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**2013 AMENDED BYLAWS OF THE
HV OF LIVINGSTON OWNERS ASSOCIATION**

ARTICLE ONE

Association Purposes and Powers

1. **Principal Office Location.** The principal office of the Association shall be located within San Jacinto County, Texas.
2. **Mailing Address.** The mailing address of the Association is 700 Cooke - Jones Rd., Point Blank, Texas 77364, or at such other address the Board of Directors shall determine.
3. **Purpose of Association.** In addition to the purposes set forth in the Articles of Incorporation and/or Certificate of Formation for the Association, the purposes for which the Association is organized, subject to any Texas law providing otherwise, are:
 - (a) To be a property owners association as defined by the Texas Property Code, and shall discharge the duties and obligations of a property owners association in interpreting and enforcing the Restrictions applicable to the Subdivision, according to the plats of said subdivision recorded in the Map Records of the County Clerk; and the entire income and principal of the endowment and assets of this corporation shall be held and distributed solely for such purposes, except for the modest amount needed for the expenses of administration of this corporation in order to effectuate the said purposes; and the making of distributions to organizations having the same purpose qualifying as exempt organizations under Section 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (or the corresponding provisions of any future United States Internal Revenue law);
 - (b) To promote the safety, welfare and enjoyment of the residents of and owners of property within the Subdivision;
 - (c) To the extent authorized by the Restrictions, to compute, assess, collect and enforce the payment of all charges to which the property within the Subdivision is subjected or may be subjected hereby and/or under or by virtue of any reservations, restrictions and covenants applicable to the Subdivision on file in the Official Records of the County Clerk;
 - (d) To operate, maintain, supervise and protect all areas and facilities owned by or conveyed to the corporation from time to time for the common use of its members, and to install or construct improvements upon such areas and facilities;
 - (e) To the extent authorized by the Restrictions, to approve or disapprove plans, specifications and elevations for any building, structure or improvement and for any structural alterations or additions, or other alterations or additions affecting exterior appearance, in or to any building, fence, structure or other improvement within the

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- Subdivision, and to establish design and construction criteria and requirements in connection therewith;
- (f) To exercise and perform any and all other rights, powers, duties and remedies granted to or imposed upon the corporation by the Restrictions, by any easement granted to the corporation, or by any other instrument granted to or for the benefit of the corporation; and
 - (g) To do or cause to be done all things and acts permitted by the laws of the State of Texas incident to, necessary, or proper to carry out the purposes for which non-profit corporations may be formed and to have all the powers enumerated in the Texas Property Code for property owners associations and in the Texas Business Organizations Code for non-profit corporations, including but not limited to for any lawful purpose or purposes not expressly prohibited under chapters 2 or 22 of the Texas Business Organizations Code, including any purpose described by section 2.002 of the Code.
2. Texas Tax Code Statement. Pursuant to Texas Tax Code Section 171.082, and in extension of and not limitation of the purposes set forth in the Certificate of Formation for the Corporation, (1) the corporation is organized and operated primarily to obtain, manage, construct, and maintain the property in or of a residential condominium or residential real estate development; and (2) the owners of individual lots, residences, or residential units control at least 51 percent of the votes of the corporation and that voting control, however acquired, is not held by: (A) a single individual or family; or (B) one or more developers, declarants, banks, investors, or other similar parties;
3. Limitations on Distributions and Activities. No part of the net earnings of the corporation shall inure to the benefit of, or be distributable to, its members, Directors, Officers, or other private persons, except that the corporation shall be authorized and empowered to pay reasonable compensation for services rendered and to make payments and distributions in the furtherance of the purposes set forth in Article Four hereof. No substantial part of the activities of the corporation shall be the carrying on of propaganda or otherwise attempting to influence Legislation, and the corporation shall not participate in, or intervene in (including the publishing or distribution of statements) any political campaign on behalf of any candidate for public office. Notwithstanding any other provisions of these Articles, the corporation shall not carry on any other activities not permitted to be carried on (a) by an organization exempt from Federal Income Tax under Section 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (or the corresponding provisions of any future United States Internal Revenue law) or (b) by an organization, contributions to which are deductible under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (or the corresponding provisions of any future United States Internal Revenue law).
4. Mortgage of Association Properties. The Association shall have power to mortgage its properties with the assent of **[two-thirds] [a majority]** of the votes of the Members who are voting in person or by proxy at a meeting called for such purpose, written notice of which

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shall be mailed to all Members as least thirty (30) days in advance and shall set forth the purpose of the meeting.

5. There shall be no initiation fees. Members shall be bound to pay assessments to the Association in accordance with the restrictions for the Subdivision now and hereafter recorded.

ARTICLE TWO

Membership and Voting Rights

1. **Membership Qualification.** Every person or entity who is an Owner of a Lot shall be a Member of the Association, provided that any such person or entity who holds such interest merely as security for the performance of obligation shall not be a Member. Each owner of one or more lots or undivided interests and each purchases under a contract to purchase one or more lots or undivided interests (with such contract then being in force) in Holiday Villages of Livingston Subdivision is deemed to be a member of this Association; provided, however, that Livingston Holiday Villages, L.P. may resign its membership at any time. An "undivided interest", as such term is used herein, shall mean each of the 1,700 undivided interests in Section B and C of the Subdivision (being each 1/500 undivided interest in Section B and each 1/1200 undivided interest in Section C); including, but not limited to, each such undivided interest owned by Livingston Holiday Villages, L.P. For purposes of these By-Laws, an undivided interest shall not be considered a lot, and a lot shall not be considered to be an undivided interest. "Holiday Villages of Livingston Subdivision" and the "Subdivision", as such terms are used herein, shall mean all property in San Jacinto County, Texas, which has been or shall hereafter be at any time subdivided, platted or designated by Livingston Holiday Villages, L.P. as a portion of Holiday Villages of Livingston Subdivision.
2. **One Class of Members.** The Association shall have only one class of voting members. Members shall be entitled to one vote (at all meetings of members and otherwise) regardless of the number of lots owned; provided that not more than one vote shall be cast with respect to each lot or each undivided interest. All members of a single family (as defined by the Board of Directors of the Association) who are the owners or purchasers, as described in Section 1 of this ARTICLE ONE, of an undivided interest shall collectively be entitled to one vote at all meetings of members and otherwise, and any of such members may cast such vote. With the exception noted in the last sentence of this Section, votes shall not be divided into fractional votes. Where two or more members are the owners or purchasers of the same lot (or portion of a lot), any of such members may cast the entire vote attributable to such lot (or portion of lot), provided the Association does not receive, at or prior to the time such vote is cast, notice of protest of such action from members who collectively are the owners or purchasers of at least one-half interest in such lot (or portion of a lot). Such notice of protest must be in writing unless given at a duly called meeting of members. In the event that a lot

is validly subdivided, and a member or members is (are) the owner(s) or purchaser(s) of at least 40% but not more than 60% (in area) of such lot, such member(s) shall be entitled to ½ vote for such lot.

3. **Right to use Common Facilities.** All members, their families and authorized guests shall have the right to use all of the Association's facilities, including its swimming pool, park and recreational areas, to the extent permitted by and in accordance with the terms and conditions that may be set out in the Association's rules which may from time to time be established by its Board of Directors. In addition, the use of such facilities is governed by and subject to the provisions of the recorded Subdivision Restrictions for the Subdivision. As to each membership which is held by other than a single individual, that is, a membership held by two or more persons or by a corporation or partnership, the use of the Association's facilities shall be only by an individual person and the family of such individual named by such member. In respect to any lot or undivided interest which is covered by a bona fide contract of sale, the purchaser(s) rather than the seller(s) of such lot or undivided interest shall be entitled to membership unless such contract specifically provides otherwise. No member who is in arrears for more than 30 days in respect to the monthly assessments set forth in the restrictions of record in respect to the monthly assessments set for in the restrictions of record in respect to the Subdivision, or in any other dues and/or accounts of the Association shall be eligible to vote in respect to any of the business or affairs of the Association, and such member and his or her family and guests shall not be permitted to use the Associations' facilities.
4. Membership may be evidenced by such card, certificate or other writing as the Board of Directors shall authorize.
5. No member other than Livingston Holiday Villages, L.P. may resign from membership in the Association.
6. **Membership Rights Dependent on being in Good Standing.** Subject to any Texas law to the contrary, the rights of membership are subject to the payment of assessments and special assessments required by the Restrictions and/or as may be levied by the Association. The obligation of payments thereof is imposed against each Owner and becomes a lien upon the property against which such assessments are made as provided in the Restrictions.
7. **Delegation of Rights of Enjoyment.** Any member's right of enjoyment in the Common Facilities may be delegated to the members of his/her family who reside in the Subdivision and such guests as are allowed by any rules and regulations of the Association concerning such rights of enjoyment. Such Member shall notify the Secretary in writing of the name of any such person and of the relationship of the Member to such person. The rights and privileges of such person are subject to suspension as provided for by these Bylaws, to the same extent as those of the Member.

8. **Suspension of Membership Rights.** Except as otherwise provided by Texas law, the membership rights of any person whose interest in the Subdivision is subject to assessments under the Restrictions may be suspended by action of the Board of Directors during the period when the assessments remain unpaid; but, upon payment of such assessments, such member's rights and privileges shall be automatically restored.
9. **Voting Rights of Members.** Subject to the provisions of Section 209.0059, Texas Property Code, if such Member is not current by the Record Date of any year, then that Member shall not be entitled to vote at the annual meeting of the members and shall be deemed to have his/her rights and privileges automatically suspended until such member has paid all assessments current.
10. **Ballots.**
 - (a) Any vote cast in an election or vote by a member of a property owners' association must be in writing and signed by the member or by the member's proxy.
 - (b) Electronic votes cast as provided by these Bylaws (required under Section 209.00593, Texas Property Code), constitute written and signed ballots.
 - (c) In an association-wide election, written and signed ballots are not required for uncontested races. (Source: Section 209.0058, Texas Property Code).
11. **Eligibility to Vote.** Subject to the provisions of Section 209.0059, Texas Property Code, to be entitled to vote, a member must be current in payment of all maintenance fees due by the Record Date.
12. **Record Date.** For the purpose of determining members entitled to notice or to vote at any meeting of the members or any adjournment thereof, the Record Date shall be the business date preceding the date on which notice of the meeting is mailed. (Source: Section 6.101, Texas Business Organizations Code).
13. **Voting by in Person or by Proxy.** Subject to the provisions of Section 209.00592, Texas Property Code, the voting rights of a member may be cast or given:
 - (a) in person or by proxy at a meeting of the property owners' association;
 - (b) by absentee ballot in accordance with these Bylaws;
 - (c) by electronic ballot in accordance with these Bylaws; or
 - (d) by any method of representative or delegated voting provided by a dedicatory instrument. (Source: Section 209.00592 (a), Texas Property Code).
14. **Absentee or electronic ballot.** An absentee or electronic ballot:
 - (a) may be counted as an owner present and voting for the purpose of establishing a quorum only for items appearing on the ballot;
 - (b) may not be counted, even if properly delivered, if the owner attends any meeting to vote in person, so that any vote cast at a meeting by a property owner supersedes any vote submitted by absentee or electronic ballot previously submitted for that

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- proposal; and
- (c) may not be counted on the final vote of a proposal if the motion was amended at the meeting to be different from the exact language on the absentee or electronic ballot. (Source: Section 209.00592 (b), Texas Property Code).
15. Solicitation for votes by absentee ballot. A solicitation for votes by absentee ballot must include:
- (a) an absentee ballot that contains each proposed action and provides an opportunity to vote for or against each proposed action;
- (b) instructions for delivery of the completed absentee ballot, including the delivery location; and
- (c) the following language: "By casting your vote via absentee ballot you will forgo the opportunity to consider and vote on any action from the floor on these proposals, if a meeting is held. This means that if there are amendments to these proposals your votes will not be counted on the final vote on these measures. If you desire to retain this ability, please attend any meeting in person. You may submit an absentee ballot and later choose to attend any meeting in person, in which case any in-person vote will prevail." (Source: Section 209.00592 (c), Texas Property Code).
16. If an electronic ballot is posted on an official Internet website of the Association, a notice of the posting shall be sent to each owner that contains instructions on obtaining access to the posting on the website. (Source: Section 209.00592 (e), Texas Property Code).
17. Proxies. If a member elects to vote by proxy, the proxy must be executed in writing by the member or the member's attorney-in-fact, setting forth such member's designation of his attorney and proxy to act in his behalf at any meeting designated therein. Each such proxy shall be filed with the secretary prior to or at the commencement of the meeting at which said proxy is to be used. Unless otherwise provided by the proxy, a proxy is revocable and expires 11 months after the date of its execution. A proxy may not be irrevocable for longer than 11 months.
18. Voting by Facsimile Transmission. If authorized by resolution of the Board of Directors for any specific matter that can be voted on, a member vote on any matter may be conducted by facsimile transmission.
19. Tabulation of and Access to Ballots.
- (a) A person who is a candidate in a property owners' association election or who is otherwise the subject of an association vote, or a person related to that person within the third degree by consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Chapter 573, Government Code, may not tabulate or otherwise be given access to the ballots cast in that election or vote except as provided by this section.
- (b) A person other than a person described by Subsection (a) may tabulate votes in an association election or vote but may not disclose to any other person how an

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- individual voted.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter or any other law, a person other than a person who tabulates votes under Subsection (b), including a person described by Subsection (a), may be given access to the ballots case in the election or vote only as part of a recount process authorized by law. (Source: Section 209.00594, Texas Property Code).
20. Notice of Election of Association Vote. Not later than the 10th day or earlier than the 60th day before the date of an election or vote, a property owners' association shall give written notice of the election or vote to:
- (a) each owner of property in the property owners' association, for purposes of an association-wide election or vote; or
- (b) each owner of property in the property owners' association entitled under the dedicatory instruments to vote in a particular representative election, for purposes of a vote in a particular representative election, for purposes of a vote that involves election of representatives of the association who are vested under the dedicatory instruments of the property owners' association with the authority to elect or appoint board members of the property owners' association. (Source: Section 209.0056, Texas Property Code).
21. Recount of Votes.
- (a) Any owner may, not later than the 15th day after the date of the meeting at which the election was held, require a recount of the votes. A demand for a recount must be submitted in writing either:
- (1) by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by delivery by the United States Postal Service with signature confirmation to the property owners' association's mailing address as reflected on the latest management certificate filed under Section 209.004, Texas Property Code; or
- (2) in person to the property owners' association's managing agent as reflected on the latest management certificate filed under Section 209.0041, Texas Property Code, or to the address to which absentee and proxy ballots are mailed.
- (b) The property owners' association shall, at the expense of the owner requesting the recount, retain for the purpose of performing the recount, the services of a person qualified to tabulate votes under this Subsection. The association shall enter into a contract for the services of a person who:
- (1) is not a member of the association or related to a member of the association board within the third degree by consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Chapter 573, Government Code; and
- (2) is:
- (A) a current or former:
- (I) county judge;
- (II) county elections administrator;

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- (III) justice of the peace; or
- (IV) county voter registrar; or
- (B) a person agreed on by the association and the persons requesting the recount.
- (c) Any recount under this Bylaw must be performed on or before the 30th day after the date of receipt of a request and payment for a recount in accordance with this Bylaw. If the recount changes the results of the election, the property owners' association shall reimburse the requesting owner for the cost of the recount. The property owners' association shall provide the results of the recount to each owner who requested the recount. Any action taken by the board in the period between the initial election vote tally and the completion of the recount is not affected by any recount. (Source: Section 209.0057, Texas Property Code).

ARTICLE THREE

Board of Directors

1. Management by Board of Directors. The affairs and management of the Association shall be conducted by a Board of Directors consisting of five (5) Directors, which Board shall have full power and authority to carry out the purposes of the Association and to do any and all lawful acts necessary or proper thereto.
2. Term of Directorships. Except as otherwise provided in Section 3 of this ARTICLE THREE, Directors shall be elected at the annual meeting of members and shall serve a term of three (3) years and thereafter until their successors are elected and have qualified. Any Director may succeed himself and serve as many consecutive terms or non-consecutive terms as he may be elected. Directors must be members of the Association.
3. Terms of Directors. The current directors and the terms of their offices are as follows:

Place	Name of Director	Term Ends
One:	Keith Hudgins	May 2016
Two:	Brian Gannon	May 2014
Three:	Scott Rhoades	May 2015
Four:	_____	May 2017
Five:	_____	May 2016

The Directors for Positions Four and Five shall be elected at the May 2014 annual meeting, with Position Four being for a three year term and Position Five being for a two year term initially and then three year terms thereafter. Each director shall serve until the annual meeting of the members in the year in which their term ends as set forth above. Each such Director shall serve until his successor is elected and qualified. Directors to fill vacancies

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caused by resignation, death or removal may be elected by majority vote at a meeting of a quorum of the remaining Directors; provided, however, that if there are fewer than two remaining Directors, such vacancies shall be filled by election at an annual or special meeting of members. A Director elected to fill a vacancy shall serve for the remaining unexpired term of the vacating Director. Directors to fill positions created by an increase in the number of Directors may be elected at an annual or special meeting of members, and such additional Directors shall serve until the next annual meeting of members and for two (2) additional years and until their successors are elected and have qualified.

4. Election of Directors. Directors elected at an annual or special meeting of members shall be elected by a plurality of the votes cast in person or by proxy at such meeting. If directed by resolution adopted by the existing Board of Directors, any election of Directors may be held by ballots distributed by mail or similar methods rather than votes cast at a meeting. Before the expiration of the term of any Director, nominees for such position may be selected by a nominating committee of three members appointed by the President or by such other method as is approved by or acceptable to the Board of Directors.
5. Quorum. A majority of the Directors shall constitute a quorum at any meeting, and a majority of those present shall be sufficient to determine any changes, except in regard to expulsion of members as hereinbefore provided. Meetings of the Board of Directors may be held at any place within the State of Texas.
6. Powers of the Board of Directors. Notwithstanding anything seemingly to the contrary contained in any provision of these Bylaws, the Association shall act through its Board of Directors, which shall manage the affairs of the Association. By way of illustration, but not in limitation, the Board of Directors shall have the power, subject to any Texas law providing otherwise, to:
 - (a) Adopt and publish rules and regulations governing use of the common area and facilities, including but not limited to solar panels, roofing, architectural control matters, and the personal conduct of the members and their guests thereon, and to establish penalties for infraction thereof;
 - (b) Suspend the voting rights and right to use of the recreational facilities of a member during any period in which such member shall be in default in the payment of any assessment levied by the Association, as hereinbefore stated. Such rights may also be suspended after notice and hearing, for a period not to exceed sixty (60) days for infraction of published rules and regulations;
 - (c) Exercise for the Association all powers, duties, and authority vested in or delegated to this Association and not reserved to the membership by other provisions of these By-Laws or the Articles of Incorporation, or the Restrictions;
 - (d) Declare the office of a member of the Board of Directors to be vacant in the event each such member shall be absent from three (3) consecutive regular meetings of the Board of Directors; and
 - (e) Employ a manager, secretary, attorneys, independent contractors, and/or such other

employees as they deem necessary, and to prescribe and oversee their duties.

7. **Removal of Director.**
 - (a) Except as hereinafter provided in Section 4, any Directors may be removed either for or without cause, at any special meeting of the Members of the Association by the affirmative vote of a majority in number of votes present in person or by proxy at such meeting and entitled to vote for the election of Directors, if notice of the intention to act upon such matter shall have been given in the notice calling such meeting.
 - (b) If the Board of Directors is presented with written, documented evidence from a database or other record maintained by a governmental law enforcement authority that a board member has been convicted of a felony or crime involving moral turpitude, the board member is immediately ineligible to serve on the board of the Association, automatically considered removed from the board, and prohibited from future service on the board. (Source: Section 209.00591, Texas Property Code).
8. **Vacancies on Board of Directors.**
 - (a) Any board member whose term has expired must be elected by owners who are members of the property owners' association.
 - (b) A board member may be appointed by the board to fill any vacancy.
 - (c) A board member appointed to fill a vacant position shall serve the unexpired term of the predecessor board member. (Source: Section 209.0053, Texas Property Code).
 - (d) If any vacancy occurs in the Board of Directors, caused by resignation, death or disqualification from office of any Directors or otherwise, a majority of the Directors then in office, though less than a quorum, may choose a successor or successors, or a successor or successors may be chosen at a special meeting called for that purpose, and each successor Director so chosen shall be elected for the unexpired term of his/her predecessor in office.
 - (e) Any Directorship to be filled by reason of removal shall be filled by election at an annual meeting of Members or at a special meeting called for that purpose.
 - (f) Any Directorship to be filled by reason of any increase in the number of Directors shall be filled by election at an annual meeting of Members or at a special meeting called for that purpose.
9. **No Compensation for Directors.** The Directors shall serve without compensation. Upon resolution by the Board of Directors, any Director may be reimbursed for any out of pocket expenses approved by the Board of Directors; the Director to whom such reimbursement is to be made shall recuse himself or herself and abstaining from any vote on such reimbursement of out of pocket expenses.
10. **Nominating Committee:** On or before February 1 of each year, the President shall appoint a Nominating Committee of three (3) members of the Association, one of which can be a Director provided that such Director is not up for re-election. A person appointed to the

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committee cannot become a candidate for the Board of Directors. Said Committee shall have the responsibility of soliciting at least two (2) and not more than three (3) persons to become candidates for each of the vacancies on the Board of Directors of the Association, of preparing and mailing ballots and voting instructions to each member entitled to vote, notifying each elected director of his election, and such other related duties as the Board of Directors may direct. The Nominating Committee shall present the list of candidates to the Secretary on or before the first day of March in each such year an election is to take place.

8. **Call for Election:** On or before the first day of April of each year, the Secretary shall examine the list of candidates, certifying them as eligible to vote and to hold office, and shall issue the call for the election to be held on the third Saturday of May. The Board may have ballots prepared and mailed to each qualified voter, according to the then records of the Association, in which event said ballot will be so mailed no later than ten (10) days or earlier than thirty (30) days next preceding the election. The Board shall prescribe and organize the mechanics of the actual balloting giving particular consideration to the qualifications and/or eligibility of those voting. None of the foregoing shall operate to deprive qualified voters to write in the candidate of their choice, subject to certification by the Secretary of such write-in candidate's eligibility and willingness to serve, or to vote by proxy.
9. **The Ballot.** When ballots are used, the ballot shall be printed, and shall clearly describe the office, position, or vacancies for which the candidates are running, and the names of the candidates to be voted upon. No ballot will be considered which is not received at the office of the Association prior to close of business of the election day in May. Ballots received by said time, either by mail or in person, shall be counted, subject to voter and candidate eligibility; all other ballots shall be declared void. Election to the Board of Directors shall be written ballot; the ballots shall show the name of the member voting and the number of lots to be voted. At such election the Members or their proxies may cast, in respect to each vacancy, as many votes as they are entitled to cast under the provisions of these Bylaws. The person receiving the largest number of votes shall be elected. Cumulative voting shall not be permitted. If any director position is uncontested, a ballot is not required and the director is automatically elected to the position in question.

ARTICLE FOUR

Meetings of Directors

1. **Place of Meeting.** The Directors of the Association shall hold their meetings, both regular and special, within the State of Texas.
2. **Annual Meeting of Directors.** The first meeting of each newly constituted Board of Directors shall be held without further notice immediately following the annual meeting of Members of the Association, and at the same place, unless by unanimous consent of the Directors then

elected and serving such time or place shall be changed. No action at such annual meeting, other than the election of officers, shall take place unless notice of such additional action is given as required by Section 209.0051, Texas Property Code.

3. **Regular Meetings of Directors.** Regular meetings of the Board of Directors may be held without notice at such time and place as shall from time to time be determined by the Board of Directors.
4. **Special Meetings of Directors.** Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by the President on three (3) days' notice to each Director, either personally or by mail, electronic message (i.e. e-mail), or by telegram; special meetings shall be called by the President or Secretary in like manner and on like notices on the written request of two (2) Directors. Except as may be otherwise expressly provided by Texas law, the Articles of Incorporation (and/or Certificate of Formation), these Bylaws or the Restrictions, neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any special meeting need be specified in a notice or waiver of notice
5. **Quorum.** At all meetings of the Board of Directors, the presence of a majority of the Directors shall be necessary and sufficient to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and the act of a majority of the Directors, when present at any meeting at which there is a quorum, shall be the act of the Board of Directors, except as may be otherwise specifically provided by statute, the Restrictions, Articles of Incorporation (and/or Certificate of Formation) or these Bylaws. If a quorum shall not be present at any meeting of the Board of Directors, the Directors present thereat may adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present.
6. **Manner of Acting.** The act of a majority of directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Board of Directors, unless the act of a greater number is required by law or by these Bylaws.
7. **Action Without Meeting.** Any action required by law to be taken at a meeting of the directors, or any action which may be taken at a meeting of the directors, may be taken without a meeting if a consent in writing setting forth the action to be taken, shall be signed by all the directors.
8. **Open Board Meetings.**
 - (a) "Board Meeting" (1) means a deliberation between a quorum of the voting board of the Association, or between a quorum of the voting Board of Directors and another person, during which the Association's business is considered and the Board of Directors takes formal action; and (2) does not include the gathering of a quorum of the Board of Directors at a social function unrelated to the business of the Association or attendance by a quorum of the Board of Directors at a regional, state, or national convention, ceremonial event, or press conference, if formal action is not

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- taken and any discussion of association business is incidental to the social function, convention, ceremonial event, or press conference.
- (b) Regular and special meetings of the Board of Directors must be open to owners, subject to the right of the Board of Directors to adjourn a Board of Directors meeting and reconvene in closed executive session to consider actions involving personnel, pending or threatened litigation, contract negotiations, enforcement actions, confidential communications with the property owners' association's attorney, matters that are to remain confidential by request of the affected parties and agreement of the Board of Directors. Following an executive session, any decision made in the executive session must be summarized orally and placed in the minutes, in general terms, without breaching the privacy of individual owners, violating any privilege, or disclosing information that was to remain confidential at the request of the affected parties. The oral summary must include a general explanation of expenditures approved in executive session.
- (c) Except for a meeting held by electronic or telephonic means under Subsection (h), a Board of Directors meeting must be held in a county in which all or part of the property in the subdivision is located or in a county adjacent to that county.
- (d) The Board of Directors shall keep a record of each regular or special Board of Directors meeting in the form of written minutes of the meeting. The Board of Directors shall make meeting records, including approved minutes, available to a member for inspection and copying on the member's written request to the property owners' association's managing agent at the address appearing on the most recently filed management certificate or, if there is not a managing agent, to the Board of Directors.
- (e) Members shall be given notice of the date, hour, place, and general subject of a regular or special Board of Directors meeting, including a general description of any matter to be brought up for deliberation in executive session. The notice shall be:
- (1) mailed to each property owner not later than the 10th day or earlier than the 60th day before the date of the meeting; or
 - (2) provided at least 72 hours before the start of the meeting by:
 - (A) posting the notice in a conspicuous manner reasonably designed to provide notice to property owners' association members:
 - (i) in a place located on the association's common property or, with the property owner's consent, on other conspicuously located privately owned property within the subdivision; or
 - (ii) on any Internet website maintained by the association or other Internet media; and
 - (B) sending the notice by e-mail to each owner who has registered an e-mail address with the association.
- (f) It is an owner's duty to keep an updated e-mail address registered with the property owners' association under Subsection (e) (2) (B).
- (g) If the Board of Directors recesses a regular or special Board of Directors meeting to continue the following regular business day, the Board of Directors is not required

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to post notice of the continued meeting if the recess is taken in good faith and not to circumvent this section. If a regular or special Board of Directors meeting is continued to the following regular business day, and on that following day the Board of Directors continues the meeting to another day, the Board of Directors shall give notice of the continuation in at least one manner prescribed by Subsection (e) (2) (A) within two hours after adjourning the meeting being continued.

- (h) A Board of Directors may meet by any method of communication, including electronic and telephonic, without prior notice to owners under Subsection (e), if each director may hear and be heard by every other director, or the Board of Directors may take action by unanimous written consent to consider routine and administrative matters or a reasonably unforeseen emergency or urgent necessity that requires immediate Board of Directors action. Any action taken without notice to owners under Subsection (e) must be summarized orally, including an explanation of any known actual or estimated expenditures approved at the meeting, and documented in the minutes of the next regular or special Board of Directors meeting. The Board of Directors may not, without prior notice to owners under Subsection (e), consider or vote on:

- (1) fines;
- (2) damage assessments;
- (3) initiation of foreclosure actions;
- (4) initiation of enforcement actions, excluding temporary restraining orders or violations involving a threat to health or safety;
- (5) increases in assessments;
- (6) levying of special assessments;
- (7) appeals from a denial of architectural control approval; or
- (8) a suspension of a right of a particular owner before the owner has an opportunity to attend a Board of Directors meeting to present the owner's position, including any defense, on the issue.

(Source: Section 209.0051, Texas Property Code).

ARTICLE FIVE

Officers

1. The officers of the Association shall be a President, one or more Vice Presidents, a Secretary and a Treasurer, elected by the Board of Directors. More than one office may be held by the same person. All officers shall be elected annually by the Board of Directors within a reasonable time after the annual meeting of the membership of this Association. All officers shall hold office for a period of one year, or until his successor is duly elected and qualified.
2. **President.** The President shall be the chief executive officer of the Association and shall in general, supervise and control all of the business and affairs of the Association. The

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President shall preside at all meetings of the Members and the Board of Directors, shall have general and active management of the business and affairs of the Association, shall see that all orders and resolutions of the Board of Directors are carried into effect, and shall perform such other duties as the Board of Directors shall from time to time prescribe. He may sign, with the Secretary, or any other proper officer of the Association authorized by the Board of Directors, any deeds, mortgages, bonds, contracts, checks drawn against the Association, or other instruments which the Board of Directors has authorized to be executed, except in cases where the signing and execution thereof shall be expressly delegated by the Board of Directors, or by these Bylaws, or by statute to some other officer or agent of the Association.

3. Vice-President. Any Vice President shall have such powers and perform such duties as the Board of Directors may from time to time prescribe or as the President may from time to time delegate to him. In the absence of the President or in the event of his inability or refusal to act, the Vice- President shall perform the duties of the President, and when so acting, shall have all of the power of, and be subject to all the restrictions upon the President.
4. Secretary. The Secretary shall keep, or cause to be kept, the minutes of all meetings and a complete list of all members and their addresses, shall give the notices required therein, and shall perform all duties required of a Secretary. The Secretary shall attend all sessions of the Board of Directors and all meetings of the Members and record all votes and the minutes of all proceedings in a book to be kept for that purpose and shall perform like duties for any committees when required. The Secretary shall give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of the Members and special meetings of the Board of Directors, and shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors or the President, under whose supervision he shall be. Each Assistant Secretary shall have such powers and perform such duties as the Board of Directors may from time to time prescribe or as the President may from time to time delegate to him.
5. Treasurer. The Treasurer shall be responsible for the handling and disbursing all money. He shall be responsible for the proper accounting of the Association's financial matters and shall prepare such reports as may be specified by the Board of Directors. The Treasurer shall have the custody of the corporate funds and securities and shall keep full and accounts of receipts and disbursements and shall deposit all moneys and other valuable effects in the name and to the credit of the Association in such depositories as may be designated by the Board of Directors. He shall disburse the funds of the Association as may be ordered by the Board of Directors, taking proper vouchers for such disbursement, and shall render to the President and Directors, at the regular meetings of the Board of Directors, or whenever they may require it, an account of all his transactions as Treasurer and of the financial condition of the Association, and shall perform such other duties as the Board of Directors may prescribe. If required by the Board of Directors, he shall give the Association a bond in such form, in such sum, and with such surety or sureties as shall be satisfactory to the Board of Directors for the faithful performance of the duties of his office and for the restoration to the

Association, in case of his death, resignation, retirement or removal from office, of all books, paper, vouchers, money and other property of whatever kind in his possession or under his control belonging to the Association. Each Assistant Treasurer shall have such powers and perform such duties as the Board of Directors may from time to time prescribe

- 6. The Board of Directors may also elect such Vice Presidents, Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasures as it may determine. Any two or more offices may be held by the same person except that the offices of President and Secretary shall not be held by the same person.
- 7. Additional Officers and Agents. The Board of Directors may appoint such other officers and agents as it shall deem necessary, who shall be appointed for such terms and shall exercise powers and perform such duties as shall be determined from time to time by the Board of Directors.
- 8. Compensation of Officers and Agents. The salaries (if any) of all officers and agents of the Association shall be fixed by the Board of Directors.
- 9. Removal. Any officer or agent elected or appointed by the Board of Directors may be removed from office at any time by the affirmative vote of a majority of the entire Board of Directors whenever in their judgment the best interests of the Association would be served thereby, but such removal shall be without prejudice to the contract rights, if any, of the person so removed.
- 10. Vacancies. If the office of any officer becomes vacant for any reason, the vacancy may be filled by the Board of Directors for the unexpired portion of the term.

ARTICLE SIX

Committees and Managing Agents

- 1. Appointment of Committees Consisting of Directors. The Board of Directors may, by resolution passed by a majority of the entire board, designate one or more committees, to consist of two or more of the Directors of the Association. Any such committee, to the extent provided in said resolution, shall have and may exercise all of the authority of the Board of Directors in the management of the business and affairs of the Association, except where action of the full Board of Directors is required by Texas law, the Restrictions or by the Articles of Incorporation.
- 2. Appointment of Committees Not Limited to Directors or Members. Other committees not having and exercising the authority of the Board of Directors in the management of the affairs of the Association may be designated and appointed by a resolution adopted by a majority of the Directors at a meeting at which a quorum is present, or by like resolution of

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the Board of Directors. Membership on such committee, may, but need not be, limited to Directors or members of the Association.

3. Minutes of Committee Proceeding All committees shall keep regular minutes of their proceedings and shall report the same to the Board of Directors when required.
4. Employment of Management Agent. The Board of Directors may employ for the Association a management agent at a compensation established by the Board of Directors and such management agents shall perform such duties and services as the Board of Directors shall authorize. The Board of Directors may employ as management agent the Developer, its subsidiaries or affiliates, provided that the compensation to the Developer, its subsidiaries or affiliates shall not exceed the fair market rate for such services.

ARTICLE SEVEN

Meetings of the Members

1. The annual meeting of the members of the Association shall be held at the recreational center in the Subdivision or at such other place as shall be determined by the President of the Association, on the third Saturday in May of each year, commencing with the year 2000, at 11:00 A.M. Special meetings may be called by the President or by a majority of the Board of Directors. Failure to hold the annual meeting at the designated time shall not work a dissolution of the Association.
2. Except as otherwise provided in these By-Laws, the vote of a majority of the total votes cast by qualified voting members present in person or by proxy shall decide any question brought before such meeting, the respective members to have such number of votes as hereinbefore provided in ARTICLE TWO.
3. Failure to Hold Annual Meeting. The following Bylaw is intended to comply with Section 209.014, Texas Property Code.
 - (a) In the event the Board of Directors does not call an annual meeting of the association members, an owner may demand that a meeting of the association members be called not later than the 30th day after the date of the owner's demand.
 - (b) The owner's demand must be made in writing and sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the registered agent of the property owners' association and to the association at the address for the association according to the most recently filed management certificate. A copy of the notice must be sent to each property owner who is a member of the association.
 - (c) If the board does not call a meeting of the members of the property owners' association on or before the 30th day after the date of a demand under Subsection (b), three or more owners may form an election committee. The election committee shall file written notice of the committee's formation with the county clerk of each county

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in which the subdivision is located.

- (d) A notice filed by an election committee must contain:
- (1) A statement that an election committee has been formed to call a meeting of owners who are members of the property owners' association for the sole purpose of electing board members;
 - (2) the name and residential address of each committee member; and
 - (3) the name of the subdivision over which the property owners' association has jurisdiction under a dedicatory instrument.
- (e) Each committee member must sign and acknowledge the notice before a notary or other official authorized to take acknowledgments.
- (f) The county clerk shall enter on the notice the date the notice is filed and record the notice in the county's real property records.
- (g) Only one committee in a subdivision may operate under this section at one time. If more than one committee in a subdivision files a notice, the first committee that files a notice, after having complied with all other requirements of this section, is the committee with the power to act under this section. A committee that does not hold or conduct a successful election within four months after the date the notice is filed with the county clerk is dissolved by operation of law. An election held or conducted by a dissolved committee is ineffective for any purpose under this section.
- (i) The election committee may call meetings of the owners who are members of the property owners' association for the sole purpose of electing board members. Notice, quorum, and voting provisions contained in the bylaws of the property owners' association apply to any meeting called by the election committee. (Source: Section 209.014, Texas Property Code).
- (e) **Special Meetings.** Special meetings of the Members for any purpose may be called at any time by the President, or by any two (2) or more Members of the Board of Directors, or upon written request of the Members who have a right to vote one-fourth (1/4th) of all of the votes of the entire membership.
- (f) **Notice of Meetings.** Written notice of any meetings shall be given to the Members by the Secretary. Notice may be given to the Members either personally, or by sending a copy of the notice through the mail, postage thereon fully prepaid to his address appearing on the books of the Association. Notice of any meeting, regular or special, be mailed not less than ten (10) nor more than sixty (60) days in advance of the meeting and shall set forth in general the nature of the business to be transacted; provided, however, that if the business of any meeting shall involve any action governed by the Articles of Incorporation or by the Restrictions, notice of such meeting shall be given or sent as therein provided.
- (g) **Member Contact Information.** Each member shall register his address with the secretary, and notices of meetings, regular or special, shall be mailed to him at such address. It is the responsibility of the Member to provide the Association with current mailing and email addresses, and the Association assumes no responsibility should any notices not be received

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by the Member provided that the Association forwards such notice to the address provided the Association by the Member.

- (h) Notice by e-mail. Any Member may request that notice be transmitted electronically by providing the Association's Secretary a valid e-mail address. Upon providing such e-mail address the Association may transmit any and all notices to such member at such e-mail address. Members are encouraged to provide an e-mail address to help reduce the operational cost of postage and mail-out required by these Bylaws and Texas Law.
- (i) Waiver of Notice. Notice may be waived in writing signed by the person or persons entitled to such notice. Such waiver may be executed at any time before or after the holding of such meeting. Attendance at a meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice, except where the person attends for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business on the ground that the meeting is not lawfully called or convened.
- (j) Location of Meetings. Meetings of members shall be held at the office of the Association, if one is established in the Subdivision, or at such other place, within or without the State of Texas, as may be stated in the notice of the meeting or in a duly executed waiver of notice thereof.
- (k) Quorum. The presence at the meeting of Members entitled to cast ten (10 %) of the votes entitled to be voted at such meeting, shall constitute a quorum for any action governed by these Bylaws.
- (l) Action Required. At a meeting at which a quorum is present, the vote of the majority of the members in person or represented by proxy shall decide any question brought before the meeting, unless the question is one upon which the vote of a greater number is required by law, the Articles of Incorporation, or these Bylaws. The members present or represented at a meeting at which a quorum is present may continue to transact business until adjournment, notwithstanding the withdrawal of enough shareholders to leave less than a quorum.

ARTICLE SEVEN

Notices

- 1. Type of Notice. Whenever under the provisions of the statute, the Articles of Incorporation, these Bylaws or the Restrictions, notice is required to be given to any Directors or Member and no provision is made as to how such notice shall be given, it shall not be construed to mean personal notice, but any such notice may be given in writing, electronic message (i.e. e-mail), by mail, postage prepaid, addressed to such Directors or Member at such address as appears on the records of the Association. Any notice required or permitted to be given by mail shall be deemed to be given at the time the same is deposited in the United States mail as aforesaid.

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2. Waiver of Notice. Whenever any notice is required to be given to any Member or Directors of the Association under the provisions of any applicable statute, the Articles of Incorporation, these Bylaws of the Restrictions, a waiver thereof in writing signed by the person or persons entitled to such notice, whether before or after the time stated in such notice, shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice.

ARTICLE EIGHT

Books and Records

1. The Association adopts this Article Eight of these Bylaws to comply with Section 209.005, Texas Property Code. In the event of a conflict between this Article Eight and Section 209.005, Section 209.005 shall control.
2. The Association shall make the books and records of the Association, including financial records, open to and reasonably available for examination by an owner, or a person designated in writing signed by the owner or the owner's agent, attorney, or certified public accountant, in accordance with this section. An owner is entitled to obtain from the Association copies of information contained in the books and records, except as provided herein.
3. An attorney's files and records relating to the Property Owner's Association, excluding invoices requested by an owner under Section 209.008 (d) of the Texas Property Code, are not records of the Association and are not subject to inspection by the owner; or production in a legal proceeding. If a document in an attorney's files and records relating to the Association would be responsive to a legally authorized request to inspect or copy Association documents, the document shall be produced by using the copy from the attorney's files and records if the Association has not maintained a separate copy of the document. This Bylaw does not require production of a document that constitutes attorney work product or that is privileged as an attorney-client communication.
4. An owner or the owner's authorized representative described by Section 2 of this Bylaw must submit a written request for access or information under Section 2 by certified mail, with sufficient detail describing the property owners' Association's books and records requested, to the mailing address of the Association or authorized representative as reflected on the most current management certificate filed with the County Clerk. The request must contain an election either to inspect the books and records before obtaining copies or have the property owners' Association forward copies of the requested books and records. If an inspection is requested, the Association, on or before the 10th business day after the date the Association receives the request, shall send written notice of dates during normal business hours that the owner may inspect the requested books and records to the extent those books

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and records are in the possession, custody, or control of the Association. If copies of identified books and record are requested, the Association shall, to the extent those books and records are in the possession, custody, or control of the Association, produce the requested books and records for the requesting party on or before the 10th business day after the date the association receives the request, except as otherwise provided by Section 209.005 of the Texas Property Code.

5. If the Association is unable to produce the books or records requested under Article Eight, Section 4 on or before the 10th business day after the date the Association receives the request, the Association will provide to the requestor written notice that:
 - (a) informs the requestor that the Association is unable to produce the information on or before the 10th business day after the date the Association received the request; and
 - (b) states a date by which the information will be sent or made available for inspection to the requesting party that is not later than the 15th business day after the date notice under this subsection is given.
6. If an inspection is requested or required, the inspection shall take place at a mutually agreed on time during normal business hours, and the requesting party shall identify the books and records for the Property Owners' Association to copy and forward to the requesting party.
7. The Association may produce books and records requested under this section in hard copy, electronic, or other format reasonably available to the Association.
8. The Board of Directors shall adopt a records production and copying policy that prescribes the costs the Association will charge for the compilation, production, and reproduction of information requested under this section. The prescribed charges may include all reasonable costs of materials, labor, and overhead but may not exceed costs that would be applicable for an item under 1 T.A.C. Section 70.3. The policy required by this subsection shall be recorded as a dedicatory instrument in accordance with Section 202.006, Texas Property Code. The Association may not charge an owner for the compilation, production, or reproduction of information requested under this section unless the policy prescribing those costs has been recorded as required by the Association's Records Policy filed with the County Clerk. An owner is responsible for costs related to the compilation, production, and reproduction of the requested information in the amounts prescribed by the policy adopted under this Bylaw. The Association may require advance payment of the estimated costs of compilation, production, and reproduction of the requested information. If the estimated costs are lesser or greater than the actual costs, the Association shall submit a final invoice to the owner on or before the 30th business day after the date the information is delivered. If the final invoice includes additional amounts due from the owner, the additional amounts, if not reimbursed to the Association before the 30th business day after the date the invoice is sent to the owner, may be added to the owner's account as an assessment. If the estimated costs exceeded the final invoice amount, the owner is entitled to a refund, and the refund shall be issued to the owner not later than the 30th business day after the date the invoice is sent to the owner.

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9. The Association shall estimate costs under this section using amounts prescribed by the policy adopted under Section 8 of this Article Eight.
10. Except as provided by this Article Eight, and to the extent the information is provided in the meeting minutes, the Association is not required to release or allow inspection of any books or records that identify the dedicatory instrument violation history of an individual owner of an association, an owner's personal financial information, including records of payment or nonpayment of amounts due to the Association, an owner's contact information, other than the owner's address, or information related to an employee of the Association, including personnel files. Information may be released in an aggregate or summary manner that would not identify an individual property owner.
11. The books and records described by Section 10 of this Article Eight shall be released or made available for inspection if:
 - (a) the express written approval of the owner whose records are the subject of the request for inspection is provided to the property owners' Association; or
 - (b) a court orders the release of the books and records or orders that the books and records be made available for inspection.
12. The Board shall adopt and comply with a document retention policy that includes, at a minimum, the following requirements:
 - (a) certificates of formation, bylaws, restrictive covenants, and all amendments to the certificates of formation, bylaws, and covenants shall be retained permanently;
 - (b) financial books and records shall be retained for seven years;
 - (c) account records of current owners shall be retained for five years;
 - (d) contracts with a term of one year or more shall be retained for four years after the expiration of the contract term;
 - (e) minutes of meetings of the owners and the board shall be retained for seven years; and
 - (f) tax returns and audit records shall be retained for seven years.
13. A member of the Association who is denied access to or copies of Association books or records to which the member is entitled under this Article Eight of these Bylaws may file a petition with the justice of the peace of a justice precinct in which all or part of the property that is governed by the Association is located requesting relief in accordance with Article Eight of these Bylaws. If the justice of the peace finds that the member is entitled to access to or copies of the records, the justice of the peace may grant one or more of the following remedies:
 - (a) a judgment ordering the Property Owners' Association to release or allow access to the books or records;
 - (b) a judgment against the Property Owners' Association for court costs and attorney's fees incurred in connection with seeking a remedy under this section; or

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- (c) a judgment authorizing the owner or the owner's assignee to deduct the amounts awarded under Subdivision (2) from any future regular or special assessments payable to the Property Owners' Association.
14. If the Property Owners' Association prevails in an action under Section 13 of this Article Eight of the Bylaws, the Association is entitled to a judgment for court costs and attorney's fees incurred by the Association in connection with the action.
 15. On or before the 10th business day before the date a person brings an action against the Association under this section, the person must send written notice to the Association of the person's intent to bring the action. The notice must:
 - (a) be sent certified mail, return receipt requested, or delivered by the United States Postal Service with signature confirmation service to the mailing address of the Association or authorized representative as reflected on the most current management certificate filed under Section 209.004; and
 - (b) describe with sufficient detail the books and records being requested.
 16. For the purposes of this Article Eight of these Bylaws, "business day" means a day other than Saturday, Sunday, or a state or federal holiday. (Source: Section 209.005, Texas Property Code).

ARTICLE NINE

Special Assessments

1. Establishment of Special Assessment for Capital Projects. In addition to the Maintenance Fee assessment set forth in the Restrictions, the members of the Association may adopt a special assessment for capital projects, in such amount as may be established by the Association at a special or annual meeting at which notice for an election for the assessment of said Special Assessment is given. Should the special assessment be approved by a two-third (2/3) vote of the members, represented in person or by proxy, of the Property Owners Association at the annual meeting of the Property Owners Association, then the Special Assessment shall become effective on the date noticed, with the proceeds from such special assessment being ear-marked for the specific purpose set forth in the notice of such election. Said Special Assessment shall be secured by a lien against said lot, and failure to pay said Special Assessment shall constitute a foreclosure lien against said lot. This lien is in the form of an assessment to run with the ownership of said lots. The Special Assessment shall be deemed delinquent if not paid within thirty (30) days of the date set forth in the notice as being the date the Special Assessment is due.
2. Purpose of Special Assessment. The Special Assessment shall be used for only the following purposes:
 - (a) To defray, in whole or in part, the cost, whether incurred before or after the

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assessment, of any construction or reconstruction, repair, or replacement of a capital improvement in the Common Areas, including but not limited to the streets and roads in the Subdivision, owned by the Association, including the necessary fixtures and personal property related to such Common Areas, to the extent such expense is not sufficiently provided for with Regular Assessment funds;

- (b) For maintenance and improvement of Common Areas owned by the Association; and/or
- (c) For such other purposes of the property owners' association as stated in the Association's Certificate of Formation or the dedicatory instrument for the Subdivision.

ARTICLE TEN

Miscellaneous

1. Amendment of By-Laws. These By-Laws or any part thereof may be altered, amended or repealed by the Board of Directors of the Association.
2. Priority of Authorities. To the extent that any of these Bylaws conflict with the provisions of the Texas Property Code and/or the Texas Non-Profit Corporations Act and/or the Texas Business Organizations Code, as may be amended from time to time by the Texas Legislature, the Texas Property Code and/or the Texas Non-Profit Corporations Act and/or the Texas Business Organizations Code shall control. All provisions contained in the Articles of Incorporation, in the restrictions for the Subdivision now or hereafter recorded and in all state and federal statutes shall have precedence and shall control over any conflicting provisions contained in these By-Laws.
3. Contracts. The Association shall not enter into any contract to pay, and shall not pay, any salary or other remuneration to any officer, Director nor committee member of the Association for their services as such. **NOTE NEW LAW:** As used in this Bylaw, "Qualified party" means (1) a board member; (2) a person related within the 3rd degree by consanguinity or affinity to the board member; (3) a company in which a person related to a current board member has a financial interest in at least 51% of profits; or (3) a company in which a person related to a current board member within the 3rd degree by consanguinity or affinity has a financial interest of at least 51% of profits. The Association may enter into an enforce contract with a "qualified party" only under the following conditions:
 - (a) one of the parties bids on the contract, and the Association has received at least 2 other bids from persons not associated with one of the qualified parties (if reasonably available in the community;
 - (b) the board member is not (1) given access to the other bids; (2) does not participate in any board discussions regarding the contract; and (3) does not vote on the award of the contract;
 - (c) the material facts regarding the relationship or interest are disclosed to or known by

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the board and the board, in good faith with ordinary care, authorizes the contract by an affirmative vote of a majority of the board members who do not have an interest governed by this Bylaw, and

- (d) the board certified that the other requirements of this Bylaw have been satisfied by a resolution approved by the affirmative vote of a majority of the board members who do not have an interest governed by this Bylaw. (Source: HB 503 - Sections 209.002(4-a) and 209.0052, Texas Property Code, effective 9/1/2013).
4. **Charges.** The Board of Directors shall compute, assess, collect and enforce the payment of all charges to which the Subdivision is subjected or may be subjected under or by virtue of the Restrictions and Bylaws.
 5. **Dividends.** No dividends shall be paid and no part of the income of the Association shall be disbursed to its Members, Directors, or Officers. The Association may pay compensation in a reasonable amount to its Members or Officers for services rendered, but only as permitted by the applicable statutes.
 6. **Checks.** All checks or demands for money and notes of the Association shall be signed by such officer or officers or such other person or persons as the Board of Directors may from time to time designate.
 7. **Fiscal Year.** The fiscal year of the Association shall be fixed by resolution of the Board of Directors.
 8. **Seal.** The corporate seal, if any, shall be in such form as may be determined by the Board of Directors. Said seal may be used by causing it or a facsimile thereof to be impressed or affixed or reproduced or otherwise.
 9. **Indemnification.** Except as may otherwise be provided by Article 1396-2.22A, Texas Non-Profit Corporations Act, and/or Section 8.051, Texas Business Organizations Code, or as may be ordered by a court pursuant to Section 8.052, Texas Business Organizations Code, or by Article 1396-2.22A, Texas Non-Profit Corporations Act, the Association shall indemnify any Director, Officer, or employee of the Association, against expenses actually and necessarily incurred by him and any amount paid in satisfaction of judgements in connection with any action, suit or proceedings, whether civil or criminal in nature, in which he is made a party by reason of being or having been such a Director, Officer, or employee (whether or not a Director, Officer, or employee at the time such costs or expenses are incurred by or imposed upon him) except in relation to matters as to which he shall be judged in such action, suit, or proceedings to be liable for gross negligence or willful misconduct in the performance of duty. The Association may also reimburse to any Director, Officer or employee the reasonable costs of settlement of any such action, suit or proceedings, if it shall be found by a majority of a committee of the Directors not involved in the matter in controversy, whether or not a quorum, that it was in the interest of the Association that such

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settlement be made and that such Director, Officer or employee was not guilty of gross negligence or willful misconduct. Such rights of indemnification and reimbursement shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which such Director, Officer, or employee may be entitled by law or under any Bylaw, agreement, vote of Members or otherwise. Nothing in this Section shall prevent permissive indemnification as authorized by Section 8.01 through 8.152, Texas Business Organizations Code, or by Article 1396-2.22A, Texas Non-Profit Corporations Act.

10. Online Subdivision Information. The Association shall make dedicatory instruments relating to the association or subdivision and filed with the County Clerk records available on a website if the association has, or a management company on behalf of the association maintains, a publicly accessible website. (Source: Section 207.006, Texas Property Code).

ARTICLE ELEVEN

Definitions

1. Association. "Association" shall mean and refer to the HV OF LIVINGSTON OWNERS ASSOCIATION, a non profit corporation organized under the laws of Texas, its successors and assigns.
2. Board of Directors. "Board of Directors" shall refer to the board of directors elected by the members of the Association.
3. Common Facilities. "Common Facilities" shall mean the roads, street lights, parks, and entrance features of the Subdivision, and landscaped areas established by the Developer for use as Common Facilities.
4. County Clerk. "County Clerk" shall mean the County Clerk of San Jacinto County, Texas.
5. Declarations and/or Restrictions. "Declarations" and/or "Restrictions" shall mean the declarations and restrictions filed of record with the County Clerk for the Subdivision.
6. Dedicatory Instrument. "Dedicatory Instrument" shall mean each instrument governing the establishment, maintenance, and operation of the HV OF LIVINGSTON OWNERS ASSOCIATION, and includes a declaration or similar instrument subjecting real property to restrictive covenants, certificate of formation, bylaws, or similar instruments governing the administration or operation of a property owners association, to properly adopted rules and regulations of the property owners' association, or to all lawful amendments to the covenants, bylaws, instruments, rules, or regulations, including but not limited to those identified above under "Declaration". Dedicatory Instrument further shall mean the Articles of Incorporation (now known as Certificate of Formation), Bylaws, and other rules,

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- regulations, and resolutions filed of record with the County Clerk.
7. Directors. "Directors" shall mean and refer to any duly elected or appointed member of the Board of Directors.
 8. Electronic ballot. "Electronic ballot" means a ballot: (a) given by: (1) e-mail; (2) facsimile; or (3) posting on an Internet website; (b) for which the identity of the property owner submitting the ballot can be confirmed; and (c) for which the property owner may receive a receipt of the electronic transmission and receipt of the owner's ballot. (Source: Section 209.00592 (d), Texas Property Code).
 9. Lot. "Lot" shall mean any residential lot in the Subdivision, and identified in the documents filed of record, identified herein, and on record with the County Clerk.
 10. Maintenance Charge. "Maintenance Charge" shall mean the periodic charge collected by the Association, (also known as maintenance fee) for each Lot in the Subdivision for the purpose of maintaining and improving the Subdivision.
 11. Maintenance Fund. "Maintenance Fund" shall mean the amounts collected from time to time by the Association, upon payment of Maintenance Charges by the Owners.
 12. Member. "Member" or "Members" shall mean and refer to all those Owners who are members of the Association as provided for in the Restrictions and/or in these Bylaws.
 13. Owner. "Owner" shall mean and refer to the record owner, whether one or more persons or entities, of the fee simple title to any Lot which is part of the Properties, including contract sellers, but excluding those having such interest merely as security for the performance of an obligation.
 14. Plats. "Plats" shall mean the plat of the subdivision recorded in the County Clerk's office.
 15. Record Date. "Record Date" shall be the business date preceding the date on which notice of the meeting is mailed. the date that the notice of any annual or special meeting is mailed.
 16. Regular Assessment. "Regular Assessment" and/or "Annual Charge" shall mean the annual amount that each owner of property within a residential subdivision is required to pay to the Association, which is designated for use by the Association for the benefit of the property owners of the Subdivision, as provided by the Restrictions, and include maintenance charges and maintenance fees.
 17. Special Assessment. "Special Assessment" shall mean any fee and/or due, other than a regular assessment, that each Member is required to pay to the Association, as established by the Members at an annual or special meeting of the members of the Association at which a quorum is present and at which at least thirty (30) days notice is given of the intent to

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establish a Special Assessment and which action of the Members authorizes the Association to charge for:

- (a) Defraying, in whole or in part, the cost, whether incurred before or after the assessment, of any construction or reconstruction, repair, or replacement of a capital improvement in the Common Areas owned by the Association, including the necessary fixtures and personal property related to such Common Areas, to the extent such expense is not sufficiently provided for with Regular Assessment funds;
- (b) Maintenance and improvement of Common Areas owned by the Association; and/or
- (c) Such other purposes of the property owners' association as stated in the Association's Certificate of Formation or the dedicatory instrument for the Subdivision.

18. Subdivision. "Subdivision" shall mean the Holiday Village Subdivision, Sections A-5, San Jacinto County, Texas, as shown on the respective Plats on file with the County Clerk's office.

THESE BYLAWS have been voted on and adopted by a majority vote at which a quorum was had by the Board of Directors of the Association at a meeting of the Association held on Oct 18, 2013.

Wase Adcox
Wase Adcox, President

ATTEST:

Jeresa Cuabana
Secretary

26660

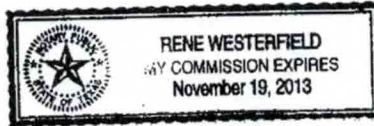
STATE OF TEXAS *
COUNTY OF San Jacinto *

This instrument was acknowledged before me on the 18 day of Oct, 2013,
by Wayne Adcox, _____, _____ ASSOCIATION,
INC., a Texas non-profit corporation on behalf of said corporation.

Ren Westerfield
NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF TEXAS

After filing return to:

Travis E. Kitchens, Jr.
Lawyer
P. O. Box 1629
Onalaska, Texas 77360



FILED FOR
RECORD

2013 NOV 1 AM 9 10

Angelia Steele
COUNTY CLERK
SAN JACINTO COUNTY, TEXAS

STATE OF TEXAS
COUNTY OF SAN JACINTO
I, Angelia Steele, hereby certify that this instrument was FILED
in number sequence on the date and time stamped hereon by me,
and was duly RECORDED in the OFFICIAL PUBLIC RECORDS of
San Jacinto County, Texas as stamped hereon by me on

NOV 1 2013



ANGELIA STEELE
COUNTY CLERK
SAN JACINTO COUNTY, TEXAS