may have first floors that lie below the base flood elevation, but flood insurance rates for such homes may be significant.

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- (b) It is possible that modifications were made to a ground floor enclosure after a home was first built. The modifications may or may not comply with applicable regulations and may or may not affect flood insurance rates.
  - (c) It is important for a buyer to determine if the first floor of a home is elevated at or above the base flood elevation. It is also important for a buyer to determine if the property lies in a floodway.
- (4) Ground floor enclosures that lie below the base flood elevation may be used only for: (i) parking; (ii) storage; and (iii) building access. Plumbing, mechanical, or electrical items in ground floor enclosures that lie below the base flood elevation may be prohibited or restricted and may not be eligible for flood insurance coverage. Additionally:
- (a) in A-Zones, the ground floor enclosures below the base flood elevation must have flow-through vents or openings that permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters:
  - (b) in V-Zones, the ground floor enclosures must have break-away walls, screening, or lattice walls; and
  - (c) in floodways, the remodeling or reconstruction of any improvements may be prohibited or otherwise restricted.

**D. COMPLIANCE:**

- (1) The above-referenced property may or may not comply with regulations affecting ground floor enclosures below the base flood elevation.
- (2) A property owner's eligibility to purchase or maintain flood insurance, as well as the cost of the flood insurance, is dependent on whether the property complies with the regulations affecting ground floor enclosures.
- (3) A purchaser or property owner may be required to remove or modify a ground floor enclosure that is not in compliance with city or county building requirements or is not entitled to an exemption from such requirements.
- (4) A flood insurance policy maintained by the current property owner does not mean that the property is in compliance with the regulations affecting ground floor enclosures or that the buyer will be able to continue to maintain flood insurance at the same rate.
- (5) Insurance carriers calculate the cost of flood insurance using a rate that is based on the elevation of the lowest floor.
  - (a) If the ground floor lies below the base flood elevation and does not meet federal, state, county, and city requirements, the ground floor will be the lowest floor for the purpose of computing the rate.
  - (b) If the property is in compliance, the first elevated floor will be the lowest floor and the insurance rate will be significantly less than the rate for a property that is not in compliance.
  - (c) If the property lies in a V-Zone the flood insurance rate will be impacted if a ground floor enclosure below the base flood elevation exceeds 299 square feet (even if constructed with break-away walls).



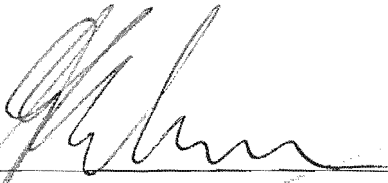
Information about Special Flood Hazard Areas concerning \_\_\_\_\_

**E. ELEVATION CERTIFICATE:**

The elevation certificate is an important tool in determining flood insurance rates. It is used to provide elevation information that is necessary to ensure compliance with floodplain management laws. To determine the proper insurance premium rate, insurers rely on an elevation certificate to certify building elevations at an acceptable level above flood map levels. If available in your area, it is recommended that you obtain an elevation certificate for the property as soon as possible to accurately determine future flood insurance rates.

**You are encouraged to: (1) inspect the property for all purposes, including compliance with any ground floor enclosure requirement; (2) review the flood insurance policy (costs and coverage) with your insurance agent; and (3) contact the building permitting authority if you have any questions about building requirements or compliance issues.**

Receipt acknowledged by:

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature Date



## Information About Brokerage Services

*Texas law requires all real estate licensees to give the following information about brokerage services to prospective buyers, tenants, sellers and landlords.*

**TYPES OF REAL ESTATE LICENSE HOLDERS:**

- **A BROKER** is responsible for all brokerage activities, including acts performed by sales agents sponsored by the broker.
- **A SALES AGENT** must be sponsored by a broker and works with clients on behalf of the broker.

**A BROKER'S MINIMUM DUTIES REQUIRED BY LAW (A client is the person or party that the broker represents):**

- Put the interests of the client above all others, including the broker's own interests;
- Inform the client of any material information about the property or transaction received by the broker;
- Answer the client's questions and present any offer to or counter-offer from the client; and
- Treat all parties to a real estate transaction honestly and fairly.

**A LICENSE HOLDER CAN REPRESENT A PARTY IN A REAL ESTATE TRANSACTION:**

**AS AGENT FOR OWNER (SELLER/LANDLORD):** The broker becomes the property owner's agent through an agreement with the owner, usually in a written listing to sell or property management agreement. An owner's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the owner of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent or subagent by the buyer or buyer's agent.

**AS AGENT FOR BUYER/TENANT:** The broker becomes the buyer/tenant's agent by agreeing to represent the buyer, usually through a written representation agreement. A buyer's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the buyer of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent by the seller or seller's agent.

**AS AGENT FOR BOTH - INTERMEDIARY:** To act as an intermediary between the parties the broker must first obtain the written agreement of each party to the transaction. The written agreement must state who will pay the broker and, in conspicuous bold or underlined print, set forth the broker's obligations as an intermediary. A broker who acts as an intermediary:

- Must treat all parties to the transaction impartially and fairly;
- May, with the parties' written consent, appoint a different license holder associated with the broker to each party (owner and buyer) to communicate with, provide opinions and advice to, and carry out the instructions of each party to the transaction.
- Must not, unless specifically authorized in writing to do so by the party, disclose:
  - that the owner will accept a price less than the written asking price;
  - that the buyer/tenant will pay a price greater than the price submitted in a written offer; and
  - any confidential information or any other information that a party specifically instructs the broker in writing not to disclose, unless required to do so by law.

**AS SUBAGENT:** A license holder acts as a subagent when aiding a buyer in a transaction without an agreement to represent the buyer. A subagent can assist the buyer but does not represent the buyer and must place the interests of the owner first.

**TO AVOID DISPUTES, ALL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN YOU AND A BROKER SHOULD BE IN WRITING AND CLEARLY ESTABLISH:**

- The broker's duties and responsibilities to you, and your obligations under the representation agreement.
- Who will pay the broker for services provided to you, when payment will be made and how the payment will be calculated.

**LICENSE HOLDER CONTACT INFORMATION:** This notice is being provided for information purposes. It does not create an obligation for you to use the broker's services. Please acknowledge receipt of this notice below and retain a copy for your records.

<u>REGAL REALTY INT'L 9010408</u>	License No.	ericka.regalrealty@gmail.com	Phone
Licensed Broker /Broker Firm Name or Primary Assumed Business Name			
<u>ERICKA J THOMAS PERB</u>	0314824	same	713851-9369
Designated Broker of Firm	License No.	Email	Phone
Licensed Supervisor of Sales Agent/ Associate	License No.	Email	Phone
Sales Agent/Associate's Name	License No.	Email	Phone
		same	
		5/26/2022	
	Buyer/Tenant/Seller/Landlord Initials	Date	

Regulated by the Texas Real Estate Commission

Information available at [www.trec.texas.gov](http://www.trec.texas.gov)