

Notice to a Purchaser of Real Property in a Water District

Note: This Notice should be completed and given to a prospective purchaser prior to execution of a binding contract of sale and purchase, should be executed by the seller and purchaser and should be attached as a separate portion of a purchase contract. Please see NOTE at bottom of page.

1) The real property, described below, that you are about to purch authority separate from any other taxing authority and may, subject tax in payment of such bonds. As of this date, the rate of taxes levie assessed valuation. If the district has not yet levied taxes, the most revaluation. The total amount of bonds, excluding refunding bonds revenues received or expected to be received under a contract with date, be issued in $\$2,814,000,000$, and the aggregate initiathed district and payable in whole or in part from property taxes is $\$8$.	to voter approval, issue an unlimited amount of the district on real property located in the ecent projected rate of tax, as of this date, is \$1 s and any bonds or any portion of bonds in a governmental entity, approved by the voter all principal amounts of all bonds issued for one	If bonds and levy an unlimited rate of e district is $\frac{.03}{.00}$ on each \$100 of $\frac{.0}{.00}$ on each \$100 of assessed ssued that are payable solely from and which have been or may, at this
2) The district has the authority to adopt and impose a standby fand services available but not connected and which does not substantially utilize the utility capacity available to the property. The of this date, the most recent amount of the standby fee is \$unknown property at the time of imposition and is secured by a lien on the property and unpaid standby fees on a tract of property in the district.	have a house, building, or other improvem e district may exercise the authority without $\frac{wn}{}$. An unpaid standby fee is a personal obli	nent located thereon and does not nolding an election on the matter. As gation of the person that owned the
3) Mark an "X" in one of the following three spaces and then complete	te as instructed.	
XNotice for Districts Located in Whole or in Part within the Corp	orate Boundaries of a Municipality (Complete	Paragraph A).
Notice for Districts Located in Whole or in Part in the Extraterr Located within the Corporate Boundaries of a Municipality (Co		Municipalities and Not
Notice for Districts that are NOT Located in Whole or in Part Jurisdiction of One or More Home-Rule Municipalities.	within the Corporate Boundaries of a Munici	pality or the Extraterritorial
A) The district is located in whole or in part within the corpora are subject to the taxes imposed by the municipality and by the doundaries of a municipality may be dissolved by municipal ordinant	district until the district is dissolved. By law, a	
B) The district is located in whole or in part in the extraterritor extraterritorial jurisdiction of a municipality may be annexed without the district is dissolved.		By law, a district located in the district. When a district is annexed,
4) The purpose of this district is to provide water, sewer, drainage bonds payable in whole or in part from property taxes. The cost of these utility facilities are owned or to be owned by the district. The LT 22 BLK 3 EMNORA HEIGHTS	of these utility facilities is not included in the	ourchase price of your property, and
dottoop verified	Kari Gilchrist	dotloop verified 04/24/23 8:40 PM CDT I6WH-FKP8-FZBG-LERP
Signature of Seller Date	Signature of Seller	Date
PURCHASER IS ADVISED THAT THE INFORMATION SHOWN ON THI ROUTINELY ESTABLISHES TAX RATES DURING THE MONTHS OF SEPTE THE TAX RATES ARE APPROVED BY THE DISTRICT. PURCHASER IS AD OR PROPOSED CHANGES TO THE INFORMATION SHOWN ON THIS F	EMBER THROUGH DECEMBER OF EACH YEAR, DVISED TO CONTACT THE DISTRICT TO DETER	EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR IN WHICH
The undersigned purchaser hereby acknowledges receipt of the fore real property described in such notice or at closing of purchase of the		ing contract for the purchase of the
Signature of Purchaser Date	Signature of Purchaser	Date

NOTE: Correct district name, tax rate, bond amounts. and legal description are to be placed in the appropriate space. Except for notices included as an addendum or paragraph of a purchase contract, the notice shall be executed by the seller and purchaser, as indicated. If the district does not propose to provide one or more of the specified facilities and services, the appropriate purpose may be eliminated. If the district has not yet levied taxes, a statement of the district's most recent projected rate of tax is to be placed in the appropriate space. If the district does not have approval from the commission to adopt and impose a standby fee, the second paragraph of the notice may be deleted. For the purposes of the notice form required to be given to the prospective purchaser prior to execution of a binding contract of sale and purchase, a seller and any agent, representative, or person acting on the seller's behalf may modify the notice by substitution of the words "January 1,2021" for the words "this date" and place the correct calendar year in the appropriate space.



Notice to a Purchaser of Real Property in a Water District

Note: This Notice should be completed and given to a prospective purchaser prior to execution of a binding contract of sale and purchase, should be executed by the seller and purchaser and should be attached as a separate portion of a purchase contract. Please see NOTE at bottom of page.

authority separate from any other tax tax in payment of such bonds. As of assessed valuation. If the district has valuation. The total amount of bor	ring authority and may, subject to vote this date, the rate of taxes levied by the not yet levied taxes, the most recent plats, excluding refunding bonds and execeived under a contract with a government, and the aggregate initial prince.	ocated in the Port of Houston Auth pier approval, issue an unlimited amount of he district on real property located in the projected rate of tax, as of this date, is \$ n, any bonds or any portion of bonds is ernmental entity, approved by the voters cipal amounts of all bonds issued for one 0,000	bonds and levy an unlimited rate of district is \$.01 on each \$100 of assessed sued that are payable solely from and which have been or may, at this
and services available but not co substantially utilize the utility capaci of this date, the most recent amoun	nnected and which does not have by available to the property. The district of the standby fee is \$unknown dissecured by a lien on the property	property in the district that has water, s a house, building, or other improvement ict may exercise the authority without he An unpaid standby fee is a personal oblig . Any person may request a certificate fro	ent located thereon and does not olding an election on the matter. As ation of the person that owned the
3) Mark an "X" in one of the following	three spaces and then complete as in	nstructed.	
X Notice for Districts Located in W	hole or in Part within the Corporate	Boundaries of a Municipality (Complete F	Paragraph A).
	Vhole or in Part in the Extraterritorial oundaries of a Municipality (Complet	Jurisdiction of One or More Home-Rule I e Paragraph B).	Municipalities and Not
Notice for Districts that are NC Jurisdiction of One or More Hon		the Corporate Boundaries of a Municip	ality or the Extraterritorial
are subject to the taxes imposed by		undaries of the City of <u>Houston</u> until the district is dissolved. By law, a c hout the consent of the district or the vot	
	ole or in part in the extraterritorial jur ipality may be annexed without the c	isdiction of the City of_ onsent of the district or the voters of the	By law, a district located in the district. When a district is annexed,
bonds payable in whole or in part	rom property taxes. The cost of thes	lood control facilities and services within e utility facilities is not included in the property you are acquir	urchase price of your property, and
Corey Gilchrist	dotloop verified 04/24/23 6:48 PM CDT 9W4E-PFIV-PUMJ-JBN1	Kari Gilchrist	dotoop verified 04/24/23 8:40 PM CDT DijD-WSGK-X1JQ-YIFF
Signature of Seller	Date	Signature of Seller	Date
ROUTINELY ESTABLISHES TAX RATES IT THE TAX RATES ARE APPROVED BY TO OR PROPOSED CHANGES TO THE INF The undersigned purchaser hereby a	DURING THE MONTHS OF SEPTEMBER HE DISTRICT. PURCHASER IS ADVISED ORMATION SHOWN ON THIS FORM. cknowledges receipt of the foregoing	notice at or prior to execution of a bindir	FFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR IN WHICH IINE THE STATUS OF ANY CURRENT
real property described in such notic	e or at closing or purchase of the real	property.	
Signature of Purchaser	Date	Signature of Purchaser	Date

NOTE: Correct district name, tax rate, bond amounts. and legal description are to be placed in the appropriate space. Except for notices included as an addendum or paragraph of a purchase contract, the notice shall be executed by the seller and purchaser, as indicated. If the district does not propose to provide one or more of the specified facilities and services, the appropriate purpose may be eliminated. If the district has not yet levied taxes, a statement of the district's most recent projected rate of tax is to be placed in the appropriate space. If the district does not have approval from the commission to adopt and impose a standby fee, the second paragraph of the notice may be deleted. For the purposes of the notice form required to be given to the prospective purchaser prior to execution of a binding contract of sale and purchase, a seller and any agent, representative, or person acting on the seller's behalf may modify the notice by substitution of the words "January 1,2021" for the words "this date" and place the correct calendar year in the appropriate space.



PROMULGATED BY THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION (TREC)

11-08-2021

DISCLOSURE OF RELATIONSHIP WITH RESIDENTIAL SERVICE COMPANY

RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CONTRACTS. A residential service contract is a product under which a residential service company, for a fee, agrees to repair or replace certain equipment or items in a property. Co-payments typically apply to most service calls. Residential service companies are licensed and regulated by the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation. The extent of coverage and the cost of coverage will vary. Before buying a residential service contract, the buyer should read the contract and consider comparing it with the extent of coverage and costs from several other residential service companies. YOU MAY CHOOSE ANY COMPANY.

THE PURCHASE OF A RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CONTRACT IS OPTIONAL. The TREC promulgated residential contract forms contain a paragraph in which the parties may negotiate whether the seller will reimburse the buyer the cost of a residential service contract. The choice of the residential service company and extent of coverage lies with the buyer. NEITHER A BROKER/SALES AGENT NOR A SELLER MAY CONDITION THE SALE OF A PROPERTY ON THE BUYER'S PURCHASE OF A RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CONTRACT.

Other Broker/Sales Agent will receive no compensation from a residential service company.	Listing Broker/Sales Ag- compensation from a reside	
Other Broker/Sales Agent receives compensation from the following residential service company:	☐ Listing Broker/Sales Agent r from the following residentia	
for providing the following services:	for providing the following se	ervices:
The compensation is not contingent upon a party to the	real estate transaction purchasing	ng a contract or services
from the residential service company.		
The compensation is the fee for the services that Listing E provides to the company. As required by the Real Estate	e Settlement Procedures Act and	HUD Regulation X, any
The compensation is the fee for the services that Listing E provides to the company. As required by the Real Estate fees paid to a settlement services provider are limited to t	e Settlement Procedures Act and the reasonable value of services a Real Broker, LLC	HUD Regulation X, any actually rendered. 9003138
The compensation is the fee for the services that Listing E provides to the company. As required by the Real Estate	e Settlement Procedures Act and he reasonable value of services a	HUD Regulation X, any actually rendered.
The compensation is the fee for the services that Listing E provides to the company. As required by the Real Estate fees paid to a settlement services provider are limited to to the Cother Broker's Name License No. By:	e Settlement Procedures Act and the reasonable value of services a Real Broker, LLC	HUD Regulation X, any actually rendered. 9003138
The compensation is the fee for the services that Listing E provides to the company. As required by the Real Estate fees paid to a settlement services provider are limited to to the Cother Broker's Name License No.	e Settlement Procedures Act and the reasonable value of services a Real Broker, LLC Listing Broker's Name	HUD Regulation X, any actually rendered. 9003138 License No. datloop verified 05/19/23 8:17 AM CDT 9UZJ-CF9B-PWG1-HQBE
The compensation is the fee for the services that Listing E provides to the company. As required by the Real Estate fees paid to a settlement services provider are limited to to the Cother Broker's Name License No. By:	e Settlement Procedures Act and the reasonable value of services a Real Broker, LLC Listing Broker's Name	HUD Regulation X, any actually rendered. 9003138 License No.
The compensation is the fee for the services that Listing E provides to the company. As required by the Real Estate fees paid to a settlement services provider are limited to to the Cother Broker's Name License No. By:	e Settlement Procedures Act and the reasonable value of services a Real Broker, LLC Listing Broker's Name By: Ashly Kirkland	HUD Regulation X, any actually rendered. 9003138 License No. dottoop verified 05/19/23 8:17 AM CDT 9UZJ-CF9B-PWG1-HQBE
The compensation is the fee for the services that Listing E provides to the company. As required by the Real Estate fees paid to a settlement services provider are limited to to the Cother Broker's Name Discrete Cother Broker's Name License No.	e Settlement Procedures Act and the reasonable value of services at Real Broker, LLC Listing Broker's Name By: Ashly Kirkland Corey Gilchrist	HUD Regulation X, any actually rendered. 9003138 License No. dottoop verified 05/19/23 8:17 AM CDT 9UZJ-CF9B-PWG1-HQBE
The compensation is the fee for the services that Listing E provides to the company. As required by the Real Estate fees paid to a settlement services provider are limited to to the Cother Broker's Name Discrete Cother Broker's Name License No.	Real Broker, LLC Listing Broker's Name By: Ashly Kirkland Corey Gilchrist Seller	HUD Regulation X, any actually rendered. 9003138 License No. dottop verified 05/19/23 8:17 AM CDT 9UZJ-CF9B-PWG1-HQBE dottop verified 04/24/23 6:48 PM CDT 0060-TAER-ONPO-VAXN

78711-2188, (512) 936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov) RSC-3.



INFORMATION ABOUT PROPERTY INSURANCE FOR A BUYER OR SELLER

USE OF THIS FORM BY PERSONS WHO ARE NOT MEMBERS OF THE TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®, INC. IS NOT AUTHORIZED. ©Texas Association of REALTORS®, Inc. 2014

A. The availability and the affordability of property insurance may affect both the buyer and the seller.

Typically a buyer will seek to insure the property. Most mortgage lenders require that the property be insured in an amount not less than the loan amount. The failure to obtain property insurance at or before closing may delay the transaction or cause it to end, either of which can impose both inconvenience and cost to both the buyer and the seller.

B. There are a number of factors that affect the availability and affordability of insurance.

- (1) The level of coverage will significantly affect the cost of insurance. There are several levels of insurance coverage. For example:
 - (a) a policy may cover the replacement cost of the improvements and the replacement cost of many personal items in the property in the event of most casualties;
 - (b) a policy may cover only the cash value of the improvements and exclude many casualties; or
 - (c) a policy may cover casualties and costs between the two noted extremes under (a) and (b).
- (2) Coverage levels and prices vary from company to company. There are many insurance companies conducting business in Texas who offer a variety of insurance products at various prices.
 - (a) One insurance company may refuse to insure a particular property or person while another insurance company may elect to do so.
 - (b) One insurance company may charge a significantly lower premium than another insurance company for the same or similar coverage.
 - (c) Generally, each insurance company has specific guidelines by which it prices its insurance policies. The following are examples of criteria that an insurance company may use in evaluating an application for insurance. The criteria vary from company to company.
 - (1) Past claims filed against the property to be insured in the 5 years preceding the application.
 - (2) Past claims filed by the applicant to be insured in the 5 years preceding the application.
 - (3) The applicant's insurance credit score.
 - (4) The past relationship between the insurance company and the applicant.
 - (5) The physical characteristics of the property such as condition, age, location, or construction materials.

C. Most insurance companies participate in the Comprehensive Loss Underwriting Exchange (CLUE) and obtain a CLUE report to evaluate the claims history of the property and the applicant.

- (1) Most insurance companies contribute information about claims to an insurance industry database known as CLUE (a registered trademark of Equifax, Inc.). An insurance company obtains a CLUE report when evaluating an application for insurance.
- (2) A CLUE report contains information about the claims history of the property and of the applicant for insurance.
 - (a) The CLUE report contains only data and does not inform the buyer or seller whether insurance is or is not available or at what cost.
 - (b) Insurance companies use the CLUE report in different ways.
 - (c) It is best to speak with an insurance agent with respect to how the information in a particular CLUE report affects the affordability and availability of insurance.
- (3) While CLUE reports are generally accurate, there may be errors in the reports.

(TXR-2508) 2-1-14 Page 1 of 2

Information about Property Insurance for a Buyer or Seller

- (a) An event may be listed as a claim even though the insurance company did not pay any proceeds (for example, the cost of repair did not exceed the deductible or an inquiry may be incorrectly classified as a claim).
- (b) Federal law permits a person to challenge inaccurate information. One may contact the administrator of the CLUE report (Lexis-Nexis) to correct information in a CLUE report.
- (3) A property owner may, for a fee, obtain the CLUE report on his or her property through companies such as Lexis-Nexis (https://personalreports.lexisnexis.com, 1-866-312-9076), A-Plus (800-709-8842) or other companies, most of whose services are accessible via the Internet. An owner may also contact the Equifax Insurance Consumer Center at 800-456-6004.
- D. Promptly after entering into a contract to buy a property in Texas, the buyer should take the following steps to avoid delays in closing and to avoid additional costs.

If the buyer has the option to terminate the contract, the buyer should make sure that the buyer and the insurance agent have completed the following steps before the option expires.

- (1) Contact one or more insurance agents.
 - (a) The buyer should discuss the various levels of coverage with an insurance agent and ask questions that are necessary so the buyer understands the levels of available coverage.
 - (b) Insurance agents can provide applicants with written summaries of the various coverage levels.
 - (c) Basic summaries are available at the websites noted in Paragraph E.
- (2) **Submit an application** for insurance with the insurance agent of the buyer's choice.
 - (a) Applying for insurance promptly after entering into a contract to buy a property helps avoid surprises or delays in closing the transaction.
 - (b) Prompt application permits the buyer time to evaluate various coverage levels and prices.
 - (c) Delaying the application for insurance may limit opportunities to obtain the most suitable coverage and may limit opportunities to address any unforeseen problems or delays in obtaining coverage.
 - (d) In recent years, many transactions have been delayed or terminated because of problems associated with obtaining insurance.
- (3) Ask for written confirmation from the insurance agent that the insurance company:
 - (a) has received the application;
 - (b) has reviewed the applicant's CLUE report; and
 - (c) has conducted all necessary reviews to issue a policy at the particular price quoted (some insurance companies may ask for specific information or may wish to inspect the property).
- (4) Verify that the insurance coverage the buyer chooses is acceptable to the buyer's lender.
- E. If one is not able to obtain insurance at a reasonable price or more information is needed, contact the Texas Department of Insurance (www.helpinsure.com or www.tdi.state.tx.us).

Receipt acknowledged by:

Corey Gilchrist	dotloop verified 04/24/23 6:48 PM CDT WSGQ-CJRV-WSEV-ODTF	Kari Gilchrist	dotloop verified 04/24/23 8:40 PM CDT GYTM-0HTF-DN8M-9VBE
Signature		Signature	

(TXR-2508) 2-1-14 Page 2 of 2



INFORMATION ABOUT SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS

USE OF THIS FORM BY PERSONS WHO ARE NOT MEMBERS OF THE TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®, INC. IS NOT AUTHORIZED. ©Texas Association of REALTORS®, Inc., 2021

CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT 9242 Drewberry Street, Houston, TX 77080

A. FLOOD AREAS:

- (1) The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) designates areas that have a high risk of flooding as special flood hazard areas.
- (2) A property that is in a special flood hazard area is designated on flood insurance rate maps with a zone beginning in a "V" or "A". Both V-Zone and A-Zone areas indicate a high risk of flooding.
- (3) Some properties may also lie in the "floodway" which is the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge a flood under FEMA rules. Communities must regulate development in these floodways.

B. AVAILABILITY OF FLOOD INSURANCE:

- (1) Generally, flood insurance is available regardless of whether the property is located in or out of a special flood hazard area. Contact your insurance agent to determine if any limitations or restrictions apply to the property in which you are interested.
- (2) FEMA encourages every property owner to purchase flood insurance regardless of whether the property is in a high, moderate, or low risk flood area.
- (3) A homeowner may obtain flood insurance coverage (up to certain limits) through the National Flood Insurance Program. Supplemental coverage is available through private insurance carriers.
- (4) A mortgage lender making a federally related mortgage will require the borrower to maintain flood insurance if the property is in a special flood hazard area.

C. GROUND FLOOR REQUIREMENTS:

- (1) Many homes in special flood hazard areas are built-up or are elevated. In elevated homes the ground floor typically lies below the base flood elevation and the first floor is elevated on piers, columns, posts, or piles. The base flood elevation is the highest level at which a flood is likely to occur as shown on flood insurance rate maps.
- (2) Federal, state, county, and city regulations:
 - (a) restrict the use and construction of any ground floor enclosures in elevated homes that are in special flood hazard areas.
 - (b) may prohibit or restrict the remodeling, rebuilding, and redevelopment of property and improvements in the floodway.
- (3) The first floor of all homes must now be built above the base flood elevation.
 - (a) Older homes may have been built in compliance with applicable regulations at the time of construction and may have first floors that lie below the base flood elevation, but flood insurance rates for such homes may be significant.

(TXR 1414) 10-19-2021 Page 1 of 3

- (b) It is possible that modifications were made to a ground floor enclosure after a home was first built. The modifications may or may not comply with applicable regulations and may or may not affect flood insurance rates.
- (c) It is important for a buyer to determine if the first floor of a home is elevated at or above the base flood elevation. It is also important for a buyer to determine if the property lies in a floodway.
- (4) Ground floor enclosures that lie below the base flood elevation may be used only for: (i) parking; (ii) storage; and (iii) building access. Plumbing, mechanical, or electrical items in ground floor enclosures that lie below the base flood elevation may be prohibited or restricted and may not be eligible for flood insurance coverage. Additionally:
 - (a) in A-Zones, the ground floor enclosures below the base flood elevation must have flow-through vents or openings that permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters:
 - (b) in V-Zones, the ground floor enclosures must have break-away walls, screening, or lattice walls; and
 - (c) in floodways, the remodeling or reconstruction of any improvements may be prohibited or otherwise restricted.

D. COMPLIANCE:

- (1) The above-referenced property may or may not comply with regulations affecting ground floor enclosures below the base flood elevation.
- (2) A property owner's eligibility to purchase or maintain flood insurance, as well as the cost of the flood insurance, is dependent on whether the property complies with the regulations affecting ground floor enclosures.
- (3) A purchaser or property owner may be required to remove or modify a ground floor enclosure that is not in compliance with city or county building requirements or is not entitled to an exemption from such requirements.
- (4) A flood insurance policy maintained by the current property owner does not mean that the property is in compliance with the regulations affecting ground floor enclosures or that the buyer will be able to continue to maintain flood insurance at the same rate.
- (5) Insurance carriers calculate the cost of flood insurance using a rate that is based on the elevation of the lowest floor.
 - (a) If the ground floor lies below the base flood elevation and does not meet federal, state, county, and city requirements, the ground floor will be the lowest floor for the purpose of computing the rate.
 - (b) If the property is in compliance, the first elevated floor will be the lowest floor and the insurance rate will be significantly less than the rate for a property that is not in compliance.
 - (c) If the property lies in a V-Zone the flood insurance rate will be impacted if a ground floor enclosure below the base flood elevation exceeds 299 square feet (even if constructed with break-away walls).

(TXR 1414) 10-19-21 Page 2 of 3

E. ELEVATION CERTIFICATE:

The elevation certificate is an important tool in determining flood insurance rates. It is used to provide elevation information that is necessary to ensure compliance with floodplain management laws. To determine the proper insurance premium rate, insurers rely on an elevation certificate to certify building elevations at an acceptable level above flood map levels. If available in your area, it is recommended that you obtain an elevation certificate for the property as soon as possible to accurately determine future flood insurance rates.

You are encouraged to: (1) inspect the property for all purposes, including compliance with any ground floor enclosure requirement; (2) review the flood insurance policy (costs and coverage) with your insurance agent; and (3) contact the building permitting authority if you have any questions about building requirements or compliance issues.

Receipt acknowledged by:

Kari Gilchrist	dotloop verified 04/24/23 8:40 PM CDT TFA0-IAO2-PWQY-N1G0	Corey Gilchrist	dotloop verified 04/24/23 6:48 PM CDT Y2DE-SXGI-JE7Z-Q8SL
Signature	Date	Signature	Date

(TXR 1414) 10-19-2021 Page 3 of 3



INFORMATION REGARDING WINDSTORM AND HAIL INSURANCE FOR CERTAIN PROPERTIES

USE OF THIS FORM BY PERSONS WHO ARE NOT MEMBERS OF THE TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®, INC. IS NOT AUTHORIZED. ©Texas Association of REALTORS®, Inc. 2018

A. GENERAL NOTICE:

- (1) In some areas of the state, windstorm and hail insurance is not reasonably available to a substantial number of the owners of insurable property located in that area because of unusually frequent and severe damage resulting from windstorms and hailstorms.
- (2) A property located in such an area may be subject to additional requirements to obtain or continue windstorm and hail insurance coverage.
- (3) Coastal counties in which this could occur include: Aransas, Brazoria, Calhoun, Cameron, Chambers, Galveston, Jefferson, Kenedy, Kleberg, Matagorda, Nueces, Refugio, San Patricio, and Willacy; and second tier coastal counties: Bee, Brooks, Fort Bend, Goliad, Hardin, Harris, Hidalgo, Jackson, Jim Wells, Liberty, Live Oak, Orange, Victoria, and Wharton.
- **B. LENDER REQUIREMENTS:** Lenders who make loans on properties located in such an area typically require the owner to maintain windstorm and hail insurance. A buyer should contact their lender regarding specific insurance requirements for a property. The failure to obtain required insurance at or before closing may delay the transaction or result in termination of the contract, either of which can impose both inconvenience and cost to the buyer and seller.
- C. TEXAS WINDSTORM INSURANCE ASSOCIATION: If a buyer is unable to obtain windstorm and hail insurance through the private insurance market, the property may qualify for insurance coverage through the Texas Windstorm Insurance Association. A certificate of compliance issued by the Texas Department of Insurance or the Texas Windstorm Insurance Association may be required for buildings constructed, altered, remodeled, enlarged, repaired, or added to on or after January 1, 1988.
- D. RESOURCES: For more information, contact the Texas Department of Insurance or the Texas Windstorm Insurance Association. A map of current areas, designated by the Texas Department of Insurance, is available on their website: http://www.tdi.texas.gov/wind/maps/index.html.

The undersigned acknowledge receipt of this notice.

Corey Gilchrist	dotloop verified 04/24/23 6:48 PM CDT ICAV-06UU-0CZF-5960	Kari Gilchrist	dotloop verified 04/24/23 8:40 PM CDT UFON-SGWN-8R23-9SQG
Signature	Date	Signature	Date

(TXR 2518) 2-1-18 Page 1 of 1